## **Service Manual**

Flo-Gard® 6201
Volumetric Infusion Pump

**Product Code: 2M8063** 

## **Change Record Page**

Specification number: 7-19-01-688

Original issue: 11/92 Revision A: 06/95

Page	Revision
Cover	A
(Back of cover blank)	A
Title Page	A
Change Record Page	A
iii - viii	A
1-1 – 1-22	A
2-1-2-4	A
3-1-3-4	A
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(Backs 10-3 – 10-32 blank)	A
A-1 - A-2	A
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# **General Description**

#### 1.1 Introduction

This manual provides service information for the Flo-Gard® 6201 Single Channel Volumetric Infusion Pump (product code 2M8063) for qualified hospital biomedical engineers and service personnel. See the pump's Operator's Manual for detailed operating instructions.

#### 1.2 Features

The Flo-Gard® 6201 Single Channel Volumetric Infusion Pump is an electromechanical pump used for the intravenous infusion of liquids at user-selected rates. The pump contains a linear peristaltic pump head which is programmable and permits infusion of primary and secondary medication programs. The secondary program automatically switches over to the primary program when secondary infusion is complete (automatic piggybacking).

The pump operates on standard 115 VAC 60 Hz electrical power, or on its self-contained rechargeable battery. It is portable and has a panel lock-out feature to prevent patient tampering. It is designed for use with Baxter's standard administration sets which contain an "s" as the last character of the code number, for example, 2C5537s. When infusing solutions through a central line catheter, sets with a Luer lock adapter should be used. Sets with a Flashball® device are not recommended in these applications.

The primary rate of infusion is selectable from 1 to 1,999 mL in 1 mL/hr increments and 1.0 to 99.9 mL/hr in 0.1 mL/hr increments. The secondary rate is selectable from 1 to 999 mL in 1 mL/hr increments and 1.0 to 99.9 mL/hr in 0.1 mL/hr increments. The volume to be infused (VTBI) is also selectable from 1 to 9,999 mL in 1 mL increments and 1.0 to 99.9 mL in 0.1 mL increments.

The total volumes infused from primary and secondary programs are added together and accumulated and can be displayed on demand. The primary and secondary VTBIs are independently decremented and displayed. Upon completion of the primary VTBI, the pump automatically switches to a keep vein open (KVO) rate. If the pump is started on a secondary rate and VTBI, the pump will change to the primary rate when the secondary program is completed. The pump may be stopped at any time by pressing the STOP key unless the pump is in the lockout mode.

The Programmed Delivery Profile (PDP) enables manual programming or ramped calculation (available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later) of up to 10 sequential infusion programs for situations where multiple flow rates are indicated. See the appropriate Operator's Manual for additional information.

#### 1.2.1 Nurse Call

The Nurse Call feature is enabled by installing a jumper wire to the Terminal Printed Circuit Board at the location labeled R421 on the board. When the jumper is connected, the Nurse Call relay will be energized only during an alarm condition and when the ALARM LED is lit. The relay contact points (normally closed, normally open, and common) are accessible from the COMMUNICATIONS PORT on the rear of the pump (pins 1, 4, and 9, respectively). The Nurse Call feature may be used when the pump is connected to a computer, however, provisions must be made at the communications port to connect both options simultaneously. Specifications for the 9-pin D connector are listed under Technical Specifications.

## 1.3 Technical Specifications

Item	Characteristic
Catalog Code Number	2M8063
Description	Single channel linear peristaltic volumetric infusion pump
Administration Set	Baxter's standard administration set with "s" suffix
Keep Vein Open (KVO) rate	5 mL/hr or programmed rate, whichever is less
Battery	12 Volt, 2.0 Ah sealed lead acid
Battery Life	Approximately 6 hours with pump running at rates from 1 to 1400 mL/hr
Battery Recharge	8 hours for 80% recharge
AC Power Requirements	110/120V, 60 Hz
Power Cord	2.9 m (9.5 ft.) long, with Hospital Grade plug
Leakage Current	Typically less than 50 microamps (using UL-544 specified test methods)
Power Consumption	30 watts
Weight	5.3 kg (11.6 lbs)
Dimensions	20 cm W x 13 cm D x 29 cm H (7.9" W x 5.1" D x 11.4" H)
Flow Rate Range	Primary program: 1 - 1,999 mL/hr in 1 mL/hr increments and 1.0 - 99.9 mL/hr in 0.1 mL/hr increments. Upper limit can be reduced by authorized service personnel.  Secondary program: 1 - 999 mL/hr in 1 mL/hr increments and 1.0 - 99.9 mL/hr in 0.1 mL/hr increments.
VTBI Range	1 - 9,999 mL in 1 mL increments and 1.0 - 99.9 in 0.1 mL increments for both primary and secondary. Upper limit can be reduced by authorized service personnel.
Ramp PDP Parameter Ranges (available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later)	Total VTBI: 100 - 9,999 in 1 mL increments. Upper limit can be reduced by authorized service personnel.  Delay Time: 00:00 - 08:00 hours in minute increments.  Run Time: 01:00 - 16:00 hours in minute increments.  01:00 - 24:00 hours in minute increments (software versions 1.14 and later).  Ramp Up: 00:00 to 45% of the Run Time minus Ramp Up, in minutes.  Ramp Down: 00:00 to the Run Time minus Ramp Up, in minutes.

Item	Characteristic
Air-in-Line Detection	Factory set to NORM which causes the device to alarm on air bubbles approximately 75 $\mu$ L or larger. The MIN setting causes the device to alarm on bubbles approximately 50 $\mu$ L or larger.
Fuse	0.5 A Slo-Blo
Nurse Call	9-pin D connector, Pin 1: N/C, Pin 4: N/O, Pin 9: Common Contact rating: 0.4A at 30 VAC, 2A at 30 VDC resistive load (internal activation required).

### 1.4 Controls and Indicators

All controls and indicators are shown in Figures 1-1, 1-2, and 1-3. Service personnel should be familiar with the pump's features and operation before servicing the pump.

The pump's serial number is recorded on a label on the back of the pump.

ITEM	FUNCTION
1. Message Display	Shows all messages.
2. BACKLIGHT key	Provides backlighting of the displays when the pump is used in darkened areas. The key toggles the backlighting on and off. If the pump is operating on battery power, the backlight remains on for 60 seconds and turns off automatically to conserve battery power.
3. SILENCE Key	Temporarily silences an audible alarm or alert for two minutes. All visual alarm or alert information remains displayed.
4. NEXT Legend	When the NEXT legend is lit, the TOT VOL/STATUS key functions as a scrolling key to advance to the next step of a programmed delivery profile (PDP) or configuration option. See Section 1.5.

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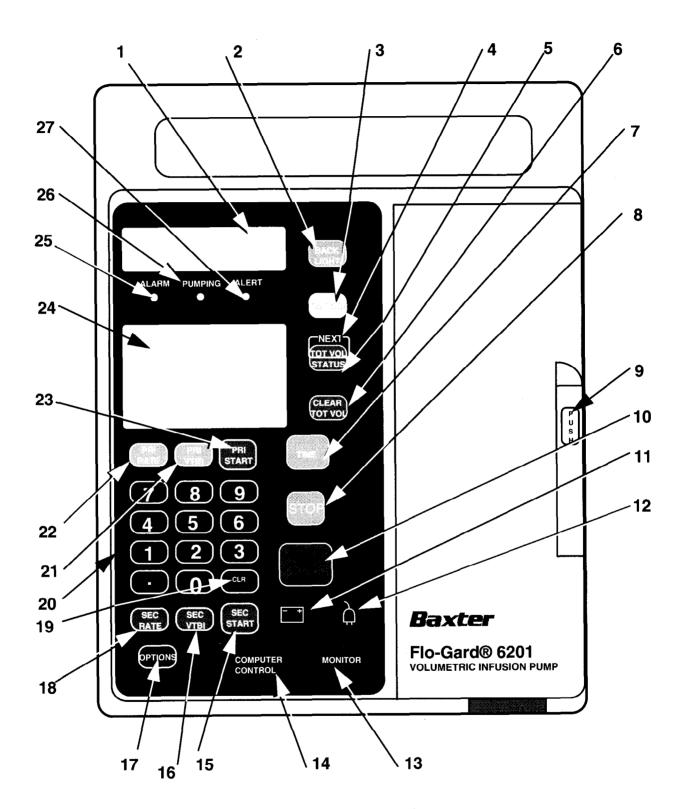


Figure 1-1. Front View of Pump

5. TOT VOL/STATUS Key	Dual-function key. During operation, this key causes total volume delivered and current settings to display when pressed. It is also used to select a next step in Review Configuration, Modify Configuration and Programmed Delivery Profile modes. The word "NEXT" above the key is illuminated when the key is functioning as a NEXT key.
6. CLEAR TOT VOL Key	Resets the total volume delivered to zero when the pump is stopped.
7. TIME Key	Enters desired time interval for an infusion during Volume- Time or Rate-Time programming.
8. STOP Key	Stops the pump. The <b>STOPPED</b> message appears when the key is pressed. An alert will sound if pump is stopped for more than two minutes. Clears all programming alerts while pump is running.
9. Door Latch	Opens and closes pump door.
10. ON-OFF/CHARGE Key	Turns the pump on and off. The internal battery charger remains on regardless of the ON-OFF/CHARGE key as long as the pump is plugged in.
11. Battery Icon	Yellow LED, always lit while the pump is operating on battery power.
12. Plug Icon	Green LED, always lit while the pump is plugged in and the battery is charging.
13. MONITOR Legend	Lights for at least 2 seconds each time the host computer communicates with the pump when the pump is in monitor mode.
14. COMPUTER CONTROL Legend	Flashes when the pump is initiating communications with a host computer to enter the computer control mode. It is constantly illuminated when the pump is in computer control mode.
15. SEC START Key	Starts the delivery of the secondary solution.
16. SEC VTBI Key	Allows programming of the secondary VTBI.

17. OPTIONS Key/Legend	Allows the pump to operate in special modes, if enabled. The OPTIONS legend lights when the key is enabled.
18. SEC RATE Key	Allows programming of the secondary infusion rate.
19. CLR Key	Clears any locked in values and programming values currently being entered.
20. Numerical Keypad	The numerical values for rate, VTBI, and time are entered with these keys.
21. PRI VTBI Key	Allows programming of the primary VTBI.
22. PRI RATE Key	Allows programming of the primary infusion rate.
23. PRI START Key	Starts the primary infusion.
24. Main Display	Shows rate, volume to be infused (VTBI), and total volume infused for primary and secondary infusion programs.
25. ALARM LED	Red LED that blinks on and off during an alarm, accompanied by a visual message display and a repeated sequence of three beeps. An alarm indicates that the pump requires immediate attention.
26. PUMPING LED	Green LED which is constantly lit while pump is running.
27. ALERT LED	Yellow LED which lights during alerts, accompanied by a message display and a repeated single beep. An alert indicates that the pump needs timely attention.

See Figure 1-2 for the location of the following items.

1. Upstream Occlusion Sensor Detects a complete tubing restriction upstream of the pump.

2. Pump Mechanism Linear peristaltic pump mechanism.

3. Tube Misloading Sensor Detects misloaded tubing out of the channel guide slots.

4. Downstream Occlusion Sensor Detects a complete tubing restriction downstream of the

pump.

5. Air Sensor Detects air bubbles in the IV set.

6. Safety Clamp Prevents accidental fluid flow when the IV set is properly

loaded and the pump door is opened.

7. Slide Clamp Feature Provides an additional means of preventing accidental

gravity fluid flow by occluding the tubing in the administration set with the slide clamp before the set can be removed from the pump. The use of this feature is optional; when used, the slide clamp must be loaded in the slide clamp slot. The feature is selectable through the pump's configuration options. If alert mode is enabled, the pump will operate without the slide clamp inserted and the *IN-SERT SLIDECLAMP* message is displayed. An alert tone will sound to notify the user that the slide clamp should be inserted. If the alarm mode is enabled (software versions 1.09 or later), the pump will NOT start and an alarm tone

will sound if the slide clamp is not loaded.

8. Spring Retainer Insert The pump is shipped from the factory with this plastic in-

sert in the slide clamp slot. It prevents damage to the mechanism during shipment and maintains the proper spring tension. If your hospital does not plan on using the slide clamp feature, Baxter recommends that this plastic in-

sert remain in place during use. See Section 6.3.15.

9. Channel Guide Ridges Function as a guide to keep the tubing properly aligned

over the pumping fingers.

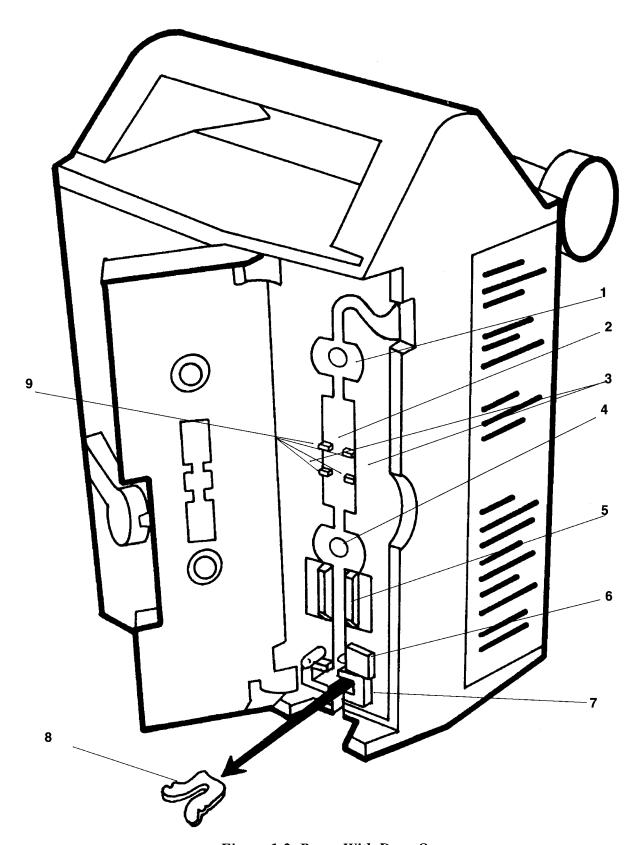


Figure 1-2. Pump With Door Open

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The following items are located on the rear of the pump and are shown in Figure 1-3.

1. IV Pole Clamp

Secures the pump to the IV pole.

2. Power Cord Strap

Stores power cord during battery operation and pump stor-

age.

3. Audio Speakers

For generation of audible alarm and alert tones.

4. Battery Compartment

Allows authorized service personnel easy access to the bat-

tery, EPROMS, and battery fuse.

5. VOLUME Knob

Adjusts loudness of audible alarm and alert tones. The

audible alarm cannot be turned completely off.

6. PANEL LOCK Switch

Disables all front panel keys, except BACKLIGHT and

TOT VOL/STATUS, while the pump is running without

alerts.

7. Power Cord

Removable only by authorized service personnel.

8. Fuse Compartment

The power cord cover must be removed to access the fuses.

9. COMMUNICATIONS PORT

The communications port contains wiring for a nurse call jack as well as RS-232 serial communications. See the Technical Specifications listed previously in this section.

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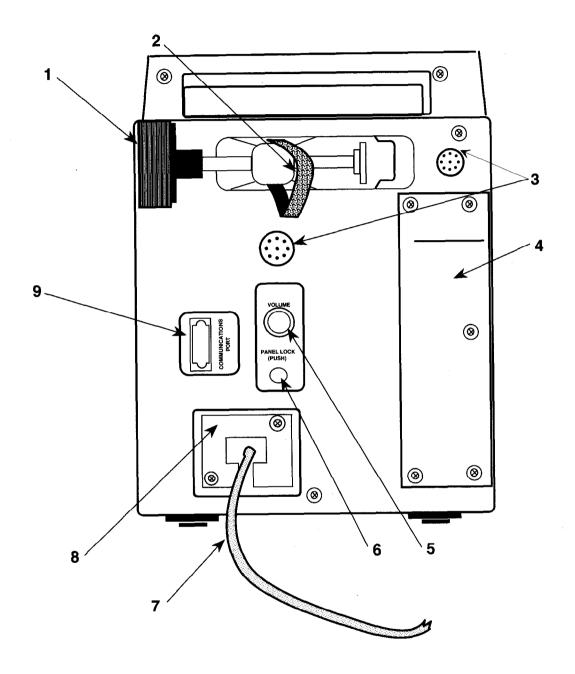


Figure 1-3. Rear View of Pump

#### 1.5 Configuration Option Feature

This section describes the configuration option feature of the pump, which allows qualified personnel to inspect and/or modify certain pump operating parameters to suit customer requirements.

These parameters and their setting options are shown in Table 1-1. The factory settings made at the time of manufacture are also shown in the table.

Note:

Although the configuration option data is stored in battery backed-up RAM, it may be lost if the main battery connector (CN302) is disconnected from the CPU board without turning off the device. The configuration option data is also lost if the lithium backup battery connector (CN304) is disconnected while the main battery is disconnected. Therefore, we advise that the configuration options be recorded before beginning repair procedures and reset when repairs are complete.

#### 1.5.1 Reviewing the Configuration Option Settings

To review the configuration option settings, the pump must be powered on and stopped. Press TIME and TOT VOL/STATUS simultaneously for one second. The message **REVIEW CONFIG** will be displayed in the Message Display. The option description will be displayed in the first line of the Message Display when the NEXT or SEC START key is pressed, beginning with **OC-CLUSION**. The current setting will be displayed on the second line.

To view the next setting, press the NEXT or SEC START key. Each press of the NEXT or SEC START key will cause the pump to advance to the next setting, in the order shown in Table 1-1, starting with Occlusion Alarm Level. To exit the inspection mode, press the STOP key or press TIME and TOT VOL/STATUS simultaneously.

### 1.5.2 Modifying the Configuration Option Settings

- 1. Turn off the pump.
- 2. While pressing the STOP key and PANEL LOCK switch, press the ON-OFF/CHARGE key. The following will occur:
  - a. The *MODIFY CONFIG* message appears in the Message Display.

Note:

If the message *LOCKED OUT* is displayed, the configuration option settings can be changed only via computer control. See the Programmer's Manual for additional information.

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- b. The parameter descriptor appears in the first line of the Message Display when the NEXT or SEC START key is pressed.
- c. The current parameter setting appears in the second line of the Message Display.
- d. The programming display is blank.
- 3. Press the NEXT or SEC START key to advance to the desired parameter. The parameters appear in the order shown in Table 1-1.
- 4. To change the settings, enter the desired value on the front panel. The selected numeric value will be displayed in the Primary Rate display until the value is locked in by the PRI START key, or the next parameter is displayed by pressing the NEXT or SEC START key.

Note: The alarm log for the pump can be cleared via the configuration option. See Table 1-1.

- 5. To lock in the selected value, press the PRI START key. The selected value will then be displayed in the Message Display. To move on to the next parameter, press the NEXT key or SEC START key.
- 6. To exit, press the ON-OFF/CHARGE key.

Table 1-1. Configurable Settings				
Parameter Description	Setting Options	Factory Settings		
Alarm Log     Clear alarm/failure codes of the pump. Select 1 to clear the pump's alarm log.	N/A	N/A		
2. Occlusion Alarm Level The increase in pressure required to trigger a downstream occlusion alarm.	1: LEVEL 1 (approx. 7 psi) 2: LEVEL 2 (approx. 12 psi) 3: LEVEL 3 (approx. 17 psi)	LEVEL 1		
3. Audible Switchover Determines whether or not an audible alert tone will be generated when the pump switches from the secondary program to the primary program.	1: OFF 2: ON	OFF		

Table 1-1. Configurable Settings				
Parameter Description	Setting Options	Factory Settings		
4. Number of Automatic Restarts  Determines whether or not the pump will automatically restart after a downstream occlusion, and if so, how many restarts can occur before the pump will remain in alarm. If this parameter is set to anything other than 0, it is enabled. The selected number corresponds to the number of automatic restarts. If set to 0, the feature is disabled.	0 - 9	3		
5. Door Open Required  Determines if the pump door must be opened after a downstream occlusion alarm. If the door is not opened and the pump is started within two minutes of the alarm, the pump uses the pressure at which the alarm occurred as the baseline for the next alarm. You may wish to set this option to force the user to open the pump door. This action resets the baseline and encourages the user to relieve the downstream pressure, thereby lowering the alarm threshold.  Example: Suppose the initial pressure is approximately 1 psi and the occlusion alarm is set to LEVEL 1 or approximately 7 psi. The first alarm will occur at approximately 1+7 or 8 psi. This value represents the baseline pressure that will be used to calculate the next alarm unless the door is opened, the downstream pressure is relieved, and a new baseline is set.	1: OFF 2: ON	OFF		
6. Air Bubble Alarm Size Determines the air bubble size which will cause an AIR alarm.	1: MIN (average 50 μL) 2: NORM (average 75 μL)	NORM		
7. Alarm Off Interval Selected setting is equivalent to the number of seconds between each occurrence of the three-beep alarm tone.	1 - 7	1		
8. Alert Off Interval Selected setting is equivalent to the number of seconds between each occurrence of the one-beep alert tone.	1 - 7	7		

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Table 1-1. Conf	igurable Settings		
Parameter Description	Setting Options	Factory Settings	
9. Maximum Rate of Infusion Sets the maximum programmable primary infusion rate of both pumps. When the maximum primary rate is 999 or higher, the maximum secondary rate is 999. At values below 999, the maximum secondary rate matches the value of the maximum primary rate.	1 - 1999 mL/hr	1999 mL/hr	
<b>10. Maximum VTBI</b> The maximum volume that the pump can be programmed to infuse.	1 - 9999 mL	9999 mL	
11. Flow Check Determines whether the flow check display will appear during pump operation, or only when the decimal point key and TOT VOL/STATUS keys are pressed simultaneously.	1: OFF 2: ON	OFF	
12. Baud Rate Determines the baud rate for normal communications between the pump and a computer. The baud rate is 9600 when the pump is in modify configuration mode.	1: 300 2: 1200 3: 2400 4: 4800 5: 9600	9600	
13. Computer Control  Determines the type of computer control option available at power up.	1: Disabled 2: Off with Alarm The pump will drop out of remote control when an alarm occurs. 3: On with Alarm The pump will remain in remote control when an alarm occurs. See the Programmer's Manual for additional information.	Disabled	
14. Hospital Area Designator Determines the hospital area designator to be displayed upon power ON for 3 seconds. These messages can be redefined using the computer communications feature.	0: no message 1: NICU 2: PICU 3: MED/SURGICAL 4: TRAUMA/BURN UNIT 5: OPER ROOM 6: CARDIAC/ICU 7: SURGICAL/ICU 8: ICU 9: ONCOLOGY	0	

Table 1-1. Confi	igurable Settings		
Parameter Description	Setting Options	Factory Settings	
15. Close Clamp Determines whether or not the CLOSE CLAMP message appears with the DOOR OPEN message.	1: OFF 2: ON	ON	
16. Insert Clamp Determines whether or not the slide clamp loading feature is enabled. The spring retainer must be removed when this feature is enabled. See Sections 6.3.15 and 6.3.16. Note: The alert or alarm option is available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later.	1: OFF (The spring retainer should be installed.) 2: ON for software versions earlier than 1.09 or ALERT for software versions 1.09 or later (An audible alert occurs and the message <i>INSERT SLIDECLAMP</i> is displayed. The pump continues pumping. 3: ALARM (An audible alarm occurs and the message <i>INSERT SLIDECLAMP</i> is displayed. The pump will not operate.)	OFF	
17. Programmed Delivery Profile Determines the memory to store the programmed delivery profile. Note: Ramp PDP option is available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later.	1: Disabled 2: 5 hour memory 3: Semi-permanent memory 4: Permanent memory 5: Ramp PDP (Profile is saved in permanent memory. If a new PDP is entered, the pump will revert to the PDP in permanent memory once the cycle has been completed.)	Disabled	
18. Time Setting Set the real time clock in hours and minutes. (military time 00:00 - 23:59)		Central Standard Time-CS	
19. Date Setting Set the date using the Month/Day/Year format.		Current date-CST	

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#### 1.6 Alarms

The pump has a number of built-in safety features. Should a situation occur which requires operator attention or intervention, the pump stops infusing and sounds an audible alarm. The following are brief descriptions of these alarms.

**AIR** An ultrasonic sensor in the pump head detects air in the administration set. Detection of an air bubble stops the infusion and illuminates the red ALARM LED. **AIR** is displayed in the Message Display and the audible alarm is activated.

**OCCLUSION** The downstream occlusion sensor senses an increase in back-pressure between the patient and the pump, indicating an occlusion or closed clamp. When an occlusion is sensed, the pump stops, **OCCLUSION** is displayed in the Message Display, the red ALARM LED is illuminated and the audible alarm is activated.

**UPSTREAM OCCLUSION** The upstream occlusion sensor senses a closed clamp or complete blockage upstream of the pump. When sensed, the pump stops, **UPSTREAM OCCLUSION** is displayed in the Message Display, the red ALARM LED is illuminated, and the audible alarm is activated.

**BATTERY LOW** When approximately 15 minutes of running time remain during battery operation, **BATTERY LOW** is displayed in the Message Display, the yellow ALERT LED is illuminated, and the audible alert is activated. After approximately 15 minutes, the pump stops, **BATTERY LOW** is displayed on the Message Display, the red ALARM LED is illuminated, and the audible alarm is activated.

Table 1-2 lists the alarms and the possible causes of each. In all cases, fluid infusion is halted. See Section 5 for an explanation of how to troubleshoot the pump.

Table 1-2. Alarm Messages			
Alarm Message Possible Cause			
AIR	<ul><li>a. Air bubble at sensor.</li><li>b. Empty fluid container.</li><li>c. Improper set loading.</li><li>d. A START key was pressed with no set in pump.</li></ul>		
OCCLUSION	<ul> <li>a. Closed distal clamp, stopcock, clogged filter, kinked tubing or other blockage downstream of the pump.</li> <li>b. Ambient and/or solution temperature is too low.</li> </ul>		
UPSTREAM OCCLUSION	<ul><li>a. Closed clamp or other blockage upstream of the pump.</li><li>b. Pinched or kinked tube loaded in the pump.</li><li>c. Improper set loading.</li></ul>		
DOOR OPEN	Door must be fully closed with tubing properly loaded for the pump to operate. The door latch must be pushed down completely.		

Table 1-2. Alarm Messages				
Alarm Message	Possible Cause			
FAILURE with code number	Turn the pump off and back on to reset. If <b>FAILURE</b> does not clear, the microprocessor has detected a pump malfunction. After recording the code number, remove the pump from use and have it serviced. See Section 5 for more detailed service instructions.			
<b>BATTERY LOW</b> with rapid three-beep alarm tone	Battery power has been exhausted. Plug pump into AC outlet immediately to restore operation.			
CHECK SET/LOADING	The tubing is pinched between the pump head door and base plate. Load set properly in the IV set loading path.			
COM TIMEOUT	There has been no communication between the device and the computer for the specified time period. Check for a disconnected cable or computer problem. To clear this alarm, press the <b>OPTIONS</b> key to return the device to computer control, or press <b>SILENCE</b> to use the pump without the computer.			
EXT COMM ERROR	The controlling computer is sending multiple queries or commands to the device without waiting for the device's replies. The condition has been caused by the computer, not the device. To clear the alarm, press the <b>OPTIONS</b> key to return the device to computer control, or press <b>SILENCE</b> to control the pump manually. Notify the technical personnel responsible for the computer. If the alarm recurs, disconnect the cable from the communications port. Reprogram the pump(s) for manual operation.			
INSERT SLIDECLAMP Note: This alarm option is available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later.	The slide clamp loading option is enabled and the slide clamp is not loaded in the slide clamp slot. To clear this alarm, open the pump door and insert the slide clamp into the slot. Close the door.			

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### 1.7 Alerts

Alert messages call attention to a condition which will require operator intervention in the near future, or indicate that a procedure has been initiated which requires that the operator complete a sequence of keystrokes. These alerts are generally cleared by the operator taking the appropriate action.

Table 1-3 lists the various alerts and possible causes.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Table 1-3. Alert Messages				
Alert Message	LED	Flow Status	Key Pressed	Alert Condition	
STOPPED	Yellow	No flow	None	The pump has been left in the STOPPED mode for more than two minutes.	
KVO PRI VTBI = 0	Green, Yellow	KVO rate	None	Primary VTBI has been delivered and the pump has switched to 5 mL/hr KVO rate (or programmed rate, whichever is lower).	
NEW RATE	Green, Yellow	No change until procedure is completed	PRI or SEC RATE	Primary or Secondary flow rate is being changed while pump is running. Pump will not exit this alert condition until the appropriate <b>START</b> key is pressed.	
PRI RATE = 0	Yellow	No flow	PRI or SEC START	The pump cannot be started without entering a primary flow rate.	
BATTERY LOW with audible alert	Green, Yellow	No change	None	Battery needs recharging. The pump will stop operating in approximately fifteen minutes or longer unless it is plugged into an AC source.	
SEC PROGRAM	Green, Yellow	No change	SEC RATE or SEC VTBI	Secondary (piggyback) information is being programmed into the pump while it is running in primary mode. Pump will not exit this alert condition until <b>SEC START</b> is pressed.	
SEC RATE = 0	Yellow	No flow	SEC START	A secondary (piggyback) infusion cannot be started unless a secondary flow rate is input.	
SEC VTBI = 0	Yellow	No flow	SEC START	A secondary (piggyback) infusion cannot be started unless a secondary volume to be infused has been input.	
SEC COMPLETE	Yellow	No change	None	The pump has completed infusing the secondary VTBI and has switched over to the primary infusion settings. Pump will not exit this alert condition until any enabled key is pressed.	

	Table 1-3. Alert Messages				
Alert Message	LED	Flow Status	Key Pressed	Alert Condition	
FLOW RATE	Yellow	No flow	PRI or SEC START	Enter a rate within the range selected through the configuration option. The pump cannot be started when <i>Hi</i> or <i>Lo</i> is displayed in a rate display.	
CHECK VTBI	Yellow	No flow	PRI or SEC START	Enter a VTBI within the range selected through the configuration option. The pump cannot be started when <i>Hi</i> is displayed in a VTBI display.	
INSERT SLIDECLAMP	Yellow	No flow or flow if started	Closed door, PRI or SEC START	Slide clamp is not loaded into the slide clamp slot although the set is loaded into the pump.	
COMM TIME OUT	Yellow	No change or no flow	None	Communication timeout period has elapsed. No communication has occurred between the pump and the host computer during the power-up default time period (60 seconds) or during the time period most recently specified by the host computer (1-300 seconds). The computer and the pump must maintain periodic and successful communication in order to avoid this timeout alert. See the Programmer's Manual for further information.	
PGM DELIV ENTER PGM	Yellow	No flow	PRI or SEC START	An attempt was made to start the PDP before a program was entered. Enter a program or press <b>OPTIONS</b> to leave the PDP mode.	
PGM DELIV REVIEW PGM	Yellow	No flow	PRI or SEC START	An attempt was made to start a PDP profile prior to reviewing all the programmed steps. Press <b>NEXT</b> until the first step is again displayed or press <b>OPTIONS</b> to leave the PDP mode.	
PGM DELIV CLEAR ALL?	Yellow	No flow	CLR	The CLR key was pressed after entering the PDP mode to clear all steps. Do one of the following: press CLR to erase the profile; press NEXT to review the rest of the profile; press PRI RATE or PRI VTBI to modify this step; press OPTIONS to leave the PDP mode.	

	Table 1-3. Alert Messages				
Alert Message	LED	Flow Status	Key Pressed	Alert Condition	
RAMP PDP ENTER DATA Note: Alert messages or Ramp PDP can only ap- pear on pumps run- ning soft- ware ver- sions 1.09 or later.	Yellow	No flow	None	The pump is waiting for Ramp PDP data to be entered. Either enter the data (as described in the Operator's manual, or press the <b>OPTIONS</b> key to leave the PDP mode.	
RAMP PDP RATES HIGH Note: Alert messages or Ramp PDP can only appear on pumps running soft- ware versions 1.09 or later.	Yellow	No flow	None	The Programmed Ramp PDP parameters have resulted in a calculated flow rate that exceeds the pump's capabilities. To correct this alert condition, either reduce the volume for total VTBI or increase the Run Time.	
RESUME PDP Ramp Profile Phase Note: Alert messages or Ramp PDP can only appear on pumps running soft- ware versions 1.09 or later.	Yellow	No flow	PRI START or STOP	The pump is asking if it should resume the Ramp PDP where it was interrupted. Do one of the following:  Press PRI START to start Fluid delivery or press STOP to cancel the alert.	

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# **Hospital Service Procedures**

This section contains a table describing preventive maintenance which should be performed on the Flo-Gard® 6201 Single Channel Volumetric Infusion Pump. The maintenance procedures outlined in this section may be performed in the hospital. If an abnormal condition occurs which is not correctable by performing the following procedures, remove the pump from service and troubleshoot it in accordance with Section 5, or return it to Product Service for repair.

### 2.1 Replacement Of Main Power Fuse

- 1. Plug the pump into an AC power outlet.
- 2. Check if the Plug Icon is illuminated.
- 3. If it is not, replace the fuse. Remove the power plug from the AC power outlet.
- 4. Remove the power cord cover on the back of the pump and unscrew the fuse caps with a small screwdriver.
- 5. Remove the fuses and check them for electrical continuity with an ohmmeter.
- 6. If necessary, replace with a new fuse of the same value, type and voltage.
- 7. Replace and tighten the fuse caps with a screwdriver. Over tightening the fuse caps may cause the fuse holders to break.
- 8. Replace the power cord cover.
- 9. Perform the Electrical Safety Test to verify proper grounding impedance. See Section 7.3.13.

#### 2.2 Cleaning

The pump should be cleaned as soon as possible after each use to minimize the accumulation and hardening of spilled solutions. The case and front panel may be cleaned with a soft cloth or cotton swabs dampened with a properly diluted cleaning agent listed in Table 2-1.

Be sure to follow the manufacturer's dilution instructions for concentrated cleaners where applicable. Do not spray cleaning agents directly onto the inside of the pump door, the pump mechanism, and the front panel film. If these areas require cleaning, wipe carefully with a soft cloth, sparingly dampened with a cleaning agent listed in Table 2-1. If solution spillage onto the pumping mechanism or front panel occurs, it should be cleaned immediately. If necessary, contact Product Service at 1-(800)-THE-PUMP.

Table 2-1. Cleaning Solutions				
CLEANER MANUFACTURER				
LpH, Septisol	Vestal Labs, Inc.			
Cidex 7	Surgikos Inc.			
Super Edisonite	Edison Chemical Co.			
Bafix	Hysan Corp.			
Tor	Huntington Labs.			
-Tor Plus Huntington Labs.				
10% bleach and water				
Soapy water				
Isopropyl alcohol (up to 95%)				

**Caution:** 

Attempts to clean or disinfect internal parts, autoclaving or sterilization by ethylene oxide gas will damage the pump and void the war-

ranty.

**Caution:** 

The following chemicals may damage the plastic front panel and tube misloading sensors: Acetoldehyde, Acetone, Ammonia, Benzene, Hydroxytoluene, Methylene Chloride, n-Alkyl Dimethyl Ethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride, and Ozone.

For a pump that has been in an Isolation Area, select those agents from Table 2-1 that both clean and disinfect. Only external parts of the pump should be disinfected. The following are procedures for cleaning accessible areas of the pump. **Do not use hard instruments for cleaning.** 

1. Lift the door latch to the open position. Open the door and press the safety clamp latch until it locks in the open position.

- 2. Using a cotton swab dampened with one of the agents listed in Table 2-1, clean all tubing guides and tubing channels from the top of the pump to the exit point below the safety clamp. Clean all surfaces in the pump head which may contact the tubing.
- 3. Clean all surfaces of the air sensor located just above the safety clamp. This area must be completely dry and free of foreign matter prior to reuse.

### 2.3 Battery Charging

The battery is recharged whenever the pump is plugged in regardless of whether the pump is on or off. However, for optimal charging, turn the pump off. The Plug Icon is illuminated whenever the battery is charging. The battery must be stored in a charged condition and should be recharged at least once a month. To charge the battery, simply plug the pump into a 115 VAC outlet.

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## 2.4 Preventive Maintenance

Table 2-2 lists preventive maintenance for the pump, which should be performed at the intervals shown.

<b>Table 2-2. Preventive Maintenance Procedures</b>				
CHECK	ACTION			
Schedule: As required, but recommended after every use.				
Pump mechanism	Clean with an agent listed in Table 2-1.			
Case	Clean with an agent listed in Table 2-1.			
Rear Panel	Clean with an agent listed in Table 2-1.			
Connector	Replace the connector if its shell is damaged.			
(comm port)	Check that plastic cover is in place.			
Loose or missing hardware	Replace in accordance with Section 6.			
Main Battery	Recharge by plugging into a 115 VAC outlet for at least 8 hours. Check that the Plug Icon is illuminated during this time.			
Schedule: Every 12 r	months or as required			
Back plate and safety clamp	If the safety clamp or back plate does not operate smoothly, clean or replace in accordance with Section 6.3.14 or 6.3.17.			
Pole clamp	If operation is not smooth, apply one drop of high grade general purpose machine oil to the screw threads.			
Power cord	Replace power cord if the pins are bent or the insulation is damaged.			
Preventive maintenance tests	Perform the appropriate tests as detailed in Section 7.3 Operational Checkout.			

## **Section 3**

## **Problem Checklist**

Table 3-1 is a list of problems, checks and corrections to aid in the diagnosis of possible pump malfunctions. Corrections contained in the table can be performed without opening the pump housing. Review this list whenever a condition exists that does not appear to be normal. Perform the specified checks and corrections. If the problem cannot be corrected, remove the pump from service. Troubleshoot it in accordance with Section 5 and repair it in accordance with Section 6.

Table 3-1. Problem Checklist					
PROBLEM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION			
The plug icon is not lit when the pump is plugged in,	Check the tightness of the power plug into the AC outlet.	Press the power plug firmly into the grounded AC outlet.			
or the battery icon is lit when	Check the rear power fuses under the power cord cap.	Replace the fuse(s) if it has failed and recharge the battery.			
the pump is plugged in.	Check the AC outlet for proper voltage.	If the voltage is below 105 VAC, connect the pump to the correct supply voltage.			
	Check the line cord for continuity.	Connect the power terminals of the power plug to an ohmmeter. The ohmmeter should indicate continuity.			
The pump fails to run on the internal battery (No LCD displays appear).	After recharging the battery for 24 hours with the pump turned off, check the battery charging voltage, MB, per Section 5.3.1.	If the battery charge voltage is normal and the problem still persists, replace the battery. See Section 6.3.18.			
The pump stops with <i>BAT- TERY LOW</i> alarm.	No check required.	Recharge the battery.			

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Table 3-1. Problem Checklist		
PROBLEM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
The pump door will not open or close smoothly.	Check the positioning and seating of the administration set tubing and the slide clamp.	Position the tubing and the slide clamp properly and make certain they are seated in the guides.
	Check the administration set for type and code.	Replace with a Baxter's "s" suffix administration set if required.
	Check for solution spills (liquids or residues).	Clean all accessible areas with cotton swabs dampened with one of the cleaners listed in Section 2. Remove fibers or foreign particles. Do not use hard instruments for cleaning
	Check that the door latch roller pin turns smoothly.	Clean the roller with an approved cleaner.
	Check for possible damage to the door latch, latch pin roller, or door hinge.	See Section 6.3.5 for instructions on replacing the door latch and Section 6.3.7 for replacing the latch pin. Replace door as described in Section 6.3.6.
The audible alarm volume is not loud enough.		Turn the <b>VOLUME</b> knob on the rear of the pump clockwise untithe desired volume is obtained.
The interval between audible alarm tones is too long.		Change the interval for alert and/or alarm tones to the desired value through the configuration option.
The backlight is off when the pump is running on internal battery power.		Press the <b>BACKLIGHT</b> key as long as required to view the pump settings.
A <b>RATE, VTBI</b> , or <b>START</b> key is not accepted by the pump	Check if the front panel is locked ( <i>Loc</i> appears in Main Display).	Press the <b>PANEL LOCK</b> switch to remove the panel lock.
<b>Hi</b> or <b>Lo</b> is displayed during Volume-Time programming.	Calculate the rate and verify that it is within the allowable range set by the configuration option.	Enter a rate within the range set by the configuration option or change the maximum rate setting in the configuration option if appropriate.
A <i>FLOW RATE</i> or <i>CHECK VTBI</i> alarm occurs when a  START key is pressed.	Check that the rate or VTBI are within the limits set by the configuration option.	Change the maximum rate and/or maximum VTBI setting through the configuration option

	Table 3-1. Problem Checkl	list
PROBLEM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
An <b>AIR</b> alarm occurs with no air in the tubing or with the	Check the positioning and seating of the tubing.	Position the tubing fully into the air sensor.
pump door closed and the START key pressed.	Check the tubing for surface scratches and for tube roundness.	Replace or reposition the tubing if surface scratches are significant or if the tubing has become flattened or oval in shape.
	Check the administration set for type and code.	Replace with Baxter's "s" suffix administration set.
	Check for solution spills (liquids or residues).	Clean the sensor with cotton swabs dampened with one of the agents listed in Table 2-1. Remove fibers or foreign particles. <b>Do not use hard</b> <b>instruments for cleaning</b> .
An OCCLUSION alarm or an UPSTREAM OCCLUSION alarm occurs with the pump door closed and the START key pressed.	Check the positioning and seating of the tubing.	Position the tubing properly into the sensor and safety clamp. Correct any pinched or kinked tubing in the pump.
	Check that there are no obstructions upstream or downstream of the pump.	Remove obstructions and/or open the roller clamp.
	Check the administration set for type and code.	Replace with Baxter's "s" suffix administration set if required.
	Check that ambient and solution temperatures are above 60° F.	Raise ambient and/or solution temperatures.
	Check for solution spills (liquids or residues) on the inside of the door and/or on the baseplate.	Clean all accessible areas with cotton swabs dampened with one of the cleaning agents listed in Table 2-1. Remove fibers or foreign particles. Do not use hard instruments for cleaning
An <b>INSERT SLIDECLAMP</b> alert or alarm occurs when	Check that the slide clamp is in the slide clamp slot.	Push the slide clamp all the way into the slide clamp slot.
the pump door is closed.  Note: The alarm option is available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later.	Check for solution spills (liquids or residues) on the slide clamp or safety/slide clamp assembly.	Clean the safety/slide clamp assembly.
	Check if the administration set is equipped with the slide clamp designed for use with this pump. See the instructions accompanying the administration set.	If not, use an administration set which has the proper slide clamp for use with the pump. Insert the slide clamp into the slide clamp slot before closing the pump door.

Table 3-1. Problem Checklist			
PROBLEM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
The safety clamp will not latch open.	Check the positioning and seating of the slide clamp in the slide clamp slot.	Push the slide clamp all the way into the slide clamp slot.	
	Check if the administration set is equipped with the slide clamp designed for use with this pump. See the instructions accompanying the administration set.	If not, use an administration set which has the compatible slide clamp. Insert the slide clamp into the slide clamp slot before closing the pump door.	
	Make sure the safety clamp arm cover is in the full open position.	Exercise the safety clamp by opening and closing it several times.	
	Check for solution spills (liquids or residues).	Clean with cotton swabs dampened with one of the cleaning agents listed in Table 2-1. Remove fibers or foreign particles. <b>Do not use hard instruments for cleaning.</b>	
A CHECK SET/LOADING alarm occurs when the pump door is closed.	Open the door and check the position of the tubing in the guide channel.	Load the set properly in the guide channel.	

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# **Theory of Operation**

This section covers the operating principles of the pump. The theory of operation does not cover the specific circuitry in great detail, but provides general information needed to perform fault isolation. Active-low signals on all schematic diagrams in Section 10 are denoted by an exclamation point (!) preceding the signal name. Figure 10-1 is a block diagram of the major components in the pump. The numbers at the upper left of each block refer to the number of the figure in Section 10 in which the major components of that block are shown in greater detail.

# 4.1 CPU System

#### 4.1.1 CPUs

See Figures 10-6 and 10-7. The pump uses two identical CPUs, U101 and U001. Normally, U101 and U001 act as master and slave, respectively.

The master CPU controls all pump functions except motor control, which is handled by the slave CPU. The master CPU sends rate information and motor start/stop messages to the slave CPU and also monitors the motor control by the slave CPU.

The master CPU gathers data from and/or controls the interlock switch, the power control circuit, the communication controller, two I/O controllers, the occlusion detection multiplexer, the RAM, the real time clock, the air sensor, the universal pulse processor and the alarm control circuit.

The master CPU also handles RS-232 serial communication with an external computer through the communication controller.

The slave CPU controls the pump motor via the motor control circuit in three ways:

- Generates pulses to rotate the motor.
- Monitors motor skip step by checking the signal from the motor rotation detector.
- Controls the motor current while minimizing current draw from the battery. It also controls the alarm control circuit.

The slave CPU outputs an interrupt signal to the master CPU through the universal pulse processor after every one-eighth of the liveband period to provide air bubble detection timing to the master CPU.

Both CPUs handle the watchdog function, which is the periodic communication between the CPUs through two serial communication lines at 15,625 baud.

The CPUs, in conjunction with the two 64K x 8 EPROMs, utilize 16 address lines and eight data lines.

The master CPU addresses an EPROM, RAM, Real Time Clock, universal pulse processor, two I/O controllers and the communication controller. The slave CPU addresses an EPROM, RAM and programmable timer module. The software in the EPROMs for master and slave CPUs is different.

# 4.1.2 Programmable Timer Module (PTM)

See Figure 10-10. The programmable timer module (PTM) divides the 8 MHz system clock into 500 kHz for the oscillation of the air sensor and also generates a signal for pulse width modulation control of the motor driver.

The slave CPU calculates and outputs motor drive signals based on the rate information from the master CPU. It also sets a motor current level in the PTM from a reference table.

# 4.1.3 Watchdog Function

The watchdog function is performed in two ways:

Both CPUs monitor each other's status. The purpose of this watchdog is to detect a malfunction of either microprocessor and stop the pump with an alarm. See Figures 10-7 and 10-9. Both CPUs communicate through the two serial communication lines, Tx and Rx. Each CPU has a communication counter, which is initialized to a predetermined value by a signal from the other CPU. The counter is then decremented by one count every 32.768 mS. The counters are normally initialized again by the signal from the other CPU before they decrement to zero. If a counter reaches zero, it indicates that the watchdog signal from the other CPU was never received. This indicates a problem with the other CPU. The remaining functional CPU then stops the pump with visual and audible alarms.

If communication between the CPUs cannot occur, both CPUs stop the pump with visual and audible alarms.

Should both CPUs fail at the same time, this watchdog function does not work. The alarm control circuit is provided as a backup watchdog function. See Figure 10-9. Signals from each CPU are the inputs to the alarm control circuit.

When both CPUs are functioning normally, the signals change their state periodically. The software to control the signals is divided into several parts and located in different portions of the

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main program. The state changes of the signals are considered normal only when all the individual parts of the program are executed according to an expected sequence.

If either or both signals fail, the alarm control circuit is triggered and stops the pump with visual and audible alarms.

The accompanying audible tone whenever either watchdog function is activated is continuous rather than intermittent.

#### 4.1.4 I/O Controllers

See Figures 10-16 and 10-17. The I/O controller U601 performs the following functions: activating backlight, addressing the keyboard and scanning the ON-OFF/CHARGE key, PANEL LOCK switch and LCD drivers, and writing display data from the master CPU into the display drivers.

The other I/O controller, U602, performs the following functions: controlling the air and occlusion sensors, and activating all LEDs and icons except ALARM and OPTIONS LEDs and key beep. It also transfers the slide clamp sensor signals to the master CPU.

## 4.1.5 Multiplexer

See Figure 10-14. The multiplexer, U851, selects one of the two occlusion sensor outputs in accordance with the address signals from an I/O controller, and sends it to the master CPU.

#### 4.1.6 Universal Pulse Processor

See Figure 10-8. The universal pulse processor (UPP) is controlled by the master CPU and converts the following analog signals into digital signals: air sensor outputs, tube misloading sensor outputs, battery voltages, motor currents and the voltage of the CPUs. The digital signals are periodically read by the master CPU.

The UPP generates 2 kHz and 4 kHz signals for the audible alarm and key beep and a 17 kHz signal for the door open sensor, and the signal for backlight dimming.

The UPP also interrupts the master CPU each time a pulse is received from the motor rotation detector, when an interrupt signal from slave CPU is received or when the pump communicates with an external PC.

The UPP is used to select the baud rate for external communications. The baud rate is set at power-up according to the configuration setting.

#### 4.1.7 Communication Controller

See Figures 10-11 and 10-18. The communication controller allows the pump to communicate with an external computer through an RS-232C interface. The baud rate is selectable and controlled by the universal pulse processor.

#### 4.1.8 Air Sensor Circuit

See Figures 10-14 and 10-28. The circuit consists of an ultrasonic transmitter and receiver mounted on opposite sides of the tubing path. The transmitter consists of a 500 kHz oscillator and a selector that transfers the oscillator output to two of three transducers. The transducers are selected by the air bubble alarm size setting in the configuration option. The receiver contains a selector that transfers the transducer outputs to the UPP through an amplifier.

The transducers operate on the principle that air in the tubing transmits ultrasonic energy much less effectively than fluid. This energy is amplified, rectified, applied to the UPP and then converted into a digital signal. The master CPU monitors the signal and activates an **AIR** alarm if it detects the absence of a precise level of energy.

#### 4.1.9 Occlusion Sensors

#### 4.1.9.1 Downstream Occlusion Sensor

See Figures 10-14 and 10-28. The downstream occlusion sensor consists of a moving ferrite core inside a mechanically fixed oscillator coil. The moving ferrite core is spring loaded against the IV set tubing. When pressure downstream of the pump increases, the core moves from its original position, which in turn changes the frequency of the oscillator.

The downstream occlusion sensor output is selected by the multiplexer, applied to the master CPU and compared to the occlusion level selected in the configuration option. If the occlusion is sufficient to cause a specific frequency change, the CPU activates an alarm. There is a maximum expansion of the tubing beyond which the pump will no longer permit operation.

The downstream occlusion sensor operates in a frequency range of 1.3 MHz to 1.45 MHz.

#### 4.1.9.2 Upstream Occlusion Sensor

See Figures 10-14 and 10-28. The upstream occlusion sensor is similar to the downstream occlusion sensor (except for the spring) but is not tuned to the same frequency and is controlled by different software.

The upstream occlusion sensor output is selected by the multiplexer and applied to the master CPU. Because the tubing collapses somewhat during normal operation, the software looks for a collapse that is faster and/or farther than expected. If the rate of collapse is too fast or too far, the pump alarms. There is a maximum tubing collapse beyond which the pump will no longer permit operation.

The upstream occlusion sensor operates in a frequency range of 1.2 MHz to 1.35 MHz.

#### 4.1.10 Tube Misloading Detector

See Figures 10-8 and 10-28. The pump head has a Force Sensing Resistor\* device (FSR\*\*) attached to each side of the tube loading channel. If the tube is misloaded over the FSR, its resistance decreases. The two FSR output voltages are converted into digital signals by the UPP and monitored by the master CPU. The CPU activates an alarm when the resistance decreases below a specified level.

#### 4.1.11 Slide Clamp Detector

See Figures 10-17 and 10-28. The slide clamp sensor consists of two opto-interrupters contained in the safety/slide clamp assembly. If the slide clamp option is selected via the configuration option settings, the administration set slide clamp should be loaded into the slide clamp slot in order to avoid an alert or alarm condition. If the slide clamp is not loaded into the slide clamp slot, or is loaded improperly, the opto-interrupters do not receive reflection signals. The interrupter output voltages are read and monitored by the master CPU via the I/O controller. The CPU activates an alert or an alarm (software versions 1.09 or later) when the slide clamp is not loaded and the option has been selected.

## 4.1.12 Battery Low Alert/Alarm Detector

See Figure 10-8. The battery voltage is converted into a digital signal by the UPP and monitored by the master CPU. The CPU activates the alert or alarm if the battery charge state falls too low.

The **BATTERY LOW** alert is triggered if the battery voltage drops below 11.4 V, which permits approximately 15 minutes of operation. The **BATTERY LOW** alarm is triggered when battery voltage drops below 10.4 VDC, which stops the pump with an alarm to prevent the battery from being damaged.

### 4.1.13 Interlock Switch

See Figure 10-28. The interlock switch is a reed type, activated by a magnet attached to pump door latch. The switch opens the circuit when the pump door is opened. The master CPU monitors the interlock switch, activates the **DOOR OPEN** alarm and stops the pump when the door is opened.

#### 4.1.14 Panel Lock Circuit

See Figure 10-16. The panel lock circuit is initiated by the PANEL LOCK pushbutton switch located on the rear of the pump. The switch is connected to an I/O controller. The purpose of this circuit is to prevent patient tampering. After the PANEL LOCK switch has been pressed, the message *Loc* is displayed in the unused rate window and no keys except TOT VOL/STATUS

<sup>\*</sup> Interlink Electronics

<sup>\*\*</sup>Interlink Electronics

and BACKLIGHT are accepted. The panel lock out is released by pressing the PANEL LOCK switch again. The switch is enabled only when the pump is infusing without an alert.

# 4.1.15 Keypad

See Figures 10-29. The keypad is a multiplexed 8 x 4 array that is scanned by an I/O controller. One of eight select lines determine which four keys are read. All normal keypad depressions are decoded by this matrix except the ON-OFF/CHARGE key, which has special input to the power control circuit.

## 4.1.16 Displays

See Figures 10-21 and 10-22. The LCD displays are multiplexed by display drivers, which apply a DC biased free-running frequency AC voltage to the segments of the displays when in the ON state, and no DC biased AC voltage when in the OFF state. The display drivers are addressed by the master CPU through an I/O controller. The data is sent on the data bus and is coded to update the display periodically. Once addressed, the display driver retains the data until addressed again. The entire display is updated every 128 msec.

The display backlight is toggled on or off by the BACKLIGHT key. If the pump is running on AC power, the backlight stays on continuously. If the pump is running on the battery, the backlight shuts off after 60 seconds to conserve battery life.

#### 4.1.17 Motor Driver

See Figure 10-15. The motor driver receives four separate motor drive signals from the slave CPU, which are effectively ANDed with a pulse width modulation (PWM) signal from the programmable timer module. The PWM signal controls the current level required for proper motor operation. The motor current level is converted into digital signal by the UPP and monitored by the master CPU, which activates an alarm and stops the pump if motor overcurrent is detected. The user-defined rate is saved in two different memory locations which are compared against each other and the feedback from the motor rotation detector to guard against any non-programmed rate changes.

Snubbing diodes have been added to increase motor efficiency. The motor is shut down when an alarm or a failure occurs. The motor speed range permits infusions from 1 mL/hr to 1999 mL/hr.

#### 4.1.18 Motor Rotation Detectors

See Figures 10-8 and 10-28. The motor rotation detector assures that pump drive rotation occurs or the motor shuts down. The motor rotation signal is read by the master CPU via the UPP and slave CPU. The sector signal is read by the slave CPU and utilized for controlling motor current.

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# 4.2 DC Power Supply and Power Control Circuit

See Figure 10-30. The DC power supply circuit is a switching type, which provides a regulated 13.65 V output at 0.85A maximum. The circuit will charge the battery as long as the pump is connected to a specified AC outlet. The design continues to supply useful output down to a 105.0 VAC input. Two 500 mA slow blow replacement fuses are required for AC. A 2.0A fuse is required in the battery circuit. Whenever the supply is activated by AC voltage, the Plug Icon on the front panel is lit. The DC power supply has over-voltage and over-current protection.

The power supply circuit on the CPU board (Figure 10-13) generates several DC sources from the 13.65 V output of the DC power supply board, (when the pump is plugged into a specified AC source) or from the internal battery. The +5 VDC lines are shown below. See Section 6.4.1 for voltage specification limits.

V<sub>cpu</sub>: This line is the output of a DC to DC convertor, HIC301, and is switched by the master CPU. Vcpu is the main DC source voltage of the pump. Motor current does not flow while V<sub>cpu</sub> is off.

V<sub>ref</sub>: This is the reference voltage regulated by a filter and a reference diode (U502: LM336M-5.0) for the A/D convertor in the UPP. This voltage is generated from V<sub>oth</sub>, which is switched by the master CPU.

V<sub>key</sub>: This is generated either from the output of the DC power supply board, or from the internal battery voltage and is used for monitoring the ON-OFF/CHARGE key. This is the unswitched power source.

Other DC voltages used in the pump are as follows:

V<sub>mtr</sub>: This is the DC source for the motor. It comes either from the DC power supply output or the internal battery voltage. This is the unswitched power source.

Voth: This is used for backlights, icons and optional nurse call feature. The voltage comes from the DC power supply output and is switched by the master CPU.

V<sub>mem</sub>: This is the output of the lithium backup battery for the backup memory in the RAM (U507) and for maintaining the time in real time clock (U506). This is the unswitched power source.

All the voltages except unswitched power sources are turned on when the ON-OFF/CHARGE key is pressed while the pump is off. However, turning these voltages off can only be accomplished by the master CPU through the power control circuit.

The master CPU saves necessary data in the back up memory in the RAM (U507) and turns off the  $V_{cpu}$ ,  $V_{ref}$  and  $V_{oth}$  voltages when the pump is turned off.

The power control circuit is contained in a hybrid chip, HIC302, which also includes a circuit to activate the backup audible alarm when the pump is shut down by a failure. The RAM (U006) for the slave CPU is not backed up.

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# **Troubleshooting**

#### 5.1 Introduction

This section describes how to find the cause of pump malfunctions. The section consists of the following:

- A description of the pump's Failure Identification Codes.
- A description of the pump's automatic test modes.
- A table which lists each failure code, its cause, and ways of correcting it.
- A table which describes how to correct problems not represented by failure codes.

Once the cause of a failure has been determined, perform the corrective action given in the table. All disassembly/reassembly and calibration procedures for the pump are in Section 6. To verify the effectiveness of repairs after they are completed, perform the Operational Checkout procedures given in Section 7.

#### 5.2 Failure Identification Codes

Specific errors which may occur during pump operation are represented by Failure Identification Codes. When the alarm message *FAILURE* occurs, it is accompanied by a two-digit code number. This code is the Failure Identification Code. The last 10 Failure Identification Codes (including alarm codes except *DOOR OPEN* and *AIR* alarms occurring in the stopped mode) are stored in the pump's memory, along with the date and time at which the alarm occurred. The Failure Identification Codes can be used to determine the nature of a pump failure and to troubleshoot its cause.

To view the stored Failure Identification Codes, press the STOP key. Press and hold the SI-LENCE and TOT VOL/STATUS keys. The most recent Failure Identification Code will be displayed in the lower right corner of the Main Display. The time at which the failure occurred will be displayed in the upper right corner of the Main Display. The date when the failure occurred will be displayed in the Message Display for as long as the keys are held, plus one second. To

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exit from the Failure Identification Code viewing mode, release the SILENCE and TOT VOL/STATUS keys. One second later, the display of the RATE(s) and VTBI(s) data resumes. To scroll back through the previous nine codes that occurred, press the CLEAR TOT VOL key before the one second period elapses. Each failure code, along with the time and date, will be displayed for one second with a one second off interval after each code. After the last failure code has been displayed for 1 second, the display returns to normal. To exit, press the STOP key.

See Table 5-1 for descriptions of all Failure Identification Codes and instructions on how to correct each failure. Disassembly/reassembly and calibration procedures are located in Section 6.

During operation, a pump failure is indicated by the message **FAILURE** and the failure code number (in the format, F\_nn) in the Message and Main Displays.

#### 5.3 Automatic Test Modes

Warning: The automatic test modes are for servicing the pump only, and must not be used while the pump is connected to a patient.

The pump has ten automatic test modes to aid in troubleshooting and manufacturing. The ten modes are described briefly in the following paragraphs. The procedure to access any of the automatic test modes is as follows:

- 1. Turn the pump off.
- 2. Press and hold the CLEAR TOT VOL key and while pressing the numeric key corresponding to the automatic test mode you wish to enter (1 through 0).
- 3. While performing step 2, press the ON-OFF/CHARGE key.
- 4. To exit any automatic test mode, press the ON-OFF/CHARGE key.

#### 5.3.1 Automatic Test Mode 1: Calibration Mode 1

The purpose of this calibration mode is to check the calibration of the upstream and downstream occlusion sensors, and to check the pump's internal DC voltages from the power supply.

- 1. Place the pump on its back. Enter Automatic Test Mode 1.
- 2. Place the thickness gauge (part no. UKOG1013.B) onto the downstream occlusion sensor.
- 3. Close the pump head door.
- 4. Plug the pump into a  $115 \pm 5.0$  VAC, 60 Hz power source.

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- 5. Check that the value displayed in the PRI VTBI window of the Main Display is between 2967 and 3039. No calibration is required if the values are within the specification.
- 6. If the value is out of specification, perform Section 6.4.3, steps 2 and 3.
- 7. Place the thickness gauge used in step 2 onto the upstream occlusion sensor.
- 8. Close the pump door.
- 9. Check that the value displayed in the PRI RATE window of the Main Display is between 3242 and 3314. Remove the thickness gauge, close the door, and check that the value is 3080 or less.
- 10. If the value is out of specification, perform Section 6.4.4, steps 2 and 3.
- 11. Check that the voltage readings in the SEC RATE and SEC VTBI windows are within specification:

# Note: The pump must be plugged in to obtain voltage readings within the specifications below.

Descriptor	Window Displayed	Specification
V <sub>main</sub> = MB	SEC RATE	688 - 714 (a)
V <sub>mem</sub> = BB	SEC VTBI	574 - 737 (b)

#### Note:

- (a) Actual voltage = Displayed data  $\times$  0.01953
- (b) Actual voltage = Displayed data  $\times$  0.00488.
- 12. If the BB display is out of specification, replace the lithium backup battery per Section 6.3.28.
- 13. MB is a value relating to the voltage of the charging circuit. If the MB display is out of specification, turn the pump off and charge it for 8 hours. Repeat steps 1 and 11. If the MB display is still out of specification, perform the following procedure.
- 14. Remove the battery cover by removing 4 screws (Figure 8-4 item 27) on the battery cover located on the back of the pump. Disconnect the main battery at the battery terminals and perform steps 1 and 11.
- 15. If the MB display is out of specification, the DC power supply must be calibrated per 6.4.1.

16. If the MB display is within specification as described in Step 11, the main battery should be replaced per Section 6.3.18.

#### 5.3.2 Automatic Test Mode 2: Calibration Mode 2

The purpose of this Automatic Test Mode is to check the calibration of the air sensor and to check the tube misloading sensor outputs.

Open the door and check for a white tubing guide shim or the letter "A" on the door opposite the air sensor. If the shim or "A" is present, use the air sensor calibration values of 330 - 565 (if the shim or "A" is NOT present, use the calibration values of 400 - 650)

- 1. Plug the pump into a 115  $\pm$ 5.0 VAC, 60 Hz power source. Enter Automatic Test Mode 2.
- 2. Load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set and prime it with fluid. Close the pump door. Ambient and solution temperatures must be between 72° and 82° F (22° and 28° C).
- 3. Open and close the pump door two more times and wait 2 minutes.
- 4. Check the NORM value (at PRI RATE window) and the MIN value (at PRI VTBI window). Both values should display between 330 and 565 or 400 and 650 (Check above for the proper values).
- 5. Remove the primed tubing and load an unprimed calibration tubing segment and close the door. Open and close the door two more times and wait 2 minutes. View the NORM value displayed in the PRI RATE location at the upper left of the device's main display. Next, view the MIN value displayed in the PRI VTBI location at the lower left of the main display. Both values must be less than 11. If they are out of specification, perform the procedure in Section 6.4.2.
- 6. Follow steps 7 through 11 to check that the tube misloading sensor outputs in SEC RATE and SEC VTBI windows are within specification.
- 7. Load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set and prime it with fluid.
- 8. With the pump door open, check the FSRR value (at SEC RATE window) and the FSRL value (at SEC VTBI window). Both values should display between 500 and 820.
- 9. Repeat above step with the pump door closed. Both values should display between 500 and 820.

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- 10. Open the door and intentionally load the tubing over the tube misloading sensor 2L (Figure 8-6, item 10). Close the door. **Do not load hard components on the administration set between the door and the base plate.** The FSRL value (at SEC VTBI window) should display 450 or less.
- 11. Repeat above step on the tube misloading sensor 2R (Figure 8-6, item 11). The FSRR value (at SEC RATE window) should display 450 or less.

Note:

The sensors are normal if the values in steps 8 through 11 are within specification. If any of these values are out of specification, replace the tube misloading sensor per Section 6.3.12.

12. Press the TIME key and check that the voltage Vcpu reading in the SEC RATE window of the display is within 472 - 579. Actual voltage = displayed data x 0.00976.

## 5.3.3 Automatic Test Mode 3: Manufacturing Test Mode

Warning:

This is an automatic test mode for testing the pump during manufacturing only. This mode must not be used on patients because the downstream occlusion, upstream occlusion and air sensors are disabled.

The initial display in this automatic mode is for a PRI RATE of 1999 mL/hr, PRI VTBI of 3998 mL, SEC RATE of 500 m/hr, and SEC VTBI of 100 mL. Pressing the TIME key changes the primary settings as follows:

PRI RATE	PRI VTBI	SEC RATE	SEC VTBI
999	1998	500	100
499	998	500	100
250	500	500	100
125	250	500	100
10	20	500	100

In each combination, the primary and secondary rates and VTBI can be manually altered.

The pump will stop automatically one hour after the PRI START key was pressed. While the pump is running, the air sensor and the upstream and downstream occlusion sensors are disabled.

# 5.3.4 Automatic Test Mode 4: Aging Mode

Warning:

This is an Automatic Test Mode for testing the pump during manufacturing only. This mode must not be used on patients because the rates and VTBI settings cannot be altered.

While the pump is stopped, pressing any numbered key (0 - 6) programs a preset rate/VTBI combination as follows:

Key Number	PRI RATE	PRI VTBI	SEC RATE	SEC VTBI
0	500	3000	999	6000
1	499	0	999	1
2	3	0 .	0	0
3	250	0	0	0
4	499	100	0	0
5	1401	100	0	0
6	1999	100	0	0

The RATE/VTBI keys and number keys 7, 8, and 9 are not accepted. Other specifications are the same as during normal operation.

#### 5.3.5 Automatic Test Mode 5: Display Check Mode

All the LCD segments, LEDs and icons turn on sequentially for a visual check each time the STOP key is pressed. At any point in the sequence the SEC START key may be pressed to return to the beginning of the sequence.

## 5.3.6 Automatic Test Mode 6: Time Information Display Mode

In this test mode, the cumulative time values are displayed sequentially each time the SEC RATE key is pressed. The test mode first displays the cumulative Power On time, then the time on battery and finally, the time that the pump was actually pumping. It should be noted that the first six digits from the left are the time in hours and the two digits on the right are the time in minutes. Therefore, the display **0001 02:21** represents 102 hours and 21 minutes.

### 5.3.7 Automatic Test Mode 7: Pumping Sensor Monitoring Mode

Warning: This is an automatic test mode for testing the device during manufacturing only. This mode must not be used on patients.

In this test mode, the motor current and occlusion sensors may be monitored during pumping. During pumping, the motor current is displayed in the PRI VTBI location, the upstream occlusion detector reading in the SEC RATE location, and the downstream occlusion sensor reading in the SEC VTBI location. When the pump is stopped, all of the displayed values return to normal.

#### 5.3.8 Automatic Test Mode 8: Air Sensor Test Mode

Upon entering this mode, the PRI RATE is set to 30, PRI VTBI = 100, SEC RATE = 600, and SEC VTBI = 100. Pressing the TIME key selects the pump's air sensor sensitivity (MIN or NORM) without using the configuration option. The air sensor selection is displayed in the mes-

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sage display when the pump is started. All other keys function normally except for the TIME key. Rate and VTBI information for both primary and secondary mode may be changed.

#### 5.3.9 Automatic Test Mode 9: Elapsed Time Test Mode

The elapsed pumping time is displayed in the first line of the message display in this test mode. Momentarily pressing the TIME key selects two pre-programmed primary mode test conditions. The first is a PRI RATE of 125 mL/hr with a VTBI of 100 mL. The second is a PRI RATE of 499 mL/hr with a VTBI of 100 mL. The elapsed time counts only when the pump is running. Stopping the pump and then restarting it will reset the timer to zero. All keys except the TIME key work normally. When the VTBI has been delivered, the pump will enter KVO mode.

#### 5.3.10 Automatic Test Mode 0: Downstream Occlusion Test Mode

In this mode, pressing the TIME key will allow you to select the pump's downstream occlusion level sensitivity without entering the configuration mode. The selected occlusion sensor level (1, 2, or 3) is momentarily shown in the second line of the message display until the test mode is exited. After exiting test mode, the downstream occlusion sensor level will revert back to the original configuration setting. Rate and VTBI information may be programmed manually.

# 5.4 Failure Identification Code Troubleshooting Table

Use Table 5-1 to determine the corrective action necessary to resolve failure codes. The causes of each failure code are listed in the order in which they are most likely to occur. Perform the corrective action items in the order in which they are listed and retest the pump after each action. All replacement procedures are contained in Section 6.

There are two types of Failure Identification Codes: Alarm (codes 1-19) and Failure (codes 20 and above). Alarm codes report malfunctions generally correctable by the operator. Failure codes may require servicing of the pump. A code of 0 indicates that less than 10 alarms/failures have occurred since the log was cleared. The time and date will also be 0.

Table 5-1. Failure Identification Codes			
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
0	No alarms or failures.	No action necessary.	
1	1 Air bubble detected in a Run mode.	Check for air in tubing. Ensure set is correct type and is properly loaded. Ensure set tubing is not scratched or deformed.	Expel air in tubing. Replace or reposition set if tubing is flattened or scratched. Clean air sensor in accordance with Section 2 if dirty.
		Perform Section 5.3.2 steps 1 through 5.	If values are not within specification, recalibrate or replace the air sensor.
2	Downstream occlusion was detected: The sensor output increased by a specified value.	Check for scratched or deformed tubing. Verify that solution and ambient temperatures are between 60° and 100° F (15.5° and 37.7° C). Ensure set is correct type and is properly loaded. Check for spilled solution in sensor region.	Remove downstream occlusion and reposition the tubing. Clean occlusion sensors in accordance with Section 2.2 if dirty. Raise or lower temperatures if necessary.
		Perform Section 5.3.1, steps 1 through 6.	
3	Downstream occlusion was detected: The sensor output increased to an absolute value.	See Failure Identification Code 2.	
4	Upstream occlusion was detected: The sensor output decreased by a specified value.	Check for spilled solution in sensor region. Ensure set is proper type and is properly loaded.	Remove upstream occlusion and reposition tubing. Clean the sensor with cotton swabs dampened with one of the agents listed in Table 2-1. Remove fibers or foreign particles. Do not use hard instruments for cleaning.
		Ensure ambient and solution temperatures are between 60° and 100° F (15.5° and 37.7° C).	Raise or lower temperatures.
		Perform the appropriate steps from Section 5.3.1, related to upstream occlusion.	Reading displayed in pump's PRI RATE window must be within 3242 and 3314. If not, recalibrate or replace the sensor.

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		1. Failure Identification Code	
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
5	Upstream occlusion was detected: The sensor output decreased to an absolute value.	See Failure Identification Code 4.	
6	Low battery voltage (10.4 V or less) was detected.	If <b>BATTERY LOW</b> alarm is on and CHARGING LED is off, check: a. tightness of AC plug b. AC voltage source  c. power fuse d. battery fuse	<ul> <li>a. Plug in firmly.</li> <li>b. If AC voltage is below</li> <li>105 VAC, connect pump</li> <li>to a correct voltage</li> <li>source.</li> <li>c. Replace if it has failed</li> <li>d. Replace if it has failed</li> </ul>
777.77		Turn pump off and recharge for 8 hours.	If alarm recurs after recharging, check and repair loose connections at battery terminals. If problem persists, replacibattery.
7	Communication alarm was detected: A framing error, overrun error or parity error occurs during the communication with an external computer.	Check that the pump is in computer control mode. Check for the loss of the communications link. Verify that computer software is correctly loaded onto PC.	Place pump into computer control mode. Ensure communication cable is plugged in and/or the cable is wired correctly. Correct problems with PC software.
8	Communication time out alarm was detected: No communication between the pump and an external PC for a given period	See Failure Identification Code 7.	Place pump into computer control mode. Ensure communication cable is plugged in and/or the cable is wired correctly. Correct problems with PC software.
9	Slide Clamp Alarm (software versions 1.09 or later).	Slide clamp is not inserted or is improperly inserted in the slide clamp slot.	Insert slide clamp properly. Clean the slide clamp sensor with a cotton tipped swab dampened with water. If alarm recurs after cleaning the sensor, perform the slide clamp test in Section 7.
10	Misloaded tubing was detected.	Check set loading in the pump mechanism. Check any damage on the tube misloading sensors.	Load the tubing in the guides and channels correctly. Repair or replace the FSR(s)*.

<sup>\*</sup>Interlink Electronics

	<b>Table 5-1</b>	l. Failure Identification Code	es
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
12	Upstream occlusion was detected in Revolution Counter Interrupt.	See Failure Identification Code 4.	
20	Malfunction in Door Open detection circuitry: P54 of the Master CPU remains low.	Check that magnet in pump door latch is present.	Replace pump door latch if magnet is missing. Repair or replace CPU board.
21	Malfunction in frequency converter circuitry for occlusion detection: P20 of master CPU remains high or low.	Check connectors CN851 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity:	Repair or replace connectors as necessary. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
22	Malfunction in frequency converter circuitry for occlusion detection: P20 of master CPU remains high or low.	See Failure Identification Code 21.	
23	P50 (IRQ interrupt port) remains high.	Check U101 pin 10 for a high (+5 VDC) signal.	If signal is always high, replace CPU board.
24	UP and DOWN occlusion values agree.	Check connector CNBUS1/ CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Repair or replace CNBUS1/ CNBUS2 if necessary. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
27	Malfunction in slide clamp detection circuit.	Check battery voltage in accordance with Section 5.3.1.  Check connector CN803 for proper connection.	Clean contacts. Charge or replace the battery. Repair CN803 if necessary. Replace safety/slide clamp assembly.
28	Two air sensor outputs (NORM and MIN) cannot be selected.	Check connectors CN811 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Repair or replace CN811 or CNBUS1/CNBUS2 if necessary. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
29	Two occlusion sensors (UP and DOWN) cannot be selected.	Check tightness of connectors CN851 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Repair or replace CN851 or CNBUS1/CNBUS2 if necessary. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
30	Malfunction in A/D converter circuitry for air detection: A/D conversion did not complete in 50 μS.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.

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0005		1. Failure Identification Code	
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
31	Malfunction in air MIN detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter remains high.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
32	Malfunction in air NORM detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter remains high.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
33	Malfunction in air MIN detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter is not 0 V although the MIN air transducer is not oscillating.	Check tightness of connectors on the CPU board.	Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
34	Malfunction in air NORM detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter is not 0 V although the NORM air transducer is not oscillating.	Check tightness of connectors on the CPU board.	Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
35	Front panel key was pressed for more than 40 seconds.	Check that key was not inadvertently pressed for 40 seconds. Check that front panel is not damaged.	Turn the pump off and back on. If failure code recurs, replace front panel.
37	ON-OFF/CHARGE key was pressed for more than 5 seconds when pump power was off.	Check that the key was not inadvertently pressed for 5 seconds. Check that key is not damaged.	Replace front panel if necessary.
38	Malfunction in tube misloading detection circuitry.	Check connector CN803 for proper connection.	Clean contacts on male connector. Repair CN803 if necessary. Replace the FSR*.
41	Abnormal operation of master CPU.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
42	Malfunction in alarm control circuit.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
46	The PWRON1 signal is held low.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
47	The PWRON1 signal is held high.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
48	Malfunction in real time clock: RTC does not count time correctly.	Turn pump off and back on.	Replace U506 or CPU board.

<sup>\*</sup> Interlink Electronics

CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
49	Malfunction in real time clock: Abnormal RTC data.	Turn pump off and back on. Check backup battery voltage in Section 5.3.1. Reset all configuration option	If failure recurs, charge or replace the battery.  Replace U506 or CPU
		settings in Section 1.5.2	board.
50	Master CPU received a TRAP interrupt.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace the software (EPROMs). Replace CPU board.
51	Master CPU received a CMI interrupt.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
52	Master CPU received a SWI interrupt.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
53	Master CPU received a NMI interrupt.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
54	Master CPU received an OCI interrupt.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
55	Master CPU received an IRQ2 interrupt.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
58	Master CPU's TIMER 1 interrupt does not occur.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
59	Program stuck in block 1 routine.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
60	Malfunction in battery voltage detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter remains high.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
61	Malfunction in battery voltage detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter remains low.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
62	Malfunction in memory back up battery voltage detection circuitry: Input to A/D converter remains high.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board. replace Sensor board.
63	Lithium backup battery voltage is too low to back up the memories.	Check connector CN304 for proper connection and continuity.	Plug CN304 in firmly. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board. Replace lithium backup battery.
64	Malfunction in A/D converter circuitry. A/D conversion for 0 through 3 channels did not complete in 144 µS.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.

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	<b>Table 5-1</b>	l. Failure Identification Code	es
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
65	Malfunction in A/D converter circuitry. A/D conversion for 4 through 7 channels did not complete in 144 μS.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
66	Supply voltage of CPU circuitry is too high.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace Sensor board.
67	Supply voltage of CPU circuitry is too low.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace Sensor board.
68	Malfunction in A/D converter circuitry. A/D conversion for channels 8 and 9 did not complete in 72 μS.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
69	Abnormal battery recharging voltage.	Check calibration of DC Power Supply board.	Recalibrate the board. If failure recurs, replace U501 or CPU board.
70	Data in duplicate memory areas does not agree.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
71	Slave CPU received no data from Master CPU.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
72	Slave CPU received undefined data 4 times from Master CPU.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
73	Overcurrent to motor.	Check for loose motor coupler.  Check that connector CN201 is	Apply a trace of Loctite' 211 or 222 to coupling set screws and tighten them to 5 kgf-cm (4.3 in lb). Plug CN201 firmly. Replace Sensor board.
		seated firmly.	Replace CPU board.
74	Motor slipped even though at maximum current to motor.	Check that connector CN201 is seated firmly. Check for blown fuse F201.	Plug CN201 in firmly. Replace fuse if necessary. Replace Sensor board. Replace CPU board.
77	Slave CPU received no revolution interrupt while motor was rotating.	Turn pump off and back on. Ensure that the encoder disk is properly secured. Check photointerrupter outputs for proper function.	Secure encoder disk.  Replace photointerrupters if necessary. Replace Sensor board. Replace CPU board.

<sup>\*</sup>Loctite, Inc.

		1. Failure Identification Code	1
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
78	Drive defect - overinfusion. High motor rotation against the number of revolution counter interrupts.	See Failure Identification Code 77.	
79	Drive defect - underinfusion. Low motor rotation against the number of revolution counter interrupts.	Ensure that pump head is clean and rotates freely. Check coupling between pump mechanism and motor. Check encoder disk for secure mounting.	Apply a trace of Loctite* 211 or 222 to coupling set screws and tighten. Secure encoder disk. Replace Sensor board. Replace CPU board.
82	No acknowledgment message from Slave CPU for three communication trials.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
83	Undefined message type received from Slave CPU.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
86	LVDT reading of downstream occlusion sensor is too high.	Check calibration of downstream occlusion sensors.	See Failure Identification Code 2.
87	LVDT reading of upstream occlusion sensor is too high.	Check calibration of upstream occlusion sensors.	See Failure Identification Code 4.
90	RATE, VTBI and VI data checksum is not 0.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
91	Checksum error of Programmed Delivery Profile stored data.	Reset all of PDP.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
92	Checksum error of Programmed Delivery Profile working data.	Reset all of PDP.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
93	Write data and read data of M5M5165 do not agree.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
94	Configuration option settings checksum is not 0.	Reset all of the configuration option settings in accordance with Section 1.5.2. Turn pump off and back on. Check battery voltage in accordance with Section 5.3.1.	If failure recurs, charge o replace the battery.  Replace CPU board.
95	Checksum error of alarm log data.	Turn pump off and back on. Clear the alarm log via the modify configuration mode.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.

<sup>\*</sup>Loctite, Inc.

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Table 5-1. Failure Identification Codes			
CODE	CAUSE	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
96	Checksum error of ROM code.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.
99	Undefined failure code received from Slave CPU.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace CPU board.

# 5.5 Troubleshooting Chart

Table 5-2 identifies specific failures by symptoms rather than Failure Identification Codes.

Table 5-2. Troubleshooting Chart		
SYMPTOM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
The pump cannot be turned on.	Check backup battery voltage in accordance with Section 5.3.1. Check front panel cables for short circuits. Check CNBUS1/CNBUS2, CN601 and CN602 for proper connection and continuity.	Sometimes this condition is followed by a F49 and/or F94 code. Charge or replace the battery to clear the condition. Repair if necessary.
The pump cannot be turned off.	Check backup battery voltage in accordance with Section 5.3.1.  Check front panel cables for short circuits. Check CNBUS1/CNBUS2, CN601 and CN602 for proper connection and continuity.	Sometimes this condition is followed by a F49 and/or F94 code. Recharge or replace the battery to clear the condition. The battery compartment may need to be opened and the battery momentarily disconnected to turn off the pump. Replace front panel film.  Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
Pressing a <b>START</b> key causes a <b>BATTERY LOW</b> alarm.	Power the pump off and on again. Check continuity of CN5 and CN6 on N0330MC board, F2 and battery terminals.	If the problem persists, recharge the battery. Repair as required. If the problem, persists, replace the battery.
All front panel keys other than <b>BACKLIGHT</b> and <b>TOT VOL/STATUS</b> are disabled.	Does <i>Loc</i> appear in the Main Display?	Press and release <b>PANEL LOCK</b> switch on the rear panel. <i>Loc</i> in the Main Display should disappear.

SYMPTOM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
One or more front panel keys are not accepted.	Turn pump off and back on and try the key again. Check front panel cables for proper connection and continuity.	Replace front panel film. Replace Sensor board. Replace Display board.
PANEL LOCK switch is not accepted.	Check the operation of the switch. Check CN701, CNI/F2 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Replace <b>PANEL LOCK</b> switch. Replace Sensor board.
The pump does not run on AC but runs on internal battery.	Check CN301 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity. Check that the AC power cord is firmly connected.	Repair or replace power cord. Repair or replace the connectors. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
The Battery Icon is lit while pump is running on AC.	Check AC fuse (F2). Check connectors CNAC, CN301 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Replace F2 with a 2A, slow- blow fuse, if it has failed. Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
The Battery Icon is off while pump is running on internal battery.	Turn pump off and back on.	If failure recurs, replace Display board. Replace CPU board.
The LCDs are blank, indicate irrational display or have missing segments.	Check ICP301 and CNDISP for proper connection and continuity using Test Mode 5 (Section 5.3.5).	Install LCD Cushions, if necessary. See Section 6.3.3 Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board. Replace Display board.
The backlight does not light.		Replace Display board.
The backlight cannot be turned off.		Replace Sensor board. Replace Display board.
The pump turns off or stops with audible alarm for no apparent reason.	Check ICP301. Check CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Replace ICP301. Repair or replace CNBUS1/CNBUS2.
	Check front panel cables for short circuits.	Replace front panel film. Replace Sensor board. Replace Display board.
ALARM LED is always lit.	Turn pump off and back on.	If problem recurs, charge or replace battery. Replace CPU board. Replace Display board.
ALARM LED does not light.	Check CNDISP and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Replace CPU board. Replace Display board.

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SYMPTOM	le 5-2. Troubleshooting Cl	CORRECTIVE ACTION
ALERT LED is always lit.	Turn pump off and back on. Check CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	If problem recurs, charge or replace battery. Replace CPU board. Replace Display board.
ALERT LED does not light.	Check CNDISP for proper connection and continuity.	Replace CPU board. Replace Display board.
PUMPING LED is always lit.	Check CNDISP for proper connection and continuity.	Replace Sensor board. Replace Display board.
PUMPING LED does not light.	Check CNDISP for proper connection and continuity.	Replace Sensor board. Replace Display board.
ALARM and ALERT LEDs are lit but the pump will not operate.	Check backup battery voltage in accordance with Section 5.3.1.	Sometimes this condition is followed by a F49 and/or F94 code. Recharge or replace the battery to clear the condition.
Audible alarm is always on.	Momentarily disconnect and reconnect battery. Check F302 or ICP301. Check CNBUS1/CNBUS2, CN302, CN701, CN751, and CNI/F for proper connection and continuity.	Charge or replace battery.  Replace F302, ICP301, and/o connectors as required.  Replace CPU board.
Audible alarm does not sound.	Turn pump off and back on.	If problem recurs, replace CPI board. Replace Sensor board. Replace speaker.
Beep does not sound when a key other than <b>BACKLIGHT</b> or <b>SILENCE</b> is pressed when the pump is stopped.	Turn pump off and back on. Check CN751, CN701, CNI/F1, and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	If problem recurs, replace CPI board. Repair or replace the connectors. Replace Sensor board. Replace speaker.
<b>DOOR OPEN</b> alarm occurs while door is closed, or does not occur when door is opened.	Check magnet on door latch. Check CN851.	Replace door latch if magnet i missing. Replace CPU board.
Optional nurse call is always on.	Check CN401, CNI/F2 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
Optional nurse call is always off.	Verify that the Nurse Call feature has been enabled via the addition of a jumper (R421) on the terminal PCB. Check CN401, CNI/F2 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper connection and continuity.	Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.

SYMPTOM	le 5-2. Troubleshooting Ch	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Configuration option cannot be set via the remote computer.  Note: Computer monitoring	Check the cable connections between the computer and the pump.	Repair connections between computer and pump.
and remote control are available only when used with user-generated	Check that the user-generated software is properly loaded onto the computer.	Restart the program.
software applications. See the Flo-Gard® 6201 and 6301	Check CN401, CNI/F2 and CNBUS1/CNBUS2 for proper	Repair or replace connectors as required.
Programmer's Manual for details.	connection and continuity.	Replace CPU board. Replace Sensor board.
Pump operation is louder than normal.	Check administration set for proper type and code.	Replace with Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set, if required.
	Check for solution spills on the pumping fingers and around the back plate.	Clean in accordance with Section 2.
	Check the tightness of the motor mounting bracket screws. Check for a PC board or other assembly vibrating against the	Tighten as required.
	inside of the case.	Ensure all internal assemblies are securely fastened.
The rear clamp fails to hold the pump on the IV pole.	Check for worn or missing friction pad. Check the clamp for worn threads and other worn or defective parts.	Replace worn or defective parts on the clamp as necessary.
Free flow occurs when the door is closed.	Check administration set for proper type and code.	Replace with Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set if required.
	Check position and seating of the tubing. Check that ambient and solution temperatures are between 60° and 100° F (15.5°and 37.7° C).	Position tubing properly, without stretching or slack. Raise or lower the temperatures.
	Check for cracks in the door hinges. Check for deformation of the coil springs of the back plate.	Replace the pump head in accordance with Section 6.3.8. Replace the springs if required
	Check for worn cams and pumping fingers.	Replace worn parts as required
	Check for damaged or deformed door latch.	Replace door latch in accordance with Section 6.3.5.

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Table 5-2. Troubleshooting Chart		
SYMPTOM	CHECKS	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Free flow occurs when the door is opened.	Check administration set for proper type and code.	Replace with Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set if required.
	Check for solution spills on and around safety clamp.	Clean in accordance with Section 2.
	Check position and seating of tubing in safety clamp.	Position tubing properly and make certain it is seated in guides and channels.
	Check that ambient and solution temperatures are between 60° and 100°F (15.5° and 37.7°C).	Raise or lower the temperatures.
	Check for broken safety clamp spring and/or broken safety clamp.	Replace broken parts if required.
Backup buzzer does not activate during self test.	Check that the buzzer wiring is connected.	Plug in connector.
Ç	Check for an open fuse on the battery wire harness.	Replace fuse.
		Replace backup buzzer.
<b>INSERT SLIDECLAMP</b> alert or alarm is constantly on.	Ensure that the slide clamp sensor is clean.	Clean the slide clamp sensor.
Note: The alarm option is available only on pumps running software versions	Check connections. Check calibration and operation.	Disconnect and reconnect. Perform steps in Section 6.4.5.
1.09 or later.	•	Replace the safety/slide clamp assembly.

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# **Disassembly and Calibration**

#### 6.1 Introduction

This section of the manual includes a list of tools and test equipment required for performing maintenance, procedures for removing and replacing subassemblies once the cause of a malfunction has been determined, and procedures for calibration after component or circuit board replacement. Detailed exploded views of the pump are provided in Section 8.

# 6.2 Preparation for Maintenance

## 6.2.1 Tools and Test Equipment

The following tools and test equipment are required to perform the procedures contained in this section. Since all fasteners on this pump are metric, ensure that all tools used are for metric fasteners. Tightening torques on certain screws are specified in kgf-cm and in-lb for your convenience. The values in in-lb are approximate.

Note:

Reset the configuration options in accordance with Section 1.5.2 after performing any repairs. This is especially important after replacing the EPROMs, and after the occurrence of failure codes 49 or 94.

#### **Test Equipment**

#### **Tools**

Digital Voltmeter	Razor blade
DC Ammeter .	Metric Phillips-head screwdriver, #0
10 ohm, 10W resistor with variable load (see Figure 6-1)	Metric Phillips-head screwdriver, #1
Thickness gauge, part number UKOG1013.B	Metric Phillips-head screwdriver, #2
0.3 mm, flat- feeler gauge	UPP extractor, part no. UKOG1020.A
Grounded wriststrap	Wire harness connector extractor, part no. UKOG1021.A
Anti-static mat or other anti-static work surface	Torque screwdriver, 0-15 kgf-cm or 0-20 in-lb
Calibration tubing, part no. 3-2-92-479	Metric ball point Allen wrench, 1.5 mm
Precision 0.1 $\mu$ L gas tight syringe, part no. S9662-81 (or equivalent)	Slide Clamp Resetting Tool, part no. 020416132
Precision 250 $\mu$ L gas tight syringe. part no. S9662-82 (or equivalent)	Soldering Iron, temperature-regulated, 600° - 700°F, 20 - 48 Watts, 1/32" tip

# **6.2.2 Recording the Configuration Option Settings**

It is necessary to record the configuration option settings and the alarm log data before beginning maintenance procedures so that the pump can be reconfigured properly when maintenance is completed.

Note:

Oscilloscope (dual trace)

When the battery, EPROMs or a circuit board is disconnected or replaced, or a calibration is performed, all the configuration options must be reset. See Section 1.5.2.

- 1. Turn on the pump. Enter the configuration review mode by pressing the TIME and TOT VOL/STATUS keys simultaneously. Hold the keys for 1 second.
- 2. Press the NEXT or SEC START key to access each parameter sequentially. Record the configuration settings.
- 3. Exit the configuration inspection mode by pressing TIME and TOT VOL/STATUS again or press the STOP key.

4. Record the contents of the alarm log by pressing the SILENCE and TOT VOL/STATUS keys simultaneously. Within one second, press the CLEAR TOT VOL key to display the rest of the failure codes.

# 6.3 Disassembly/Reassembly

Disassembly of the Flo-Gard® 6201 Single Channel Volumetric Infusion Pump is limited to the mechanical components and printed circuit boards (PCBs). It is recommended that electrical problems be corrected by replacing entire PCBs unless circumstances warrant component repair. Use only approved replacement parts provided by Baxter Healthcare Corporation and listed in Section 8.

Please read all steps in the procedure before beginning. The procedures are given in order of disassembly. Disassemble the pump only as far as required to complete repair. All fastening components such as screws, washers and nuts used in the pump are metric. Be sure to use metric tools and replace only with metric components.

Caution: The pump is sensitive to electrostatic discharge damage (ESD). Al-

ways wear a grounded wriststrap when performing maintenance on

the pump to prevent damage to components.

Warning: Always make sure the pump is unplugged and that the pump is

turned off before disassembling. Failure to do so can result in per-

sonal injury and/or damage to the pump.

# 6.3.1 Separation of Front and Rear Housings

- 1. Turn the pump off and place it face down on an anti-static mat or work surface. Take care not to lay the pump face down on components (such as screws) which could damage the front panel.
- 2. Remove 8 screws that secure the rear housing to the front housing. (Figure 8-4, items 41 and 52.)

Caution: Avoid stressing the pump's internal cabling when separating the front and rear housings.

- 3. Stand the pump upright and separate the front and rear housings by slowly pulling the front half forward.
- 4. While the pump is standing, disconnect the following connectors in order:
  - a. Transformer connector, CN1, from the power supply board (Figure 8-2, item 13) located in the front half of the pump.

b. Battery connector, CN302, from the sensor board (Figure 8-2, item 4) located in the front half of the pump.

Note: The backup audible alarm may be activated. Continue with step c to disable the alarm.

c. Battery connector, CN751, from the backup audible alarm board (Figure 8-3, item 3) located in the rear half of the pump.

Note: Unlock the flat cable connector flange before disconnecting the cable.

d. Disconnect the flat cable connector from the back case half by first pulling the flange forward about 2 mm (5/64"). (CN-IF2)

Note: Later versions of the pump may have the ribbon cable tacked to the side of the case half.

- 5. Lay the front case half down on its front surface. Position it immediately in front of the rear half. Separate the two housings by disconnecting the ground wire from the main ground plate (Figure 8-3, item 7) from the back case half.
- 6. Reassemble the housings in the following order:
  - a. Replace the ground wire.
  - b. Stand the front housing up. Make sure that the connector flange is unlocked and reconnect the ribbon cable connector. Push in the flange to hold the cable in place. Use double sided tape as necessary.
  - c. Reconnect CN1, CN751 and CN302 in that order.
  - d. Route the following wires between the front and rear housings so that they will not be pinched by internal components when the housings are closed:

Ground wire
Battery harness
Pump head harness
Ribbon cable

e. Route the battery harness so that it is located over the battery compartment and through the cut portion of the CPU and Power Supply PCBs (Figure 8-2, items 3 and 13).

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#### **Caution:**

The CPU board (item 3) must be placed in the space between the battery compartment and the power transformer mounting bracket. Do not hit the EPROMs on the board against the battery compartment.

- f. Close the two housings by slightly lifting and moving the rear housing slowly toward the front housing.
- g. Plug power cord into an AC outlet and check that the Plug Icon is lit. If not, check for proper connection of CN1.
- h. Press the ON-OFF/CHARGE key and check that the self test is performed correctly.
- i. Be sure the front and rear housing surfaces are flush before tightening. Replace 6 screws (Figure 8-4, item 41) and tighten them to 9 kgf-cm (7.8 in-lb) with a torque screwdriver.
- j. Replace 2 screws (Figure 8-4, item 52) at handle. Tighten them to 9 kgf-cm (7.8 in-lb) with a torque screwdriver.
- k. If no other repairs are performed, perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

# 6.3.2 Separation of Printed Circuit Boards

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings completely (Section 6.3.1).
- 2. Disconnect the two connectors (CN601 and CN602) of the front panel film from the sensor board.
- 3. Disconnect four pump head connectors, CN201, CN851, CN803 and CN811, from the sensor board (Figure 8-2, item 4) with the wire harness connector extractor, part no. UKOG1021.A.
- 4. Remove the outermost four screws affixing the sensor board to the front housing. They are marked by arrows. Remove the ground wire screw (Figure 8-2, item 15) beside motor only.
- 5. Hold both top corners of the CPU board (Figure 8-2, item 3) and lift it until the sensor board (item 4) engages with the ground tab of the pump head mounting bracket. Then incline the boards toward the pump head assembly and slide the boards out of the side of the front half.

- 6. Place the printed circuit boards with the LCD display face down on a dust free flat surface. Be careful not to touch or damage the LCD display surface. Keep them away from dust. Take care not to place the LCD display on components (such as screws) which could damage the LCD display.
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order. Be sure to remove any dirt or dust on the LCD or its windows on the front housing before tightening the sensor board to the front housing. Be sure to reconnect all the removed connectors. Tighten the four screws (item 18) securing the sensor board to 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).

Note: The function of the four printed circuit boards can be checked outside of the front housing as long as all the connectors are properly connected.

8. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

## 6.3.3 Replacement of Front Panel Film

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings completely (Section 6.3.1).
- 2. Separate the printed circuit boards. (Section 6.3.2).
- 3. Remove one screw (Figure 8-2, item 14) that grounds the front panel film.

# Caution: Do not damage the front housing or the EMI plating with the tool. Do not reuse the removed front panel.

- 4. Remove the front panel film and the silicon rubber around the panel from the front housing with a razor blade or similar tool.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order. Tighten the front panel film ground screw (item 14) to 3 kgf-cm (2.6 in-lb). Remove the adhesive backing from the new front panel film edges and press firmly around front panel film edges and ensure that film is securely attached to the pump with no gaps.
- 6. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.
- 7. Seal the edges of the new front panel as follows:
  - a. Place the pump on its back and apply a strip of masking tape along the four edges and corners of the front panel, approximately .38 to .64 mm (0.015 to 0.025") from the edges and corners of the panel.

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- b. Using a dispenser with a small-diameter tip, apply a bead of Toray Dow Corning\* Silicone SE 9189 L (part no. UPAS0002.A) along the edges and corners of the panel. Apply the bead uniformly, within 40 to 50 seconds per edge.
- c. Remove the masking tape before the silicone starts to form a skin.
- d. Keep the pump on its back for 30 45 minutes.

#### 6.3.4 Replacement of Pump Head Door Cover

- 1. Open the pump head door.
- 2. Remove five screws that secure the pump head door cover to the pump head door. (Figure 8-1, item 12) Do not remove the screw affixing the metal plate in the recess at the bottom of the door (Figure 8-5, item 28).
- 3. Reassemble the cover in reverse order. Tighten each of the five screws to 4 kgf-cm (3.5 in-lb) with a torque screwdriver.

#### 6.3.5 Replacement of Pump Door Latch

- 1. Remove the pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 2. Close the pump door.
- 3. Remove the E-ring (Figure 8-5, item 5) that secures the door latch.
- 4. Lift the door latch and carefully pull it out of the pump door. Use caution to avoid losing the associated parts on the door latch pin.
- 5. To replace the latch, lay the pump on its back.
- 6. Place one thin washer (Figure 8-5, item 8), the spring (item 6), and the other thin washer (item 8) on the door latch pin.
- 7. Insert the pin into the hole in the pump door.
- 8. Open the pump door slightly.
- 9. Press the door latch in toward the pump door so that the spring is compressed. \* Toray Dow Corning

- 10. Install 4 mm washer (item 7) onto the pin.
- 11. Install the E-ring (item 5) onto the pin.
- 12. Calibrate in accordance with Sections 6.4.2 through 6.4.4.
- 13. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.6 Replacement of the Pump Door or Pump Door Assembly

- 1. Remove the pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 2. Remove the two set screws (Figure 8-5, item 29)
- 3. Slide the hinge pins (Figure 8-5, item 14) toward each other and remove the door.
- 4. Install the replacement door or door assembly in reverse order. Note the alignment of the hinge pins and make sure that the tapered ends are pointed toward each other.
- 5. Calibrate in accordance with Section 6.4.1 through 6.4.4.
- 6. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.7 Replacement of Door Latch Pin

- 1. Remove one screw (Figure 8-6, item 17) that secures the latch pin mounting block to the pump head base plate.
- 2. Install replacement door latch pin and secure with 1 screw. Tightening torque is 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).
- 3. Calibrate in accordance with Sections 6.4.1 through 6.4.4.
- 4. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.8 Replacement of Pump Head Assembly

1. Separate the front and rear housings (Section 6.3.1).

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- 2. Disconnect four pump head connectors, CN201, CN851, CN803 and CN811, from the sensor board (Figure 8-2, item 4) with the wire harness connector extractor, part no. UKOG1021.A.
- 3. Remove the screw that secures the pump head ground wire to the pump head mounting plate (Figure 8-2, item 15, top ground wire only).
- 4. Remove the pump door cover (Section 6.3.4).
- 5. Open the pump door and remove one black flathead screw and Phillips screw at the top and bottom right of pump head assembly. (Figure 8-1, items 5 and 6.)
- 6. Close the door and remove two black flat head screws (Figure 8-1, item 6) on the door hinge side that secure the pump head assembly to the front housing. These screws are accessible only when the door is closed. **Do not open the door before completely removing the two screws from the pump head assembly.**
- 7. Push the pump head assembly from the back and take it out of the front housing.

#### **Caution:**

Do not pull out the two flexible cables (Figure 8-6, items 10 and 11) from their associated connector housings. This action could open the circuit.

Do not remove the gasket (Figure 8-1 item 4) from the front case. If resistance is felt, check any pinched wires between the pump head assembly and the mounting plate or remove tangled wiring harness. Do not force the assembly out. Insulation of pump head wire harness can be damaged.

8. Reassemble the pump head assembly in reverse order.

#### Caution:

Be sure not to pinch wires and gasket between the front housing and the pump head assembly when reinstalling the pump head assembly.

The three black screws (Figure 8-1, item 6) and one Phillips screw (item 5) must be torqued to 9 kgf-cm (7.8 in-lb). The screw (Figure 8-2, item 15) for the pump head ground wire must be torqued to 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).

Route the pump head wiring harnesses as close to the side of the pump head assembly as possible so that the wires are not pinched or damaged by internal components when the housings are closed.

9. Calibrate in accordance with Sections 6.4.1 through 6.4.4.

10. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.9 Replacement of Upstream Occlusion Sensor

- 1. Remove two Phillips screws (Figure 8-7, item 16) which secure the sensor (item 9) to the pump head base plate.
- 2. Pull and rotate the sensor 45 ° clockwise and carefully remove it from the pump head base plate.
- 3. Desolder black and white wires from sensor. Use caution to avoid contacting any plastic parts with the soldering iron.
- 4. Remove the screw (Figure 8-7, item 6) securing grounding plate (item 11), ground wire and star washer (item 8). **Do not lose the plate, washer and screw.**
- 5. Install replacement sensor and reassemble in reverse order. **Be sure to attach the ground wire and plate to the sensor, see Figure 8-7.** Tightening torque for item 16 is 3 kgf-cm (2.6 in-lb). Tightening torque for item 6 is 1.5 kgf-cm (1.3 in-lb).
- 6. Calibrate in accordance with Section 6.4.1 and 6.4.4.
- 7. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.10 Replacement of Downstream Occlusion Sensor Assembly

- 1. Remove two Phillips screws (Figure 8-7, item 16) which secure the sensor to the pump head base plate.
- 2. Pull and rotate the sensor 45° clockwise and carefully remove it from the pump head base plate.
- 3. Desolder black and white wires from sensor. Use caution to avoid contacting any plastic parts with the soldering iron.
- 4. Remove the screw (Figure 8-7, item 6), ground wire and star washer (item 8). **Do not lose the washer and screw.**
- 5. Install replacement sensor and reassemble in reverse order. Tightening torque for item 16 is 3 kgf-cm (2.6 in-lb). Tightening torque for item 6 is 1.5 kgf-cm (1.3 in-lb).

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- 6. Calibrate in accordance with Section 6.4.1 and 6.4.3.
- 7. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.11 Air Sensor Assembly Replacement

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings per Section 6.3.1, steps 1 through 3.
- 2. Separate connector CN811 (lower left corner of the circuit board as viewed from the rear).

Note:

Note the location of the wire ties restraining the cable leading to CN811 (for later replacement) and carefully cut and remove them.

Be sure not to cut or nick any other wires during this process. Removing two cable ties usually frees the cable but, in some instances, more will need to be removed. They will be replaced with new cable ties upon completion of these steps.

If the ground wire from the pump head mounting plate (Figure 8-2, item 15) prevents separation of CN811, loosen the ground wire screw and reposition the ground wire to gain access to the connector.

- 3. Disconnect air sensor connector CN811 from the sensor board. Remove the two screws (Figure 8-7, item 16) which secure the air sensor (item 14) to the pump head and carefully pull out the air sensor assembly. Desolder the green ground wire from the back of the air sensor.
- 4. If it is present, desolder and discard the green ground wire from the back of the replacement air sensor assembly (Part no. F049120023).
- 5. Be careful not to disconnect the ribbon cable of the slide clamp mechanism during this step. Insert the replacement air sensor connector through the air sensor opening on the pump head and pull the wires all the way through. Solder the ground wire to the new air sensor.
- 6. Secure the replacement air sensor to the pump head (tightening torque of 2 kgf-cm or 1.7 in-lbs) and reconnect CN811. Route the wires to their original location and replace any cable ties that were removed in step 2. The number of ties and their locations should approximate the original configuration. Trim the ends of all newly added cable ties so that they are flush with the cable tie buckles. If the ground wire screw was loosened in step 2, tighten the ground wire screw to 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).

- 7. Perform the calibration in Section 6.4.1 and 6.4.2.
- 8. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

## 6.3.12 Replacement of Force Sensing Resistor\* (FSR\*\*) Devices for Tube Misloading Sensors

- 1. Remove pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 2. Separate the front and rear housings (Section 6.3.1).
- 3. Disconnect the tube misloading sensors (Figure 8-6, items 10 and 11) from the connector at rear top of the pump head assembly by pulling their connector housings. **Do not remove them by pulling the film portion.**
- 4. Open the pump door.
- 5. Remove two Phillips screws (Figure 8-7, item 16) which secure the upstream occlusion sensor (Figure 8-7, item 9) to the pump head base plate.

# Caution: Do not scratch the ribbon connectors located above the sensors. Scratches can damage the connectors.

- 6. Pull and rotate the sensor 45° clockwise and carefully remove it from the pump head base plate.
- 7. Remove the mounting block for the latch pin (Figure 8-6, item 1) if the right sensor will be replaced.

# Caution: Do not damage the base plate or the surface of the other tube misloading sensor with the tool. Do not reuse the removed tube misloading sensor.

8. Remove the tube misloading sensor from the pump base plate with a razor blade or similar tool.

### Note: All adhesive residues must be removed from the surface to ensure the successful attachment of FSRs\*\*.

9. Completely remove any adhesive residue from the base plate and clean the surface with an alcohol-soaked cloth.

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<sup>\*</sup> Interlink Electronics

<sup>\*\*</sup>Interlink Electronics

- 10. Using a digital multimeter, check that the resistance of the new tube misloading sensor at no load is between 140 K $\Omega$  and 210 K $\Omega$ . If not, do not use it.
- 11. Loosely attach a new tube misloading sensor to the pump base plate. Ensure that it fits within its recess and does not override the pump head area. **Do not attach the sensor firmly to the pump base plate yet.**
- 12. Check that the resistance of the tube misloading sensor at no load is within 140 K $\Omega$  and 210 K $\Omega$ . If not, repeat steps 8 through 12.
- 13. If the sensor resistance reading is normal, press the tube misloading sensor firmly and ensure that it is securely attached to the pump base plate with no gaps.
- 14. Connect both sensors to the connectors at top rear of the pump base plate through the hole for the upstream occlusion sensor. (See Figure 8-6.)
- 15. Replace the upstream occlusion sensor to the pump base plate and calibrate in accordance with Section 6.4.1 and 6.4.4.
- 16. Install the mounting block for the latch pin (Figure 8-6, item 1) if it was removed. Tightening torque is 6 kgf-cm (5.2 in-lb).
- 17. Reassemble the case halves.
- 18. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.13 Replacement of Pump Motor

- 1. Remove pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 2. Separate the front and rear housings (Section 6.3.1).
- 3. Remove pump head assembly in accordance with Section 6.3.8.
- 4. Close the pump door.
- 5. Carefully place the pump head assembly face down on the work surface.
- 6. Carefully remove the two springs (Figure 8-8, item 9) above the motor coupling. **Perform this step carefully to avoid losing springs.**

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- 7. Remove two screws (Figure 8-9, item 30) that secure the motor holding plate to the safety/slide clamp assembly.
- 8. Remove two screws, washers and spring washers (Figure 8-8, items 22, 14 and 25) securing the encoder cover (Figure 8-8, item 16) and finger box cover to the finger box. **Do not lose the short nut bar (Figure 8-8, item 31).**
- 9. Remove two screws, washers and spring washers (Figure 8-8, items 22, 14 and 25) securing the finger box cover to the finger box (item 15) above the motor coupling. **Do not lose the long nut bar (Figure 8-8, item 32).**
- 10. Remove the finger box cover.

# Note: Slide the encoder cover toward the encoder to prevent it from sticking to the encoder screw head.

- 11. Carefully lift the motor and remove motor and its associated assembly from the pump head base plate. Take care not to deform the encoder or damage the fingers. Keep the finger box and the fingers away from dirt or dust.
- 12. Remove the motor holding plate (Figure 8-9, item 8) from the motor shaft bottom and carefully place on the work surface.
- 13. Remove two set screws (Figure 8-8, item 27) closest to the motor.
- 14. To install the motor, push motor shaft into motor coupling (item 8). Install set screws (item 27). **Do not tighten them at this time.** Attach the spring retainer (item 2) to the replacement motor, as necessary.
- 15. Place the motor holding plate (Figure 8-9, item 8) onto the motor shaft bottom such that the plate sticks out of the motor housing on the side with the motor wires (Figure 8-8).
- 16. Install the motor and its associated assembly into the pump head base plate with the following cautions:
  - a. The motor must be positioned such that the wires go out rear of the base plate (Figure 8-8).
  - b. Be sure that the fingers are in the finger box and the motor holding plate is properly installed in the cut of the safety/slide clamp assembly (item 1).

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- 17. Check that the bearings (item 10) are properly seated on the finger box and install the finger box cover using the four screws, washers and spring washers (items 22, 14 and 25). Before tightening these screws, rotate the motor coupling by hand to ensure smooth rotation of the motor shaft and the encoder. Tighten the screws to 6 kgf-cm (5.2 in-lb).
- 18. Install the motor holding plate onto the safety/slide clamp assembly. Tighten the two screws (Figure 8-9, item 30) to 6 kgf-cm (5.2 in-lb).
- 19. Apply a trace of Loctite\* 211 or 222 to the set screws (Figure 8-8, item 27).
- 20. Place a 0.3 mm, flat-feeler gauge between the motor bottom surface and the motor end plate. If the flat-feeler gauge cannot be inserted or the gap is wider than .3mm, loosen the set screws (Figure 8-8, item 27) to move the motor. Ensure that the edge of the flat-feeler gauge is touching the side of the motor shaft. Press the motor against the plate and tighten the set screws to 5 kgf-cm (4.3 in-lbs).

Note: When the set screws have been properly tightened, the screw heads will be recessed in the motor coupling and the screw ends will be in contact with the flat surfaces of the finger shaft.

- 21. Install the springs removed in step 6, and remove the flat-feeler gauge.
- 22. Install pump head assembly into case in accordance with Section 6.3.8.
- 23. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

### 6.3.14 Replacement of Safety/Slide Clamp Assembly

- 1. Remove pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 2. Separate the front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 3. Remove the pump head in accordance with Section 6.3.8.
- 4. Press the safety clamp pin (Figure 8-9, item 6) to close the safety clamp. Remove the screw (Figure 8-7, item 2) on the right side of the safety clamp arm cover (item 10) and remove the arm cover. Close the pump door.
- 5. Place the pump head face down and remove the two screws (Figure 8-9, item 35) to remove the sensor assembly.

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<sup>\*</sup> Loctite, Inc.

- 6. Remove the two screws (Figure 8-9, item 30) on the bottom of the safety/slide clamp assembly to release the motor holding plate (item 8).
- 7. Remove the six screws (Figure 8-8, item 60) on the finger box and lift the finger and motor assembly off of the base plate.
- 8. Remove the flexible cable at the back of the slide clamp assembly (Figure 8-9, item 29) from the connector on the terminal board. Be sure to pull the reinforced part so as not to damage the flexible cable.
- 9. Remove four screws (Figure 8-8, items 28 and 55) securing the safety/slide clamp assembly and remove it from the pump head base plate.
- 10. Press the safety clamp pin (Figure 8-9, item 6) on the replacement assembly to close the safety clamp, with the safety clamp seal dangling, install the replacement safety/slide clamp assembly into rear of the pump head base plate and secure with four screws (Figure 8-8, items 28 and 55). Make sure safety clamp seal (Figure 8-9, item 25) is in place and moves freely side to side with the safety clamp arm. Tightening torque for the four screws is 6 kgf-cm (5.2 in-lb).
- 11. Connect the flexible cable (Figure 8-9, item 29) to the connector on the terminal board.
- 12. Place the motor holding plate (Figure 8-9, item 30) on the motor shaft and slide it in the safety/slide clamp assembly while replacing the finger and motor assembly. Install the six screws (Figure 8-8, item 60). Tightening torque is 6 kgf-cm (5.2 in-lb).
- 13. Install the two motor holding plate screws (Figure 8-9, item 30). Tightening torque is 4 kgf-cm (3.5 in-lb).
- 14. Place a 0.3mm, flat-feeler gauge between the motor bottom surface and the motor end plate. If the flat-feeler gauge cannot be inserted, or the gap is wider than .3mm, loosen the set screws (Figure 8-8, item 27) to move the motor. Ensure that the edge of the flat-feeler gauge is touching the side of the motor shaft. Press the motor against the plate and tighten the set screws to 5kgf-cm (4.3 in-lb).
- 15. Install the sensor 2 assembly using the two screws (Figure 8-9, item 35). Tightening torque is 3 kgf-cm (2.6 in-lb).
- 16. Install safety clamp arm cover. Tightening torque for the arm cover securing screw (Figure 8-7, item 2) is 1 kgf-cm (0.9 in-lb). Remove the flat-feeler gauge.
- 17. Install pump head assembly into case in accordance with Section 6.3.8.

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- 18. Install pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 19. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.15 Spring Retainer Removal

The spring retainer is installed into the slide clamp slot at the factory to maintain proper tension on the springs within the assembly. It must be removed prior to use if the Insert Slide Clamp option is enabled.

- 1. Open the pump door. See Figure 1-2 for the location of the spring retainer.
- 2. Press the safety clamp arm cover in until the safety clamp latches open.
- 3. Using E-ring pliers, insert the tips into the holes in the spring retainer.
- 4. Gently remove the spring retainer. Keep the removed spring retainer in case it is needed in the future.

#### 6.3.16 Spring Retainer Installation

The spring retainer is installed into the slide clamp slot at the factory to maintain proper tension on the springs within the assembly. If the Insert Slide Clamp option is not going to be used, the spring retainer should remain in the assembly during pump use to maintain proper spring tension as well as to help prevent the ingress of fluids into the mechanism. Instructions for installing the spring retainer are provided below.

- 1. Open the pump door and insert the Slide Clamp Resetting Tool into the slide clamp mechanism until it stops (this tool cannot be pushed in fully).
- 2. Press the safety clamp pin to release the slide mechanism. This pushes out the tool slightly.
- 3. Carefully remove the tool. If the slide clamp mechanism was activated properly, the ridges on both sides of the tool should rub against the claws of the mechanism.
- 4. Insert the spring retainer until it locks in place.

#### 6.3.17 Replacement of Back Plate

- 1. Remove the pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 2. Remove the back plate cover (Figure 8-5, item 16) by removing the screw inside the door (item 27). Then remove the 7 screws (Figure 8-5, item 26) from the outside of the door. **Perform this step carefully to avoid losing springs (item 18).**
- 3. Remove the 5 springs (item 18) and the back plate (item 17).
- 4. Install the replacement back plate. Ensure that the back plate is clean and not worn. Ensure that the notch in the back plate aligns with the tongue in the door. Ensure that all 5 springs (item 18) are in place and perpendicular to the back plate cover.
- 5. Install the back plate cover (item 16) in reverse order. Apply pressure to the back plate cover and install the screws (items 26 and 27) working from the outside edges to the center. That is, install the top and bottom corner screws first, followed by the screws in the center of the back plate cover. Before tightening these screws, press the back plate a few times from the inside of the door to ensure smooth operation. Tighten these screws to 6 kgf-cm (5.2 in-lb).
- 6. Replace pump door cover in accordance with Section 6.3.4.
- 7. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.18 Replacement of Battery

- 1. Turn off and unplug the pump.
- 2. Remove the 4 screws (Figure 8-4, item 27) on the battery compartment cover.
- 3. Slide the battery out of the rear housing.

Note: Lead batteries must be recycled or disposed of properly. Contact Federal or State environmental agencies for information on recycling and disposal options.

- 4. Disconnect the two female connectors from the battery terminals.
- 5. Reassemble the battery into the pump in reverse order. Tightening torque for the four screws is 9 kgf-cm (7.8 in-lb).

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#### Caution: Be sure to match the polarities of the female connectors.

Red wires (+) must be connected to red marked (+) battery terminal. See the battery label on the underside of the battery cover. The battery must be placed with its connectors up. (See Figure 8-4). The wires must be routed in the battery compartment so that they run between the battery and the boss for the housing screw.

Be sure to place the cushion (Figure 8-4, item 17) around the boss such that its surface becomes flush with the boss.

Be careful not to pinch wires between the front housing and battery compartment cover.

6. Perform the Self Test (Section 7.3.2.2) and Battery Check (Section 7.3.8).

#### 6.3.19 Replacement of Power Supply Board

- 1. Turn off and unplug the pump.
- 2. Separate front and rear housings completely in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 3. Separate the boards in accordance with Section 6.3.2.
- 4. Unplug CN301 from the sensor board (Figure 8-2, item 4).
- 5. Stand the boards upright and remove the screws (Figure 8-2, item 18) securing the lower corners of the power supply board.
- 6. Squeeze the board spacer (Figure 8-2, item 11) tops with needle nose pliers to release the power supply board from the spacers.
- 7. Install the power supply board. Tightening torque for the two screws (item 18) securing the board is 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).
- 8. Reassemble in reverse order. Be sure to remove any dirt or dust on the LCD windows before tightening the sensor board to the front housing. Be sure to reconnect all the removed connectors.
- 9. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

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#### 6.3.20 Replacement of CPU Board

- 1. Separate front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Separate boards in accordance with Section 6.3.2.
- 3. Remove the power supply board in accordance with Section 6.3.19.
- 4. Stand the boards upright and remove the three screws (Figure 8-2, item 18) securing the lower edges of the CPU board to the PCB spacer.
- 5. Unplug CNBUS1 connector from the CNBUS2 connector on the sensor board by carefully pulling the CPU board perpendicularly to the sensor board.

## Caution: Be sure to place the CPU board on an insulated surface. Shorting the wires from the lithium battery may result in a fire hazard.

- 6. Install the CPU board. Tightening torque for the three screws (item 18) securing the board is 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).
- Reassemble in reverse order. Be sure to remove any dirt or dust on the LCD windows before tightening the sensor board to the front housing. Be sure to reconnect all the removed connectors.
- 8. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.21 Replacement of Display Board

- 1. Separate front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Separate circuit boards in accordance with Section 6.3.2.
- 3. Stand the printed circuit cards upright and remove the five screws (Figure 8-2, items 16) securing the corners and right center of the display board.
- 4. Carefully disconnect connector CNDISP from the lower left side and remove the display board from the sensor board.
- 5. Install the display board. Tightening torque for the five screws (item 16) securing the board is 1.5 kgf-cm (1.3 in-lb).

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- Reassemble in reverse order. Be sure to remove any dirt or dust on the LCD windows before tightening the sensor board to the front housing. Be sure to reconnect all the removed connectors.
- 7. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.22 Replacement of Sensor Board

- 1. Separate front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Separate printed circuit boards in accordance with Section 6.3.2.
- 3. Separate display board in accordance with Section 6.3.21.
- 4. Unplug CN301 from the sensor board (Figure 8-2, item 4).
- 5. Remove the three screws (item 18) securing the center of the sensor board.
- 6. Carefully disconnect connector CNDISP at the center and remove the sensor board from the display board.
- 7. Install the sensor board. Tightening torque for the three screws (item 18) securing the board is 1.5 kgf-cm (1.3 in-lb). Be sure to insert the standoffs of the spacers into the holes of the sensor board.
- 8. Reassemble in reverse order. Be sure to remove any dirt or dust on the LCD windows before tightening the sensor board to the front housing. Be sure to reconnect all the removed connectors.
- 9. Calibrate in accordance with Sections 6.4.1 through 6.4.7.
- 10. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.23 Replacement of Audible Alarm/Alert Board

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Remove one screw (Figure 8-3, item 23) securing the audible alarm/alert board (item 4) to the rear housing.

- 3. Remove the board and unplug connector CN751.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order. Tightening torque for item 23 is 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).
- 5. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.24 Replacement of Backup Audible Alarm/Alert Board

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Unplug connectors CN751 and CN752.
- 3. Remove one screw (Figure 8-3, item 23) securing the backup audible alarm/alert board (item 3) to the rear housing.
- 4. Remove the board.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order. Tightening torque for item 23 is 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).
- 6. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.25 Replacement of Terminal Board

1. Separate the front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.

#### Note: Be sure to unlock the connector flange before disconnecting the cable.

- 2. Unplug connectors CN401, CN701, and ribbon cable connector CNI/F2.
- 3. Remove three screws (Figure 8-3, item 23) securing the terminal board (item 2) to the rear housing.
- 4. Remove the board.

# Note: Be sure to unlock the connector flange before connecting the cable and then push it in to lock.

- 5. Reassemble in reverse order. Tightening torque for item 23 is 7 kgf-cm (6.1 in-lb).
- 6. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

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#### 6.3.26 Replacement of Power Transformer

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings completely in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Disconnect the 2-pin CNAC connector from the power supply board (Figure 8-2, item 13).
- 3. Desolder the black and white wires from the transformer at the AC receptacle (Figure 8-4, item 22).
- 4. Remove the transformer mounting bracket by removing four securing screws (Figure 8-3, items 21 and 24).
- 5. Remove the transformer by removing two securing screws (Figure 8-3, item 22).
- 6. Reassemble in reverse order. Tightening torque for items 22 and 24 is 9 kgf-cm (7.8 in-lb) and for item 21 is 5 kgf-cm (4.3 in-lb).

### Note: Be sure to match the color of the wire when resoldering the black and white wires to the fuse holders.

7. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.27 Replacement of PANEL LOCK Switch

- 1. Separate front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Pull out black pushbutton (Figure 8-4, item 8) on rear of pump while holding the rear housing.
- 3. Desolder pink and brown wires from switch.
- 4. Remove hex nut and lockwasher securing the switch and remove it.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order.
- 6. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.28 Replacement of Lithium Backup Battery

The lithium backup battery provides backup voltage to the pump's memory when the main battery is disconnected. To avoid loss of configuration option settings, record the settings and ensure that the main battery is connected before beginning this procedure.

- 1. Separate front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 2. Cut the tie wrap holding the lithium battery on the CPU board (Figure 8-2, item 3).
- 3. Disconnect connector CN304 and remove the lithium battery.
- 4. Install replacement battery in reverse order.
- 5. Verify that the configuration option is set as desired and modify if necessary (See Section 1.5.2).
- 6. Check the backup battery voltage reading per Section 5.3.1, steps 11 and 12.
- 7. Perform the Operational Checkout in Section 7.

#### 6.3.29 Tube Guide Shim Installation

#### **Required Parts**

Air Sensor Tubing guide shim (Part no. 722003396) Loctite\* Prism 454 adhesive (Part no. 722003397) Cellophane tape

Note:

Open the pump head door and check for a white tubing guide shim or a letter "A" on the door, opposite the air sensor. If the shim or letter "A" is present, it is NOT necessary to perform this procedure.

Note:

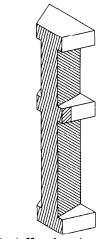
Make sure the pump is NOT plugged into AC power. Clean the tube guide area on the door with a small paint brush soaked in a solution of dishwashing detergent and rinse with clean water. Use an air source that is free of oil to dry the tube guide or allow it to air dry.

1. Lay the pump on its side opposite the pump head. Place the tube guide shim on the tube guide and note the surfaces making contact with the tubing guide for adhesive application. To handle the shim, press a 3-inch piece of cellophane tape onto the shim lengthwise. Use the tape to lift the shim from the door. Save the tape and shim combination.

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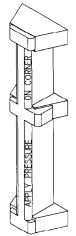
<sup>\*</sup>Loctite, Inc.

2. Use the applicator on the tube to apply a thin, uniform layer of Loctite\* Prism 454 adhesive to the tube guide surfaces to which the shim is to be bonded. **To achieve a good bond you must apply adhesive to all of the shaded areas** (See Figure 6-1).



6-1. Adhesive Application

3. Immediately place the shim back onto the tube guide using the tape as a handling aid. Apply finger pressure to the corner of the shim at a 45° angle as indicated in Figure 6-2. Apply pressure at the ends, as well as, at the middle of the shim. The tape acts as a barrier preventing adhesive from contacting the fingers (See Figure 6-2).



6-2. Pressure Application Points

- 4. Hold the shim motionless for 60 seconds while continuing to apply pressure.
- 5. Remove the tape and visually inspect the shim for excess adhesive. Remove excess adhesive using a dry cotton swab.

\*Loctite, Inc.

- 6. Ensure that the shim is properly bonded to the door by verifying that there are no gaps between the shim and the tubing guide. Use a fingernail to attempt to lift each end and the middle section of the shim to verify that the bond is secure.
- 7. Perform the calibration in Section 6.4.2.

#### 6.3.30 LCD Cushion Installation

Note:

These instruction are for devices that exhibit blanking displays. Cushions will be installed on the inside of the case to keep the case interior from touching the LCD.

#### **Equipment**

#2 Phillips Screwdriver or power screwdriver Indelible ink (permanent marker)

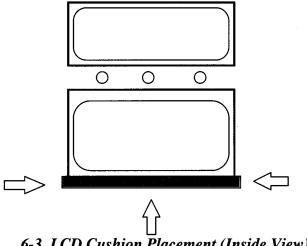
#### **Parts**

1 ea. LCD cushion (Part no. PCUSU101.A) 1 ea. Upgrade Label (Part no. 072601047)

- 1. Turn off the pump and make sure it is disconnected from AC power.
- 2. Separate the front and rear housings (Section 6.3.1).
- 3. Remove the CPU and Display board assembly (Section 6.3.2).

Note:

CNIF, CN601, and CN602 are the only connectors that have to be disconnected before the four screws shown with arrows are removed. The CPU/Display board assembly can be placed on top of the pump assembly.



### 6-3. LCD Cushion Placement (Inside View)

### Important: The LCD cushion is installed on the inside of the case housing NOT on the LCD.

- 4. Peel off the adhesive backing and install the LCD cushion across the bottom edge of the inset (recessed area for the LCD). See Figure 6-3. If properly positioned, you should be able to feel a ridge (the inset edge) in the center of the LCD cushion. The cushion should also be centered from left to right. Ensure that the cushion is not visible in the display window when looking at the outside of the case.
- 5. Remove the adhesive backing from the upgrade label (Part no. 072601047) and install it between the feet on the front case half. Use indelible ink (permanent marker) and mark box number 1.
- 6. Assemble the pump by performing applicable previous steps in reverse order.
- 7. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.3.31 Software Installation

#### **Equipment**

#2 Phillips Screwdriver IC Removal Tool IC Insertion Tool

#### **Parts**

1 EPROM with master software (-MAS - as necessary)

1 EPROM with slave software (-SLV- as necessary)

Note:

There are two EPROMs available for replacement/upgrade in this device. Although these ICs are the same, the software stored in each is different. Therefore, ensure that the correct part is installed into the correct location.

Note:

This device contains CMOS circuitry. Adequate steps to prevent damage cause by electrostatic discharge should be taken such as ground straps and grounded work surfaces.

#### **EPROM Installation**

- 1. With the pump powered off, press and hold the SILENCE key then press the ON/OFF CHARGE key. Record the software version number shown on the lower right corner of the main display.
- 2. Turn off the pump and disconnect it from AC power.
- 3. Remove the battery from the pump (Section 6.3.18).
- 4. Remove the screw (item 30) from the EPROM access cover (item 4) located inside the battery compartment, and remove the cover.
- 5. Remove the EPROM(s) using an IC removal tool.

Note: The Master EPROM is located above the Slave EPROM (designated on the board). Also, note that the orientation of both EPROMs is with the notch toward the bottom of the PC board.

- 6. Install the new version EPROM(s) in its (their) socket(s). Make sure that all of the pins are seated in the socket correctly, and that the notched end(s) of the EPROM(s) is/are toward the bottom of the PC board. An IC insertion tool makes this step much easier.
- 7. Replace the EPROM access cover along with the cover screw.
- 8. Replace the battery (Section 6.3.18). Connect the battery wires to the battery (check polarity) and carefully slide the battery into the battery compartment.

Note: If the secondary alarm is activated, press the ON/OFF CHARGE key to stop the alarm. If a failure code appears, perform steps 1-5 in the Set Configuration section.

9. Set the configuration to its original settings per Section 1.5.2

10. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.4 Calibration

Read all steps in this procedure prior to calibration of the pump. Be sure that all of the necessary equipment is available before beginning calibration procedures. **During calibration it is important to keep the connectors clean.** 

The pump should be powered off for at least two hours before attempting to perform calibration. All calibration procedures should be performed in ambient and solution temperatures of  $22^{\circ}$ C to  $28^{\circ}$ C ( $72^{\circ}$ F to  $82^{\circ}$ F).

#### 6.4.1 DC Line Voltages

Verify DC line voltages prior to performing other calibrations. (Further calibrations will not be reliable if DC line voltages are out of specification.) If the DC voltages are not within specification, check the appropriate DC power supply circuit.

The following section may be used to verify various voltages and signals without disassembling the pump. Measurements should be made with the pump on AC power.

- 1. Remove the battery access cover (Section 6.3.18).
- 2. Remove the EPROM access cover by removing 1 securing screw.
- 3. Locate the CNTEST connector beneath the EPROM access cover.

# Note: Connections called out in the following steps refer to the CNTEST connector. Pin 8 of the CNTEST connector is always used as signal ground.

- 4. Connect a voltmeter to  $V_{main}$  (pin 6). With the pump powered off, the reading should be  $13.65 \pm 0.15$  VDC. The ripple voltage should be measured using an oscilloscope or using a 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor with the lead connected in series and the voltmeter set to AC. The ripple voltage should be  $\leq 100$  mVp-p at 105 VAC.
- 5. Connect the voltmeter to  $V_{ref}$  (pin 1). Power up the pump. While in STOP mode, the voltage should be  $5.000 \pm 0.050$  VDC.
- 6. Measure the  $V_{cpu}$  voltage at pin 3. The voltage should be  $5.00 \pm 0.30$  VDC.
- 7. Measure the  $V_{\text{key}}$  voltage at pin 5. The voltage should be 5.00 ± 0.30 VDC.
- 8. Measure the V<sub>oth</sub> voltage at pin 4. The voltage should be 12.90 to 13.90 VDC.

- 9. Measure the lithium backup battery voltage at pin 7. It should be 3.0 to 3.4 VDC.
- 10. Press the ON-OFF/CHARGE key to turn off the pump. Disconnect all test equipment.
- 11. Replace the EPROM cover and the battery (Section 6.3.18).
- 12. Calibration is not required if  $V_{cpu}$  voltage is within specifications.
- 13. If the values are out of specification, calibrate the voltages using the following procedure.
- 14. Connect the calibration circuit shown in Figure 6-4.

Variable transformer; 100 - 135 VAC, minimum 50 VA

Digital voltmeter: 4.5 digits with  $\pm 0.1\%$  accuracy at 20 VDC range and  $\pm 3\%$  accuracy

at 100 - 135 VAC range

DC ammeter: 1 ADC in 0.01 A increments

External circuit consisting of a 10  $\Omega$ , 10 watt resistor in series with

a 10  $\Omega$ , 10 watt potentiometer (See Figure 6-4).

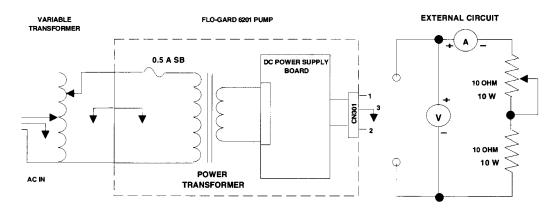


Figure 6-4. Calibration Equipment Setup

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#### 15. Calibration Set Up

- a. Separate the front and rear housings completely in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- b. Disconnect the power supply connector (CN301) from the sensor board (Figure 8-2, item 4) and connect it to the external circuit.
- c. Connect the external circuit as illustrated in Figure 6-4.
- d. Plug all calibration equipment into a  $115 \pm 5.0$  VAC, 60 Hz power source. Set the variable transformer to 0 V or minimum setting.
- e. Turn potentiometers VR1 on the DC power supply board fully counterclockwise and VR2 fully clockwise.
- f. Set the DC ammeter to the appropriate range and the DC voltmeter to 20 VDC range. Do not use autorange.

#### 16. Calibration of Output Voltage by VR2

- a. Ensure the AC power plug of the pump is connected to the variable transformer.
- b. Adjust the variable transformer output to 120 VAC. The voltage may be checked with an ordinary tester with  $\pm$  3% accuracy.
- c. Adjust the potentiometer until the output current is 0.85 A.
- d. Slowly turn VR2 counterclockwise until the voltage between pin 2 (+, red) and pin 3 (-, black) of CN301 is 13.65 V +0.05, -0 V. It may be necessary to readjust the potentiometer of the external circuit during this step.
- e. Check that the voltage between pin 1 (+, yellow) and pin 3 (-, black) of CN301 is between 13.8 and 14.5 V.
- f. Disconnect the resistive load and check that the voltage between pins 2 and 3 at no load is  $13.7 \pm 0.1$  V.

#### 17. Calibration of Output Current Limit by VR1

a. Adjust the variable transformer output to 100 VAC and adjust the external circuit for an output current of 0.9 A.

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- b. Slowly turn VR1 clockwise so that the voltage between pin 2 (+, red) and pin 3 (-, black) of CN301 is  $11.5 \pm 0.5$  V.
- c. Adjust the variable transformer output to 135 VAC and check that the voltage between pin 2 (+, red) and pin 3 (-, black) of CN301 is  $13.65 \pm 0.1$  V.
- d. Turn off the pump and disconnect the external circuit.
- 18. Reassemble the pump.
- 19. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7 if any calibration was performed.

#### 6.4.2 Air Sensor Calibration

Note:

This section must be performed if the pump head, sensor board, air sensor, door/door assembly, door latch, or latch pin is replaced.

Verify if a modification to the pump head door is necessary to complete this calibration procedure. Open the door and check for a white tubing guide shim or a letter "A" on the door, opposite the air sensor. If the shim or letter "A" is present, the modification was already performed. Proceed to step 1 below.

If the white tubing guide shim or letter"A" is not present, go to Section 6.3.29 to install the tubing guide shim. For Flo-Gard® 6201 pumps with serial numbers less than 83030018 but not ending in FA, a modification to the air sensor assembly is also necessary. Replace the existing air sensor assembly with a new assembly, Part no. F049120023.

1. Modify an I.V. tubing set by cutting the tubing about 6 inches below the first Y-site and splicing in a piece of calibration tubing (Part no. 3-2-92-479) using tubing connectors. Fully prime the set with distilled water.

Note:

This fluid filled tube, along with a dry calibration tubing segment, will be used to calibrate the pump. These sections of tubing should only be used to calibrate 5 pumps with the tubing moved to an unused section for each pump tested. After the calibration of the fifth pump, discard the segments and replace them with new ones.

2. Place the pump upright. If the case is not already opened, separate the front and rear housings (see section 6.3.1), but do NOT remove any connectors. Plug the pump into AC power.

## Warning: When working on an open pump, an electrical hazard exists when the pump is plugged into AC power.

- 3. Set the pump to Test Mode 2. Press and hold the CLEAR TOT VOL and "2" keys, then press the ON/OFF CHARGE key. Release the ON/OFF CHARGE key without releasing the CLEAR TOT VOL and "2" keys for at least three seconds. The pump is in Test Mode 2 if NORM and MIN are displayed on the left hand side of the message (upper) display. If the Pump is not in Test Mode 2, turn off the pump and repeat this step.
- 4. Using the set created in Step 1, load the fluid filled calibration tubing segment, into the pump head and close the pump door. Open and close the pump door two more times and wait 2 minutes.
- 5. Adjust the NORM value (PRI RATE window) and the MIN value (PRI VTBI window) using VR801. Take the greater of the NORM and MIN values and calibrate to  $450 \pm 20$  (430 470). If the lesser value is less than 410, adjust it up so that it is just above 410. Recheck that the greater of the NORM and MIN values is still within 430 470. If both the NORM and MIN air sensor values are within the specified ranges, continue to the next step. If these ranges cannot be achieved, replace the air sensor per Section 6.3.11. After the air sensor is replaced, begin this section, starting with step 2.
- 6. Remove the fluid filled tubing from the pump head. Load an air filled piece of calibration tubing into the pump head and close the pump door. Open and close the pump door two more times and wait 2 minutes.
- 7. Proceed to the next step if the values are 5 or less. If the values are greater than 5, adjust VR801 so that the higher of the NORM or MIN values is  $4 \pm 1$ . If adjustment was required, load the fluid filled piece of calibration tubing into the pump head and close the pump door. Open and close the pump door two more times and wait 2 minutes. Verify that both NORM and MIN values are within the range of 410 and 470.

### Note: Apply Red Glpt\* to VR801.

- 8. Exit Test Mode 2 by pressing the ON/OFF CHARGE key.
- 9. Prime and load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set. See Section 7.3.2.1, steps 1-4.
- 10. Using the precision syringe, introduce an air bubble (25  $\mu$ L for MIN setting, or 50  $\mu$ L for NORM setting) into tubing just above the pump head door. Press and hold the safety clamp arm cover slightly and allow the air bubble to travel to just above the air sensor. Then release the safety clamp arm cover and close the pump door.

\*GC Electronics

- 11. Turn on the pump, set the Primary Rate to 125 mL/hr and Primary VTBI to 1000 mL and start the pump.
- 12. Ensure that this bubble is allowed to pass with no alarm.
- 13. If the air bubble is detected, repeat the calibration procedure. If the air sensor cannot be calibrated, turn off the pump. Replace the sensor in accordance with Section 6.3.11.
- 14. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7. You may wish to perform the Air Alarm Test (Section 7.3.4) prior to the other tests.

#### 6.4.3 Downstream Occlusion Sensor Calibration

- 1. Check calibration as described in Section 5.3.1, steps 1 through 5.
- 2. If the value is out of specification, calibrate the sensor as follows:
  - a. Remove the pump head door cover, see Section 6.3.4. Loosen and remove the occlusion detector stop (Figure 8-5, item 19). If the stop is stuck, apply a small amount of isopropyl alcohol to the threads. Wipe the threads clean.
  - b. Apply Loctite\* 211 or 222 to the screw threads of the stop.
  - c. Repeat Section 5.3.1, steps 1 through 4. Reassemble the stop into the pump head door and slowly turn it with a screwdriver until the value displayed in the PRI VTBI window of the Main Display is between 2998 and 3002. Knock on the center of the door and check that the reading does not change more than 2 counts. Allow the Loctite\* 211 or 222 to set.
  - d. Remove the thickness gauge and place the pump upright. Turn off the pump.
- 3. The following procedure confirms that the calibration is correct.
  - a. Load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set, prime it with fluid and close the pump head door. Ambient and liquid temperatures must be between 72° and 82° F (22° and 28°C).
  - b. Occlude the tubing downstream of the pump.
  - c. Turn the pump on and set the Primary Rate to 125 mL/hr and Primary VTBI to 50 mL.

\*Loctite, Inc.

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- d. Start the pump and ensure that a downstream occlusion alarm occurs.
- e. Press and hold the SILENCE and TOT VOL STATUS keys until a Failure Identification Code appears in the lower right corner of the Main Display. The Failure Identification Code should be 2 or 3.
- 4. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.4.4 Upstream Occlusion Sensor Calibration

- Connect the AC plug of the pump to a 115 ± 5.0 VAC 60 Hz power source. Enter Automatic Test Mode 1 and check the calibration as described in Section 5.3.1, steps 7 through 9.
- 2. If the value is out of specification, calibrate the sensor using the following procedure.
  - a. Remove the pump head door cover. See Section 6.3.4.
  - b. Loosen and remove the stop (Figure 8-5, item 19). If it is stuck, apply a small amount of isopropyl alcohol to the threads. Wipe the threads clean.
  - c. Lay the pump on its rear and place the thickness gauge on the upstream occlusion sensor, then close the pump door.
  - d. Apply Loctite\* 211 or 222 to the threads and reassemble the stop in the door. Slowly turn it with a screwdriver until the value in the PRI RATE window of the Main Display is between 3273 and 3277. Knock on the center of the door by the back of fingers and check that the reading does not change more than 2 counts. Allow the Loctite\* 211 or 222 to set.
  - e. Remove the thickness gauge and stand the pump upright. Turn off the pump.
  - f. Install the pump head door cover, see Section 6.3.4.
- 3. The following procedure confirms that the calibration is correct.
  - a. Load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set, prime it with fluid and close the pump head door. Ambient and liquid temperatures must be between 72° and 82° F (22° and 28° C).
  - b. Apply an upstream occlusion.

\*Loctite, Inc.

- c. Turn the pump on and set the Primary Rate to 125 mL/hr and the Primary VTBI to 50 mL.
- d. Start the pump and ensure that an upstream occlusion alarm occurs.
- e. Press and hold the SILENCE and TOT VOL STATUS keys until a Failure Identification code appears in the lower right corner of the Main Display. The Failure Identification code should be 4, 5 or 12.
- 4. Turn off the pump and reassemble the pump head door cover.
- 5. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.4.5 Slide Clamp Sensor Calibration

1. Equipment required:

DC Voltmeter
Slide Clamp (Part no. 030216490)
Screwdriver with flat tip (2.5 to 3 mm width) for potentiometer calibration. Ceramic or insulated type is preferred
E-ring pliers
Cotton-tipped swabs

#### 2. Preparation

- a. Turn off the pump.
- b. Press the safety clamp arm cover in until the safety clamp latches open.
- c. Use a C or E-ring tool to remove the spring retainer from the slide clamp slot if one is present.
- d. Use a cotton-tipped swab dampened with water to clean the safety clamp sensor. This sensor is located approximately 1/4" in at the upper left of the slide clamp slot. Repeat with a second dampened swab.
- e. Separate the front and rear housings in accordance with Section 6.3.1.
- 3. Slide Clamp Sensor Calibration

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- a. Connect the device to a 115 VAC, 60 Hz AC power source.
- b. Disconnect and reconnect the slide clamp sensor connector CN803.
- c. To calibrate the pump, connect a voltmeter to TP802 and GND on the sensor PCB.
- d. Enter Automatic Test Mode 1 by pressing and holding the CLEAR TOT VOL and 1 keys while pressing the ON/OFF CHARGE key.

#### Important:

If the potentiometer in step e. cannot be easily moved from its present setting, it has been sealed with Loctite\* 211 or 222. To loosen the adhesive, apply one or two drops of isopropyl alcohol to the affected potentiometer and wait one minute before trying to move it again.

- e. Insert the slide clamp (Part no. 030216490) and close the door. Verify that the voltage at the appropriate test point is 0.25 V or less. If the voltage is greater than 0.25 V, then attempt to adjust the voltage by turning the potentiometer VR802 fully counterclockwise. Replace the safety/slide clamp assembly if it cannot be calibrated (Section 6.3.14).
- f. Without the slide clamp inserted and the door closed, verify that the voltage at TP802 is 4.2 V or greater. Replace the safety/slide clamp assembly if it cannot be calibrated (Section 6.3.14).

Note:

Apply a thin film of red Glpt\*\* to VR802 to lock it in position.

4. Perform the Operational Checkout procedures in Section 7.

#### 6.4.6 Slide Shaft Sensor Calibration

Note:

Early production units may contain the potentiometer VR803 instead of a jumper wire soldered across the holes. If your unit contains the VR803 potentiometer you must perform this calibration procedure, otherwise, skip this procedure.

This calibration must be done after the slide clamp sensor has been calibrated.

- 1. Connect the pump to a  $115 \pm 5.0$  VAC 60 Hz power source. Enter Automatic Test Mode 1.
- 2. Connect a DC voltmeter between TP803 and GND on the sensor PCB.

<sup>\*</sup> Loctite, Inc.

<sup>\*\*</sup>GC Electronics

- 3. Insert the slide clamp and keep the pump door opened.
- 4. Turn potentiometer VR803 fully counterclockwise and check that the voltage reading is 0.2 V or less.
- 5. Close the door and check that the voltage reading is 4.2 V or more.
- 6. Open the pump door and push the slide clamp fully into the slide clamp slot. Check that the voltage reading is 0.2 V or less with the door opened.
- 7. Repeat steps 4 through 6 two times.

Note: Apply a thin film of red Glpt\* to the potentiometer to prevent the calibration from being changed.

#### 6.4.7 A/D Convertor Reference Voltage Calibration

- 1. Separate the front and rear housings in accordance with section 6.3.1. Do not disconnect any of the cable connectors.
- 2. Remove the battery per Section 6.3.18.
- 3. Remove the EPROM cover by removing 1 securing screw.
- 4. Connect a digital voltmeter between pin 1 (+) and pin 8 (-) of the CNTEST connector.
- 5. Connect the AC plug of the pump to a  $115 \pm 5.0$  VAC 60 Hz power source.
- 6. Turn the pump on and adjust potentiometer VR501 until the meter reading is  $5.000V \pm 0.010 V$ .
- 7. Disconnect all test equipment. Install the EPROM cover and battery, see Section 6.3.18.

\*GC Electronics

### Checkout

#### 7.1 Introduction

The Operational Checkout procedures in this section determines if the pump operates properly after it has been repaired or as preventive maintenance. If the pump fails any part of the Operational Checkout, the fault must be corrected prior to placing the pump in service. Please become familiar with all the checkout procedures before beginning.

The following test equipment is required to perform the Operational Checkout procedures:

Baxter Continu-Flo® administration set with at least one Y-site Solution containers (distilled/sterile water, D5W, 0.9% sodium chloride, etc.) Precision gas-tight 100  $\mu$ L syringe (part no. S9662-81 or equivalent) Precision gas-tight 250  $\mu$ L syringe (part no. S9662-82 or equivalent) Thickness gauge (part no. UKOG1013.B) Tape measure or yardstick

#### 7.2 Maintenance Flowchart

Figure 7-1 is a flowchart illustrating the maintenance procedures for this pump. The appropriate sections of the Operational Checkout should be performed after any repairs are performed on the pump. Any problems discovered while performing the Operational Checkout should be corrected using the troubleshooting procedures given in Section 3 (Problem Checklist) and Section 5 (Troubleshooting). Once a problem has been isolated to a single assembly, the assembly must be replaced in accordance with the disassembly procedures provided in Section 6. The pump should then be calibrated as described in Section 6. After all maintenance procedures are complete, perform the Operational Checkout in this section.

Appendix A is a data sheet which may be reproduced and used to record the pump's configuration settings and the results of the Operational Checkout and calibration procedures.

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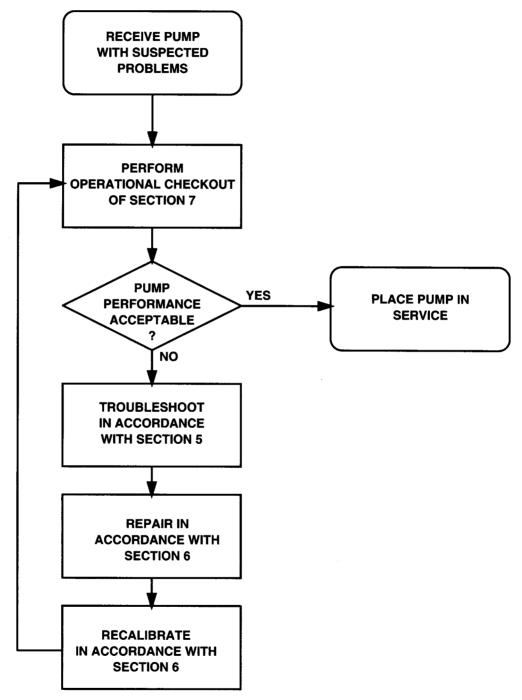


Figure 7-1. Maintenance Flowchart

#### 7.3 Operational Checkout

#### 7.3.1 Administration Set Placement

To avoid the possibility of fluids contacting the air sensor and pump mechanism, the solution container should be spiked and the set primed before opening a pump door. The container should also be placed low enough to permit a loop in the tubing to the side of the pump. Position the container so that accidental spillage onto the pump will be minimized. Do not stretch the set when removing it from the packaging.

#### 7.3.2 Functional Testing

Please become familiar with the pump operating procedures in the Operator's Manual. If the pump fails to perform as described or stops with a failure code alarm, troubleshoot it in accordance with Section 5 and repair it in accordance with Section 6 before placing the pump in service.

#### 7.3.2.1 Preparation for Testing

- 1. Using a solution container (distilled/sterile water, 0.9% sodium chloride, or D5W) and a Baxter Continu-Flo® administration set with at least one Y-site, prepare the administration set according to instructions accompanying the set.
- 2. Spike the solution container and fully prime the set. Remove all trapped air bubbles from all set components. Hang the solution container such that the fluid level is a minimum of 18" above the top of the pump handle throughout the test.
  - Make sure that the tubing is clean and dry before placing it in the pump. Make sure that the tubing is placed and seated properly in the guide channel, pump mechanism, sensors and safety clamp. Ensure that there is no slack in the tubing and that it is not kinked or pinched before closing the pump door.
- 3. Load the set into the pump. Close the pump door. If excessive resistance is felt, check that the set is loaded properly through the tubing guides. Never use tools or excessive force to close a pump door.
- 4. Place the distal end of the administration set in a container or sink to dispose of pumped solution.

#### **7.3.2.2** Self-Test

Turn pump on by pressing the ON/OFF CHARGE key. Check that the pump performs the following self-test:

1. The following displays illuminate momentarily:

ALARM, PUMPING and ALERT LEDs
OPTIONS and NEXT indicators
COMPUTER CONTROL and MONITOR icons
Plug icon or Battery icon is also illuminated, depending on the pump's power source.

- 2. All segments of the Message and Main Displays illuminate momentarily.
- 3. The Hospital Area Designator is displayed for 3 seconds in the Message Display if the configuration option is selected. The occlusion detection level is momentarily displayed in the message display (*LEVEL 1, 2,* or 3), followed by *AUDIBLE/SWITCHOVER*, if the Audible/Switchover option is enabled.
- 4. If both Auto Restart and Flow Check are selected through the configuration option, the message *AUTO/RESTART* appears for one second in the Message Display.
- 5. Three distinct audible tones sound.
- 6. **PRI RATE** and **PRI VTBI** are then displayed. **SEC RATE** and **SEC VTBI** are also displayed if both of them are not zero.

#### 7.3.2.3 Primary Infusion Test

- 1. Press the PRI RATE key and enter a flow rate of 100 mL/hr on the keypad.
- 2. Press the PRI VTBI key and enter a volume to be infused (VTBI) of 10 mL on the key-pad.
- 3. Open the flow control clamp on the administration set.
- 4. Start infusion by pressing the PRI START key. If the pump stops with an alarm, see Section 3, Problem Checklist. Let the pump continue to run and proceed to the next step.

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5. While the pump is running, check for normal operation without upstream or downstream occlusion alarms and that no air bubbles are seen in the tubing.

To reset the volume previously infused, press the STOP key, PUMP select key and CLEAR TOT VOL key.

To read the total volume infused and review the infusion settings, press the TOT VOL/STATUS key. *VOLUME INFUSED* will be displayed, followed by the RATE and VTBI of both primary and secondary.

To stop an infusion, press the STOP key. To restart the pump, press the PUMP select key and START key.

- 6. When the pump has delivered the selected volume, the pump activates an audible alert, illuminates the ALERT LED, and switches to a KVO (Keep Vein Open) rate.
- 7. To stop the infusion, press the STOP key.

#### 7.3.3 Door Open Alarm Testing

Perform the following steps to ensure proper operation of the **DOOR OPEN** alarm.

- 1. Prime and load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set. See Section 7.3.2.1, steps 1-4.
- 2. Program a primary rate of 100 mL/hr and a primary VTBI of 10 mL.
- 3. Close the door and press the PRI START key.
- 4. Open the pump door. The following should occur:
  - a. **DOOR OPEN** is displayed in the Message Display.
  - b. The red ALARM LED flashes.
  - c. The audible alarm is activated.

Warning: If these indications do not occur, remove the pump from service.

Troubleshoot in accordance with Section 5 and repair in accordance with Section 6.

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#### 7.3.4 Air Alarm Testing

The air bubble size for air detection is selectable through the configuration option and is factory set to NORM. See Section 1.5 for an explanation of the configuration option. If the pump fails to detect air, remove the pump from service and troubleshoot it in accordance with Section 5. Repair and recalibrate in accordance with Section 6.

- 1. Check the air sensor calibration values per Section 5.3.2, steps 1 through 5.
- 2. Prime and load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set with one Y-site above the pump. See Section 7.3.2.1., steps 1-4.
- 3. Using a precision gas-tight syringe (part no. S9662-81 or equivalent), introduce an air bubble into the administration set through the Y-site above the pump. If the air sensor is set to NORM, the bubble should be greater than 110 microliters. If the air sensor is set to MIN, the bubble should be greater than 85 microliters.
- 4. Open the pump door and slightly press the safety clamp to position the air bubble below the pump fingers and above the air sensor.
- 5. Close the door and start the pump. When the intact air bubble reaches the air sensor the following should occur:
  - a. **AIR** is displayed in the Message Display.
  - b. The red ALARM LED flashes.
  - The audible alarm is activated.
  - d. The pump stops.
  - e. If the pump does not alarm, verify that the bubble did not break up before reaching the sensor and repeat the test.
- 6. Open the pump door, press the safety clamp arm cover and purge the air from the tube. Close the pump door and press the START key. The pump should now begin operation.

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#### 7.3.5 Drive Defect Test/Occlusion Check

With a fluid filled tube loaded into the pump head, door closed and all clamps open, program the pump for a rate of 1999 mL/hr and a VTBI of at least 30 mL. Start the pump and allow it to deliver for at least 15 seconds without a downstream occlusion alarm or an F-78 or F-79 alarm. If a downstream occlusion or an F-78 or F-79 alarm occurs, perform the appropriate corrective action in Table 5-1.

#### 7.3.6 Downstream Occlusion Testing

If the pump fails to detect a downstream occlusion, the pump should be removed from service and repaired. Perform the following steps at room temperature to ensure proper operation of the downstream occlusion sensor.

- 1. Prime and load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set. See Section 7.3.2.1, steps 1-4.
- 2. Start the pump at a rate of 125 mL/hr and run for 1 minute.
- 3. Fold and completely pinch the tubing just below the pump. *OCCLUSION* should be displayed in the Message Display, the red ALARM LED should flash, the audible alarm should sound, and the pump should stop.

Warning: If the pump does not respond as described, remove the pump from service. Troubleshoot in accordance with Section 5 and repair in accordance with Section 6.

- 4. Turn the pump off and remove the tubing. Check the calibration of the downstream occlusion sensor per Section 5.3.1, steps 1 through 6.
- 5. Exit Automatic Test Mode 1 by pressing the ON-OFF/CHARGE key.

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#### 7.3.7 Upstream Occlusion Testing

Perform the following steps to ensure the performance of the upstream occlusion sensor.

- 1. Prime and load a Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set. See Section 7.3.2.1, steps 1-4.
- 2. Pinch off the tubing with a set clamp or hemostat above the pump head.
- 3. Set a rate of 125 mL/hr and start the pump.
- 4. Within three minutes of starting, the following should occur:
  - a. The pump stops.
  - b. The red ALARM LED flashes.
  - c. **UPSTREAM OCCLUSION** is displayed in the Message Display.
  - d. The audible alarm is activated.

# Warning: If these indications do not occur, remove the pump from service. Troubleshoot in accordance with Section 5 and repair in accordance with Section 6.

- 5. Turn the pump off and remove the tubing. Check the calibration of the upstream occlusion sensor per section 5.3.1, steps 1 and 7 through 10.
- 6. Repeat step 5 without the thickness gauge installed. Check that the value displayed in the PRI RATE window of the Main Display is 3080 or less.
- 7. If the value displayed is out of specification, ensure that the occlusion sensor button is moving freely. If so, repeat Section 6.4.4, steps 2 and 3. If not, replace the Upstream Occlusion Sensor per Section 6.3.9.
- 8. Exit Automatic Test Mode 1 by pressing the ON-OFF/CHARGE key.

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#### 7.3.8 Battery Check

Disconnect the device from AC. Load a primed Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set, such as 2C5545s into the pump and start it at 125 mL/hr. with a VTBI of 10 mL. Verify that **BATTERY** is displayed and that the unit runs for at least five minutes or pumps 10 mL. Plug the device into AC and verify that **BATTERY** disappears from the message display.

1. Battery Test (Optional)

#### Note: Charge the battery for at least 16 hours before conducting this test.

- a. Load a primed set into the pump. Set the pump's PRI RATE to 1901 mL/hr and PRI VTBI to 4800 mL and start the pump.
- b. Unplug the device while it is running. No change in pumping should occur, but the message **BATTERY** should be displayed within a few seconds in the Message Display to indicate battery-powered operation. The battery requires charging when **BATTERY LOW** is displayed in the Message Display, the audible alarm or alert is activated, and the appropriate LED is illuminated.
- c. Operate the device on battery power for 2.5 hours. Make sure that the device does not initiate a **LOW BATTERY** alert before the KVO alert occurs.
- d. If the unit fails this test, perform the Battery Charging Voltage Check.
- e. If the device operates satisfactorily on battery power, plug it back in. Operation should continue without interruption and the *BATTERY* message should turn off. Recharge the battery by allowing the device to remain connected to AC power for a minimum of 16 hours.
- 2. Battery Charging Voltage Check (Optional)

Perform this check to determine if charging voltage is correct.

- a. Disconnect and remove the battery from the device. Connect a voltmeter to the device leads and measure the charging voltage while both pumps are in the KVO mode. It should be between 13.7 and 13.9 VDC. If it is and the device failed the battery test, replace the battery in accordance with Section 6.3.18.
- b. If the charging voltage is NOT between 13.7V and 13.9 VDC, check the other power supply voltages as described in Section 6.4.1 and repair and/or calibrate the device as necessary.

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#### 7.3.9 Panel Lock Test

- With the pump running without an alert, press the PANEL LOCK pushbutton on the rear
  of the pump.
- 2. Verify that the word **Loc** is displayed in the Main Display.
- Verify that the input from front panel keys is not accepted except from BACKLIGHT and TOT VOL/STATUS.
- 4. Press PANEL LOCK again. The *Loc* message should disappear, and input from all front panel keys should be accepted.

Warning: If any of these indications fail to occur, troubleshoot the pump in accordance with Section 5 and repair it in accordance with Section 6.

### 7.3.10 Safety Clamp Test

- 1. With the administration set loaded into the pump, and the pump not running, elevate the solution container to a head height of 0.7 meters (27 inches) or higher, as measured from the midpoint of the pump to the level of solution in the container.
- 2. Open the roller clamp and close the pump door and observe the distal end of the set for 60 seconds after closing the door.
- 3. Verify that no more than 1/2 mL of fluid is allowed to flow in the first 60 seconds, and that no gravity flow occurs after 60 seconds.
- 4. If the pump fails to prevent free flow, remove the pump from service. Troubleshoot it in accordance with Section 5 and repair it in accordance with Section 6.

#### 7.3.11 Alarm Volume

- 1. Induce an alarm by any convenient means.
- 2. Rotate the VOLUME knob on the rear of the unit. Verify that the sound level increases as the knob is rotated clockwise and decreases as the VOLUME knob is rotated counterclockwise. The alarm/alert sound should be audible at any VOLUME control position.
- 3. Set the volume to maximum upon completion of this test.

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#### 7.3.12 Slide Clamp Test

The Slide Clamp Feature is an alert or alarm (software versions 1.09 or later) option enabled through the configuration utility. When this option is enabled, the slide clamp on the administration set must be loaded into the slide clamp slot. When the infusion is complete, the administration set cannot be easily removed from the pump without first pushing the slide clamp all the way into the slide clamp slot, thus occluding the tubing in the slide clamp. This test verifies that the Slide Clamp Feature is functioning properly.

Note:

If the Slide Clamp feature is enabled, the administration set slide clamp must be loaded into the assembly. In the alert mode, the pump operates with an alert if the slide clamp is not loaded. In the alarm mode (software versions 1.09 or later), the pump does NOT start and an alarm tone sounds if the slide clamp is not loaded. Use of the Slide Clamp Feature is selected as part of the configuration option before the pump is placed into service.

Note:

A spring retainer is loaded into the slide clamp slot at the factory to prevent damage during shipment. The spring retainer must be removed before operating the pump with the Slide Clamp feature enabled. If the feature is not going to be used by your hospital, it is recommended that the spring retainer remain in the slot to help prevent spilled solutions from entering the slide clamp slot. Contact Product Service at 1–800–THE–PUMP for additional spring retainers.

- 1. If your hospital does not have the slide clamp feature enabled, ensure that the spring retainer occupies the slide clamp slot and proceed directly to Section 7.3.13.
- 2. With the device ON, open the door and fully insert the slide clamp of a primed Baxter's "s" suffix standard administration set into the slide clamp slot. Press the red safety clamp arm until it locks open, and load the set into the pump mechanism.
- 3. Close and latch the pump door.

Note: If INSERT SLIDECLAMP appears on the display, clean the slide clamp sensor with a cotton-tipped swab dipped in water and check the calibration. Repair or replace as necessary.

- 4. Open the door. Press the red safety clamp arm with moderate force (approximately 15 lb. [6.5kg]) and verify that the latch will **not** lock in the open position.
- 5. Using one hand, pull on the slide clamp with moderate force (approximately 15 lb. [6.5kg]) perpendicular to the pump face. Verify that the slide clamp cannot be removed.

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- 6. Push the slide clamp in fully. Verify that the red safety clamp arm can be latched in the open position, and verify that the slide clamp and tubing can be removed.
- 7. Load the primed set again but do **not** insert the slide clamp into the mechanism. Close the door. Verify that **INSERTSLIDE CLAMP** message is displayed with the alert LED constantly lit, and the audible tone alternately ON and OFF.

Note: For pumps with software versions 1.09 or later, the pump will start in the alert mode, but the message remains displayed. The alarm mode will not allow the pump to start.

- 8. Then partially insert (approximately one-third of the way) the slide clamp. Close the door. Verify that *INSERT SLIDECLAMP* is displayed.
- 9. Open the pump door and remove the tubing from the device.

Note: See the repair section (Section 6) if the pump fails any of these tests.

### 7.3.13 Electrical Safety Tests

Test the pump's leakage current and ground impedance in accordance with UL 544.
Leakage current should not exceed 50 microamps. Measure the ground impedance at the mounting nut of the LOCKOUT switch on the rear of the pump. It should not exceed 0.1 Ω using a 25 amp, UL-specified test circuit, or 0.15 Ω using an NFPA-99 or equivalent test circuit.

Warning: If the pump fails to meet these requirements, remove it from service, troubleshoot it in accordance with Section 5 and repair it in accordance with Section 6.

2. Thoroughly inspect the power cord for signs of wear or damage. Replace it if any pins are bent or broken or the insulation is damaged.

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#### 7.3.14 Accuracy Tests

Any one of the tests described in this section can be used to test the accuracy of the pump. You can perform just the One-Hour Accuracy Test (7.3.14.5), or one of the shorter tests (7.3.14.1 through 7.3.14.4), but the One-Hour Accuracy Test should be performed additionally, if any of the shorter tests fail.

1. Before proceeding with the selected test, perform steps 1-4 of Section 7.3.2.1.

Note:

An unused section of a Baxter's "s"suffix standard administration set or calibration tubing (Part no. 3-2-92-479) can also be used for these tests.

2. Mark the section of the tubing in the pump to indicate that the segment has been used.

Important: Do NOT reuse a tubing segment that has already been used to con-

duct an accuracy test.

Note: The accuracy specifications included in these tests account for an ex-

tensive list of variables over a short term test cycle. A more precise measurement of flow rate requires longer test times, including statistical trials. However, this is not necessary to demonstrate proper func-

tion of the pump.

#### 7.3.14.1 Measurement by weight per time:

1. Program a PRI VTBI of at least 500 mL and start the pump at 200 mL/hr.

- 2. Collect the solution in a container of known weight for 10 minutes and 30 seconds,  $\pm$  3 seconds.
- 3. Use a calibrated scale with a resolution of 0.1 grams or better to weigh the container and solution. Then, divide the solution weight by the specific gravity of the solution (water's specific gravity is 1 g/mL).
- 4. The solution collected should be between 32.5 mL and 37.5 mL.

#### **7.3.14.2** Measurement by volume per time:

- 1. Program a PRI VTBI of 20 mL and start the pump at 200 mL/hr.
- 2. Collect the solution in an ASTM Class A 25 mL graduated cylinder, with a resolution of 0.2 mL or better, for 6 minutes ± 3 seconds or until the pump switches to the KVO mode.

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#### Stop the pump within 10 seconds after the KVO alert, since fluid de-**Important:** livered after the KVO alert adds to the test error.

3. The solution collected should be between 18.6 mL and 21.4 mL.

#### **7.3.14.3** Measurement by time per volume:

- Program a PRI RATE of 200 mL/hr. and a PRI VTBI greater than 35 mL.
- 2. Measure the time within 3 seconds that it takes to collect 35 mL  $\pm$  0.2 mL.
- Calculate the flow rate in mL/hr. by dividing 35 mL by the measured time converted to hours.

#### Note: The Dynatec Model 404A Flow Analyzer can be used for this method.

The flow rate should be between 186.0 and 214.0 mL/hr.

### **7.3.14.4** Measurement incorporating VTBI option:

- Program a PRI RATE of 200 mL/hr. and PRI VTBI of 35 mL.
- Start the pump and collect the solution in a container of known weight. When the pump goes into KVO alert mode, stop the pump within 20 seconds.

#### Important: Stop the pump within 20 seconds after the KVO alert, since fluid delivered after the KVO alert adds to the test error.

- Use a calibrated scale with a resolution of 0.1 grams or better to weigh the container and solution. Then, divide the solution weight by the specific gravity of the solution (water's specific gravity is 1 g/mL).
- The solution collected should be between 32.5 mL and 37.5 mL.

### 7.3.14.5 One-Hour Accuracy Test

Note: Perform this test if the pump fails tests 7.3.14.1, 7.3.14.2, 7.3.14.3, or

7.3.14.4.

**Important:** Do NOT reuse a tubing segment that has already been used to con-

duct an accuracy test.

Connect the device to AC power and power it on.

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- 2. Program a PRI RATE of 125 mL/hr. with a PRI VTBI of 1000 mL.
- 3. Place the distal end of the infusion set into a container of known weight.
- 4. Simultaneously, start a timer and press the START key.
- 5. Stop the pump 1 hour ± 20 seconds later. Use a calibrated scale with a resolution of 0.1 grams or better to weigh the container and solution. Then, divide the solution weight by the specific gravity of the solution (water's specific gravity is 1 g/mL).
- 6. The collected solution should be between 116.25 and 133.75 mL.
- 7. If the volume of the collected solution is NOT between 116.25 and 133.75 mL,
  - verify proper test technique,
  - check for a loose belt,
  - check for a properly moving backplate or damaged backplate springs, or
  - replace the pump head assembly, as necessary.

Important: Do NOT run this test again to improve results unless there is reason to believe that the test technique was in error. Replace any pump head that fails this test and be sure to clearly identify it as having failed the One-Hour Accuracy Test.

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# **Illustrated Parts Breakdown**

This section includes illustrations and parts lists required to identify any replaceable part in the Flo-Gard® 6201 Volumetric Infusion Pump. Each illustration is keyed to a parts list, which lists each component shown in the figure by part number and description. The quantity per assembly is also shown. The level of assembly is indicated by the number of dots preceding the description. For example, one dot indicates a top-level assembly, two dots indicate a second level subassembly, three dots the third level of subassembly, and so on. To obtain replacement parts, contact Product Service. The first column shows the figure and item number of each part. The second column is the Product Service part number. The third column is the manufacturer's part number, and the last column is the quantity per assembly.

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# **Front Housing Assembly (Figure 8-1)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-1	F049120004	F049120004	HOUSING, FRONT SUB ASSY	1
-2 <b>No</b>	F049120022 ote: See Figu	F049120022 res 8-5 through 8-9 fo	PUMP, HEAD ASSY	1
-3	HPNL1025.A	5003474001	PANEL, Front	1
-4	PGUMM103.K	F044630004	SEAL, Rubber	1
-5	XBPUF30P.A	4009310009	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X20	1
-6	XBSUF40P.A	4009310015	SCREW, Flat Head, M4X18	3
-10	GCOVA101.A	F043624002	COVER, Pump Head	1
-11	LRTNP100.B	F044620002	SPRING, RETAINER	1
-12	XBSUF30P.A	4009310014	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X 12	5

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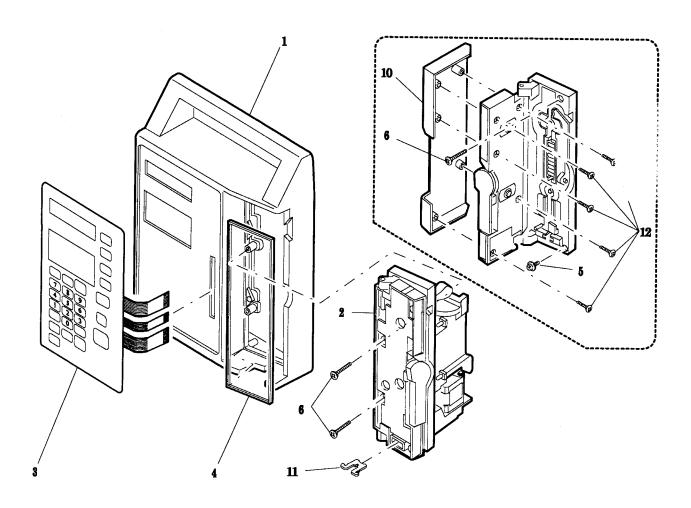


Figure 8-1. Front Housing Assembly, External

# **Front Housing Assembly (Figure 8-2)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-1	F049120004	F049120004	HOUSING, FRONT SUB ASSY	1
-2	CPWBN104.A	F042130005	PCB, ASSEMBLY-Display	1
-3	CPWBX104.A	F042130006	PCB ASSEMBLY-CPU	1
-4	CPWBX104.B	F041130007	PCB ASSEMBLY-SENSOR	1
-5	GCABA104.A	F041624001	HOUSING, Front	1
-6	GLEGG100.D	F044630001	FOOT, Rubber	2
-7	LANGT103.A	F042220001	BRACKET, MOUNTING-Pump Head .	1
-8	LDAi1008.A	F044620014	SPACER, PCB	3
-9	PGUMM103.J	F044630002	SEAL, Rubber, Housing	1
-10	PSPAF103.A	F044230001	SPACER, Pump Head	1
-11	PSPAN103.A	F049620013	SPACER, Double Locking, PCB	2
-12	PSPAB103.A	4009320001	SPACER, Large PCB 7M	5
-13	RDENC100.D	F049130002	BOARD, DC POWER SUPPLY ASSY .	1
-14	XBPBN30P.A	4009310001	SCREW, Pan Head, M3 x 6 w/ washer ass	sy 1
-15	XBPBN40P.E	4009310004	SCREW, Pan Head, M4X18	2
-16	XBPSD30P.D	4009310005	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X6	10
-17	XBPSD30P.G	4009310038	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X6	1
-18	XUPSD30P.B	4009310020	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping, M3X8	15
-19	XWHSD300.C	4009330001	WASHER, Rubber Foot, M3	4
-20	TCAUS101.E	07-26-01-081	LABEL, Directions for use, Rev. C	1
-21	XEPSD30P.A	4009310018	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping, M3X8	4
-22	PZETL100.A	F044610001	COVER, LCD Insulation	1
-23	PSEL1007.A	3004090001	SEAL, DUST, LCD	1

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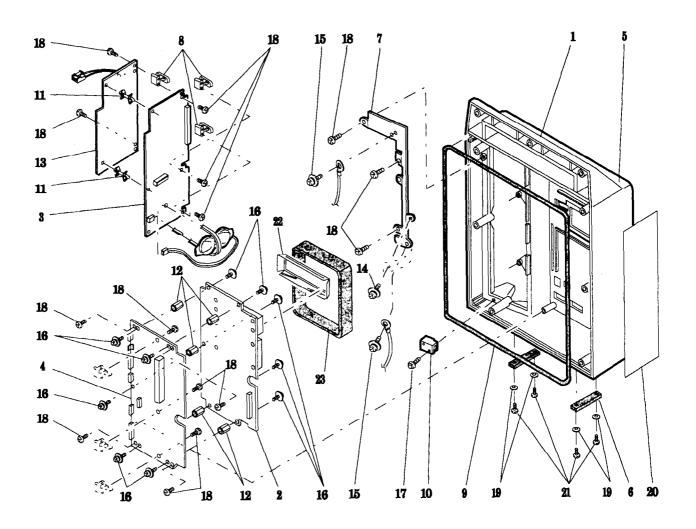


Figure 8-2. Front Housing Assembly, Internal

### **Rear Housing Assembly (Figure 8-3)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	<b>Description</b> Qty
-1	DUNT1266.A	F049120006	HOUSING, REAR SUB ASSY
-2	CPWBN104.B	F043130001	PCB, ASSEMBLY-Terminal
-3	CPWBN104.D	F043130003	PCB, ASSEMBLY- Backup Aud Alrm 1
-4	CPWBN105.A	F043130004	PCB, ASSEMBLY- Audible Alarm
-5	GCABB104.C	F044624006	HOUSING, Rear
-6	GLEGG100.D	F044630001	FOOT, Rubber
-7	LANGQ103.A	F044211001	PLATE, Main Ground
-8	LANGQ103.B	F044220003	PLATE, Grounding
-9	LANGT102.B	F044220005	BRACKET, XFORMER
-10	PGUMM103.D	F044620003	BOOT, Rubber-Main Buzzer
-11	PGUMM103.E	F044620004	BOOT, Rubber-Backup Buzzer
-12	QCNW1043.B	F044140001	GND WIRE, Front Housing
-13	QCNW1052.B	F044140003	GND WIRE, XFORMER
-14	QCNW1058.A	F044140002	GND WIRE, Pwr Receptacle
-15	QCNW1093.A	F042140005	HARNESS, Buzzer
-16	QCNW1095.A	F044140007	GND WIRE, Pole Clamp
-17	QCNW1117.A	5003415001	CABLE, Flat Ribbon
-18	QSWP1008.A	5009470002	SWITCH Panel Lock
-19	RTRNP100.E	5009462001	XFORMER, POWER, 117V, 60Hz
-20	RVRC1350.A	2501003200	POT, Volume Control
-21	XBPBN30P.C	4009310029	SCREW, Pan Head-M3X8 w/ brass washer assy 2
-22	XBPBN40P.E	4009310003	SCREW, Pan Head-M4X8 w/washer assy 7
-23	XUPSD30P.B	4009310020	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping M3X8 5
-24	XUPSD40P.A	4009310021	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping M4X8 2
-25	PZETL102.D	3004010007	FILM, Batt. Compartmnt Insulation
-26	XWHSD300.C	4009330001	WASHER, Rubber Foot-M3 4
-27	PZETV102.A	3004010008	FILM, Power Trans Insulation
-28	XEPSD30P.A	4009310018	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping M3X8 4

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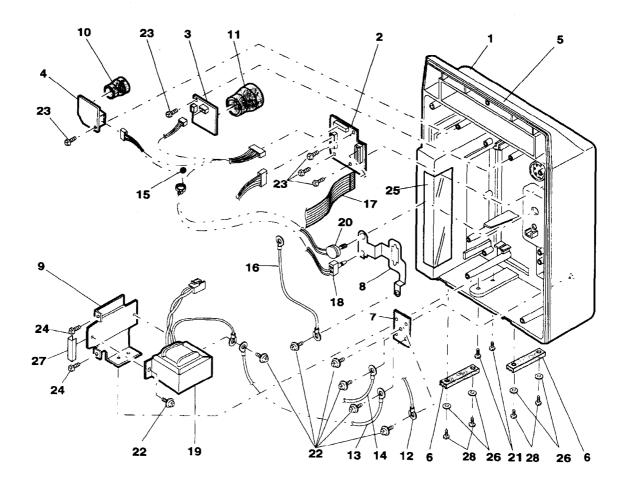


Figure 8-3. Rear Housing Assembly, Internal

### **Rear Housing Assembly (Figure 8-4)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	<b>Description</b> Qt
-1	DUNT1266.A	F049120006	HOUSING, REAR SUB ASSY
-2	GCASP101.A	F042624007	BODY, Pole Clamp
-3	GCOVH100.C	4009390001	COVER, Comm. Port
-4	GCOVH101.A	F044624005	COVER, EPROM Access
-5	GFTAB101.A	F042624004	COVER, Batt. Comprtmnt
-6	JKNBZ100.C	F049620011	KNOB, Volume Control
-7	JKNBZ101.B	F044620012	KNOB, Pole Clamp
-8	JKNBZ101.C	6009590024	KNOB, Panel Lock Sw
-9	LFIX1010.A	F044220004	DISK, Pole Clamp
-10	LPLTZ107.A	F044630006	CUSHION, Pole Clamp
-11	LXBZ1019.A	4009310024	SCREW WITH SNAP, M4X8
-12	LXNZ1003.A	F049211002	NUT, Comm. Port
-13	LXWZ1007.A	4004330003	WASHER, Cord Strap M4-ROZET
-14	NSFTT102.A	F044211003	SHAFT, Pole Clamp
-15	PCUSS102.A	F044630003	CUSHION, Battery
-16	PGUMM103.C	F044630005	SEAL, Batt. Comprtmnt
-17	PGUMM103.F	F044620005	CUSHION, Batt. Comprtmnt
-18	QCNW1092.A	F043140004	HARNESS, Comm. Port
-19	QCNW1094.A	F042140006	HARNESS, Battery
-20	QFSB1221.N	5009425001	FUSE, Main, 0.5A, 250V, Slow Blow
-21	QFSB4451.A	5009425002	FUSE, Battery, 2A, 125V
-22	QSOCA101.A	5009410002	AC Receptacle
-23	TLABZ108.B	07-26-01-085	LABEL, Panel Lock & Alarm Volume
-24	TLABZ108.D	07-26-B1-087	LABEL, Battery
-25	UBAT1010.A	5009480001	BATTERY, Lead-Acid, NP2-12
-26	UBNDA100.A	F042615001	STRAP, Power Cord
-27	XBBSD40P.D	4009310012	SCREW, Binder Head, M4X10
-28	XBPBN26P.A	4009310006	SCREW, Pan Head, M2.6X8
-29	XBPBN40P.B	4009310004	SCREW, Pan Head, M4X10
-30	XBPSD30P.L	4009310007	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X8
-31	XBPSD30P.V	4009310008	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X14 w/ washer assy
-32	XBSBN30P.A	4009310013	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X10

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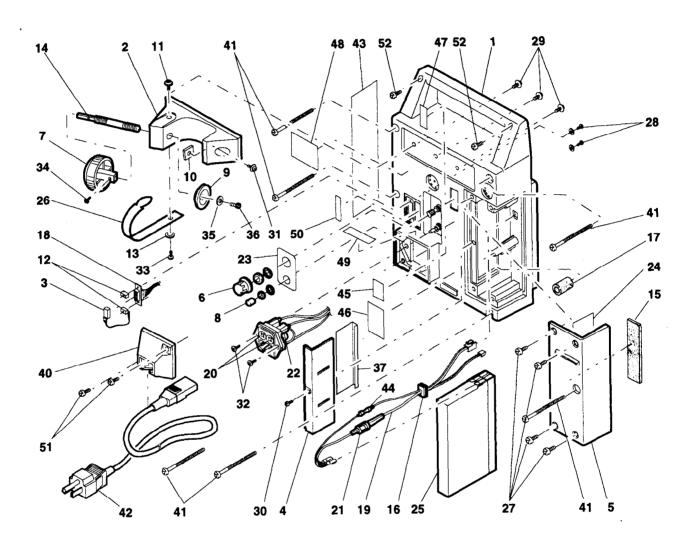


Figure 8-4. Rear Housing Assembly, External

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Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-33	XBSUW40P.A	4009310016	SCREW, Flat Head, M4X8	1
-34	XBTSN30P.A	4009310017	SCREW, Truss, M3X8	1
-35	XWHUZ400.A	4009330013	WASHER, Pole Clamp Shaft, M4	1
-36	XXHUW40L.A	4009310022	SCREW, Allen, M4X8	1
-37	PZETL102.G	3004010004	FILM, EPROM Acess Cov. Insulation	1
-40	GCOVH101.B	F043624003	COVER, Power Cord	1
-41	LXBZ1004.A	4004310023	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X63	6
-42	5009410001	5009410001	CORD, Power	1
-43	TCAUS101.D	07-26-E1-082	LABEL, Caution, Japan	1
-43a	0726C1212	07-26-C1-212	LABEL, Caution, Sing	1
-44	QFSH5100.A	5009425014	FUSE, 0.1A, 250V	1
-45	Not available		LABEL, UL	1
-46	Not available		LABEL, CSA	1
-47	TLABZ100.F	07-26-01-098	PLATE, Serial Number, Aluminum	1
-47a	F049810004	F049810004	PLATE, Serial Number, Lexan	1
-47b	F049810005	F049810005	FILM, Overlay-Serial Number	1
-48	TLABZ106.C	07-27-01-018	LABEL, 24 Hour Service, Rev. A	1
-49	TLABZ108.A	07-26-01-089	LABEL, Fuse	1
-50	TLABZ108.C	07-26-01-086, Rev. A	LABEL, Comm. Port, Rev. A	1
-51	XBBSD30P.B	4009310010	SCREW, Binder Head, M3X12	2
-52	XBBSD30P.C	4009310011	SCREW, Binder Head, M3X16	2

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### **Pump Head Door Assembly (Figure 8-5)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-1	F049120021	F049120021	DOOR, ASSEMBLY-Pump Head	1
-2	CHNDP100.F	S047944	LATCH, Door Assembly	1
-3	JHNDP100.B	S048021	LATCH, Door	1
-4	LPLTP106.A	S048440	PLATE, Door Latch Label	1
-5	LXRZ1003.A	S048882	E-RING, Door Latch	1
-6	MSPRC101.D	S048500	SPRING, Door Latch	1
-7	0iCMP32T.H	S048896	WASHER, M4, 0.8T	1
-8	0iCMP32T.L	S048897	WASHER, M4.2, 0.1T	2
-9	PMAGT100.B	S048498	MAGNET, Door Latch	1
-10	TLABH109.A	07-26-01-179	LABEL, Push	1
-11	GDOR1005.A	S050051	DOOR, Pump Head	1
-12	LBSHZ101.A	S048489	BUMPER, Door	2
-13	LBSHZ101.C	S048502	BUSHING, Door Latch	1
-14	LPiNS101.C	S047417	PIN, Door Hinge	2
-15	LPLTM106.A	S048445	PLATE, Safety Clamp	1
-16	LPLTM106.B	S048441	COVER, Back Plate	1
-17	LPLTM104.C	S048493	PLATE, BACK	1
-18	MSPRC101.C	S048499	SPRING, Back Plate	5
-19	PAJS1002.A	S048494	STOP, Occlusion Detector	2
-20	PCUSG101.A	S048504	BUMPER, Door	4
-21	PZETE100.C	S048506	FILM, Plate Insulation	. 1
-22	TLABZ110.A	S047928	LABEL, Flow	1
-23	TLABZ110.B	S047929	LABEL, Tube Loading A	1
-24	TLABZ110.C	S047930	LABEL, Tube Loading B	1
-25	XBPSD20P.C	S048933	SCREW, Pan Head, M2X8 w/ washer assy	2
-26	XBSUZ30P.A	S048987	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X6	7
-27	XBSUZ30P.F	S048966	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X10	1
-28	XBSUF30P.A	4009310014	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X12	5
-29	XXXSP30L.B	S048890	SCREW, Set, M3X4	2

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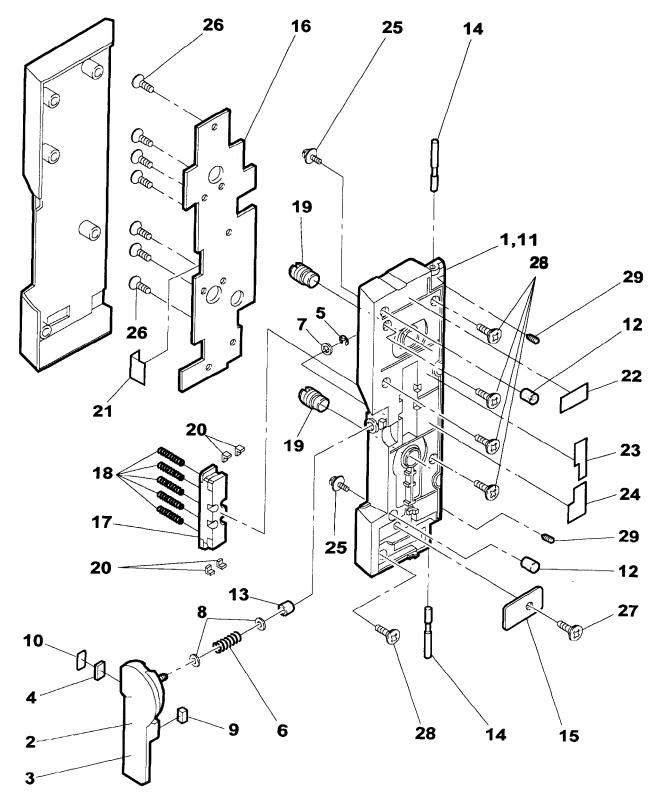


Figure 8-5. Pump Head Door Assembly

# **Pump Base Plate Assembly (Figure 8-6)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	CPLTC106.A	S050044	PLATE, BASE SUB ASSY	1
-1	LBRC1008.A	S048018	BLOCK, Mounting, Latch Pin	1
-2	LBSHZ101.B	S048501	BUSHING, Door Hinge	4
-3	LPiNS101.A	S048447	PIN, Latch	1
-4	LPiNS101.E	S048453	PIN, Latch Mounting Block	2
-5	LPLTC106.A	S048017	PLATE, Base	1
-6	LXWZ1006.A	S048522	WASHER, Latch Roller	1
-7	NROLP100.A	S048455	ROLLER, Latch	1
-8	PGiDM100.D	S048486	GUIDE, Tubing, Lower Channel	2
-9	PGiDM100.E	S048487	GUIDE, Tubing, Upper Channel	3
-10	QSWZ1011.B	S047933	SENSOR, Tube Misload-2L	1
-11	QSWZ1012.B	S047934	SENSOR, Tube Misload-2R	1
-12	TLABZ109.A	S048465	DECAL, Tubing Channel	1
-13	TLABZ109.B	S048466	DECAL, Tubing Channel	1
-14	TLABZ110.D	07-26-C1-190	LABEL, Slide Clamp Slot	1
-15	Not Used			
-16	XBSSF20P.B	4009310081	SCREW, Flat Head, M2X5	2
-17	XBSUF30P.C	S048963	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X8	1
-18	PZETL102.B	S050045	TAPE, Conductive Finger	2
-19	PBOX1004.A	S048432	BOX, Finger	1
-20	OiCMP32T.G	S048895	WASHER, M3	6
-21	XBPSD30P.K	S048940	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X8 w/ spring washer	6

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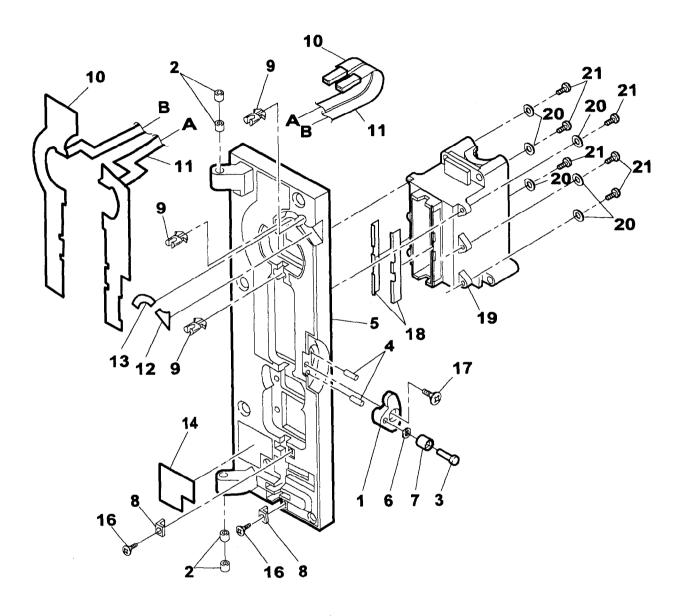


Figure 8-6. Pmp Bs. Plt. w/Tube Misloading Detectrs

### **Pump Base Plate Assembly (Figure 8-7)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-1	LPLTC106.A	S048017	PLATE, Base	1
-2	LXBZ1020.A	S048918	SCREW, Flat Head, M1.7X6	1
-3	MSPR1001.C	S048015	SPRING, Downstream Occl.Sensor	1
-4	MSPR1002.B	S048014	SPRING, Upstream Occl. Sensor	1
-5	NSFTZ102.A	S048012	ACTUATOR, Occl. Sensor	2
-6	0iCMP32T.A	S048928	SCREW, Pan Head, M1.7X4.5	4
-7	0iCMP32T.E	S048893	WASHER, M1.7	2
-8	0iCMP32T.J	S048901	WASHER, M2	2
-9	PCASD100.B	S048022	HOUSING, Occl. Sensor	
-10	PCOVP101.C	S048436	COVER, Safety Clamp Arm	1
-11	PZETL102.E	S048508	PLATE, Ground Upstrm Occl. Sensor .	1
-12	CCiLZ100.A	S048011	COIL, Occl. Sensor Assy	2
-13	RCORF100.D	S048013	CORE, Occl. Sensor	
-14	F049120023	F049120023	SENSOR, AIR ASSEMBLY	1
-15	TLABH109.B	S048468	LABEL, Safety Clamp	
-16	XBSUF20P.A	S048962	SCREW Flat Head M2X10	

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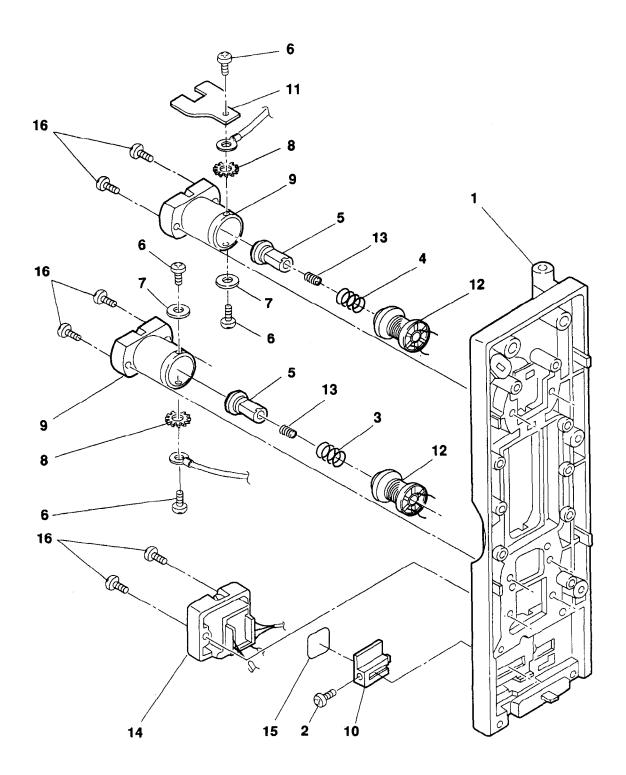


Figure 8-7. Pump Base Plate Assembly - Rear

### **Pump Base Plate Assembly (Figure 8-8)**

Qty
1
1
1
1
4
4
8
1
2
9
1
1
2
4
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
4
2
2
4
2
4
2
2
1
1

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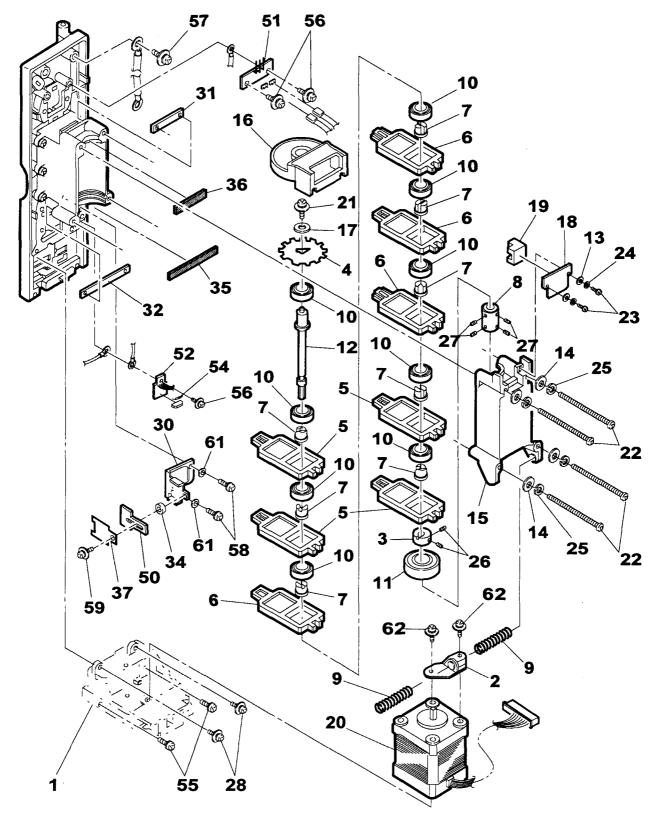


Figure 8-8. Pump Base Plate Assmbly w/ Pump Mechanism

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Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-32	LFiX1012.A	S048444	NUT BAR, Finger Box Btm	1
-33	Not used			
-34	PSPA1020.A	S048746	SPACER, Door SW PCB	1
-35	PSPAZ101.A	S048490	RETAINER, Rubber, Bottom Bearing	1
-36	PSPAZ101.B	S048491	RETAINER, Rubber, Top Bearing	1
-37	PZETL101.A	S048462	FILM, Door Switch PCB Insulation	
The f	ollowing wire ha	rnesses are not shown	•	
-40	QCNW1097.A	S048473	HARNESS, Tube Misload Detector	1
-41	QCNW1098.A	S048474	HARNESS, Slide Clamp Sensor 1 & 2	1
-42	QCNW1099.A	S048475	HARNESS, Slide Clamp Sensor 1 & 2 ext	1
-43	QCNW1100.A	S048476	HARNESS, Optocoupler PCB	1
-44	QCNW1101.A	S048477	HARNESS, Door Open Sw PCB	1
-45	QCNW1102.A	S048478	HARNESS, Upstream Occlusion Sensor	1
-46	QCNW1103.A	S048479	HARNESS, Downstream Occlusion Sensor	1
-47	QCNW1104.A	S048480	HARNESS, Air Detector Input	1
-48	QCNW1105.A	S048481	HARNESS, Air Detector Output	1
-50	QPWBN103.B	S048492	PCB, Door Open Sw	1
-51	QPWBN105.A	S048459	PCB, Tube Misload Terminal	1
-52	CPWBN105.F	S047877	PCB, Flexible Prntd Crkt Terminal	1
-53	Not used			
-54	VRDRV2EY.A	S048521	RESISTOR, 100 Ohms	1
-55	XBBSD30P.D	4009310075	SCREW, Binder Head, M3X8	2
-56	XBPBN30P.C	S048929	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X8 w/ washer assy	3
-57	XBPBN40P.F	4009310080	SCREW, Pan Head, M4X6	1
-58	XBPSD20P.A	S048923	SCREW, Pan Head, M2X5	2
-59	XBPSD26P.B	S048933	SCREW, Pan Head, M2.5X8	1
-60	Not used			
-61	XWHSD200.A	S048891	WASHER, Door Open Sw PCB Bracket	2
-62	XBPSD30P.i	S048939	SCREW, Pan Head M3X8	

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# **Safety/Slide Clamp Assembly (Figure 8-9)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	<b>Description</b> Q
	CCRA1006.A	S047875	CLAMP, SAFETY/SLIDE ASSEMBLY
-1	LCHSM100.A	S048428	HOUSING, Upper
-2	LCHSM100.B	S048429	HOUSING, Lower
-3	LCHSM100.C	S048438	HOUSING, Slide Clamp, Sensor 1
-4	LCHSM100.D	S048439	HOUSING, Slide Clamp, Sensor 2
-5	LCRA1006.A	S048430	CLAMP, Safety
-6	LPiNS101.B	S048448	PIN, Release
-7	LPiNS101.F	S048986	PIN, Dowel, Slide A
-8	LPLTP107.A	S048434	PLATE, Motor Holding
-9	LXRZ1002.A	S048881	E-RING, Shaft
-10	MARMP100.A	S048023	ARM, Right Retainer
-11	MARMP100.B	S048970	ARM, Left Retainer
-12	MARMP100.C	S048437	ARM, Release
-13	MCAMP100.B	S048435	LATCH, Safety
-14	MSLiZ100.A	S048425	SLIDE A
-15	MSLiZ100.B	S048424	LATCH, Slide
-16	MSPRC101.D	S048500	SPRING, Slide Latch
-17	MSPRD102.B	S048470	SPRING, Retainer Arms
-18	MSPRD102.C	S048472	SPRING, Slide Shaft
-19	MSPRD102.D	S048469	SPRING, Safety Clamp
-20	MSPRP102.A	S048642	SPRING, Flat, Slide Shaft
-21	NSFTD103.B	S048449	SHAFT, Slide
-22	LPiNS101.D	S048450	PIN, Release
-23	NSFTD103.C	S048451	SHAFT, Safety Latch
-24	NSFTD103.D	S048452	SHAFT, Safety Clamp
-25	PSLDP100.B	S048456	SEAL, Safety Clamp
-26	PZETL101.B	S048464	FILM, Insulation, PCB
-27	PZETL101.C	S048463	FILM, FPC Insulation
-28	CPWBN105.C	S050046	PCB, Slide Clamp, Sensor 2
-29	QPWBN105.C	S048461	FLXBL PC, Slide Clamp, Sensor 1
-30	XBPSD30P.i	S048939	SCREW, Pan Head, M3X8 w/ washer assy
-31	XBSSD30P.B	S048960	SCREW, Flat Head, M3X10

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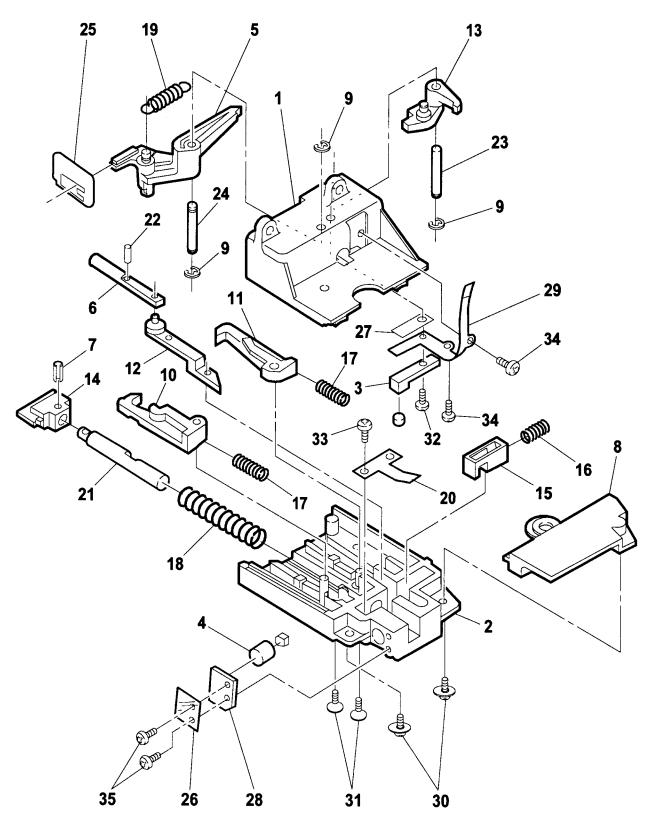


Figure 8-9. Safety/Slide Clamp Assembly

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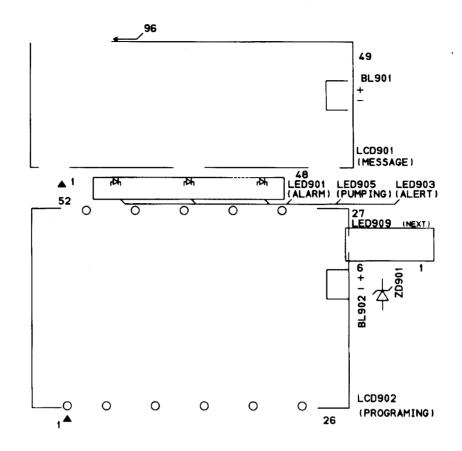
Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
-32	XBSUF20P.C	S048967	SCREW, Flat Head, M2X6	1
-33	XJPSD30P.A	S048953	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping, M3X6	1
-34	XJPSF20P.B	S048954	SCREW, Pan Head, M2X4	2
-35	XJPSF20P.A	S048955	SCREW, Pan Head, M2X6	2

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# **Display PCB (Figure 8-10)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	CPWBN104.A	F042130005	PCB, ASSEMBLY-Display	1
-1	PGUMS101.A	5009440001	STRIP, Zebra	1
-2	PSEL1007.A	3004090001	SEAL, DUST, LCD	1
-3	PZETL100.A	F044610001	COVER, LCD Insulation	1
-4	RUNT1003.A	5009492007	BACKLIGHT Message LCD	1
-5	RUNT1004.A	5009492008	BACKLIGHT Programming LCD	1
-6	XUPSD26P.A	4009310019	SCREW, Pan Hd-Tapping, M2.6X8	8

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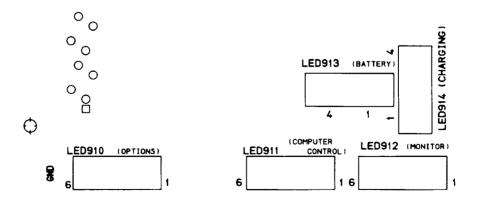
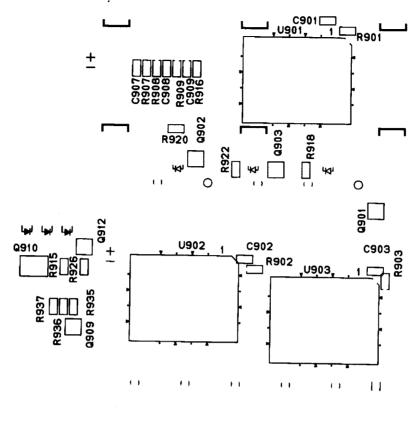


Figure 8-10. (Sheet 1 of 2) Display Bd, Component Side



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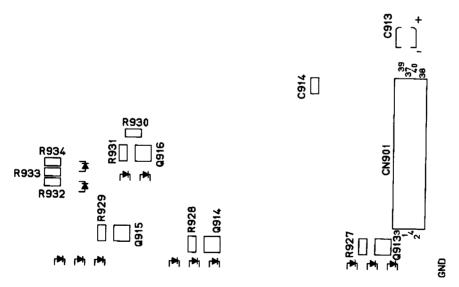


Figure 8-10. (Sheet 2 of 2) Display Board, Solder Side

# Power Supply PCB (Figure 8-11)

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	RDENC100.D	F049130002	PCB, ASSEMBLY- POWER SUPPLY	1
-1	OCBPJCJS.A	5009425012	FUSE (F1)	1
-2	OCBPZZ06.A	5009420005	HOLDER, FUSE (FH 1)	1
-3	OCBPKZ05.A	5009410040	CONNECTR. 2 Pin	1

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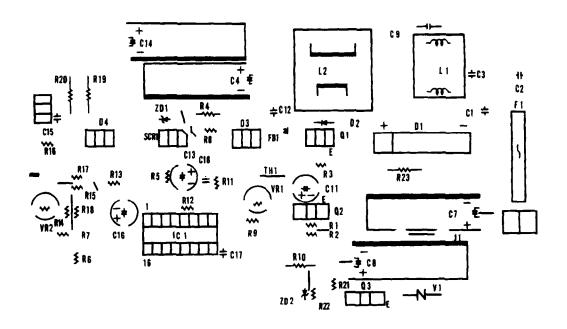


Figure 8-11. (Sheet 1 of 2) DC Power Supply Board

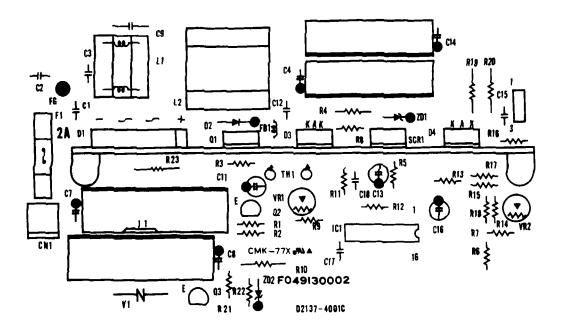


Figure 8-11. (Sheet 2 of 2) Component Side

# **CPU PCB (Figure 8-12)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	CPWBX104.A	F042130006	PCB, ASSEMBLY-CPU	1
-1	PZETL101.A	F044615002	FILM, Insulation	1
-2	QCNCM104.D	5009410012	CONNECTR, 3 Pin (CN304)	1
-3	QCNCM233.B	5009410015	CONNECTR, 8 Pin (CNTEST)	1
-4	QCNCW104.A	5009410017	CONNECTR, 100 Pin (CNBUS1)	1
-5	UBATL100.A	5009480002	BATTERY, Lithium	1

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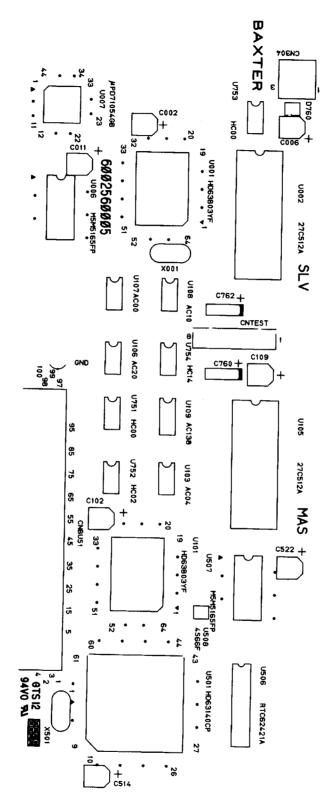


Figure 8-12. CPU Board (Sheet 1 of 2) Component Side

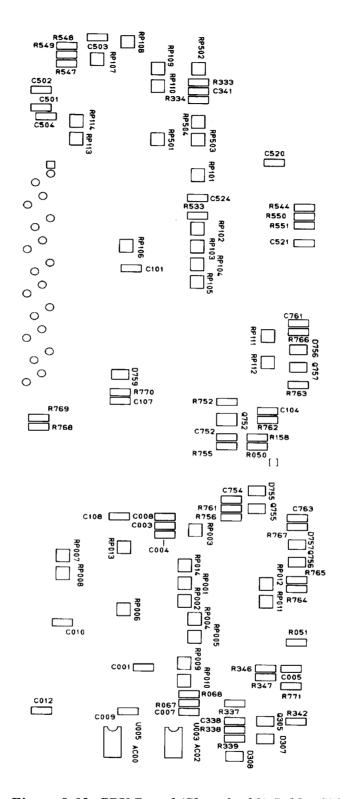


Figure 8-12. CPU Board (Sheet 2 of 2) Solder Side

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### Sensor PCB (Figure 8-13)

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	CPWBX104.B	F041130007	PCB, ASSEMBLY-Sensor	1
-1	QCNCM012.A	5009410003	CONNECTR, TP802, 803	1
-2	QCNCM100.A	5009410004	CONNECTR, 2 Pin (CN302)	1
-3	QCNCM100.B	5009410005	CONNECTR , 3 Pin (CN301)	1
-4	QCNCM100.D	5009410007	CONNECTR, 6 Pin (CN851)	1
-5	QCNCM104.A	5009410009	CONNECTR, 100 Pin (C BUS2)	1
-6	QCNCM104.B	5009410010	CONNECTR, 40 Pin (CNDISP)	1
-7	QCNCM104.C	5009410011	CONNECTR, 11 Pin (CN201)	1
-8	QCNCM233.B	5009410015	CONNECTR, 8 Pin (CN811)	1
-9	QCNCM233.C	5009410016	CONNECTR, 9 Pin (CN803)	1
-10	QCNCW104.B	5009410019	CONNECTR, 6 Pin (CN601)	1
-11	QCNCW104.C	5009410020	CONNECTR, 9 Pin (CN602)	1
-12	QCNCW142.A	5009410021	CONNECTR, Flat Cable (CNI/F)	1
-13	QFSH4330.A	5009425004	FUSE, 1.5 A, 125 V, SB	1
-14	QFSH8300.A	5009425005	FUSE, 1 A, 125 V	1
-15	VHViCPF1.A	6009590001	IC PROTECTR, 600 mA ICP301 (F15	) 1

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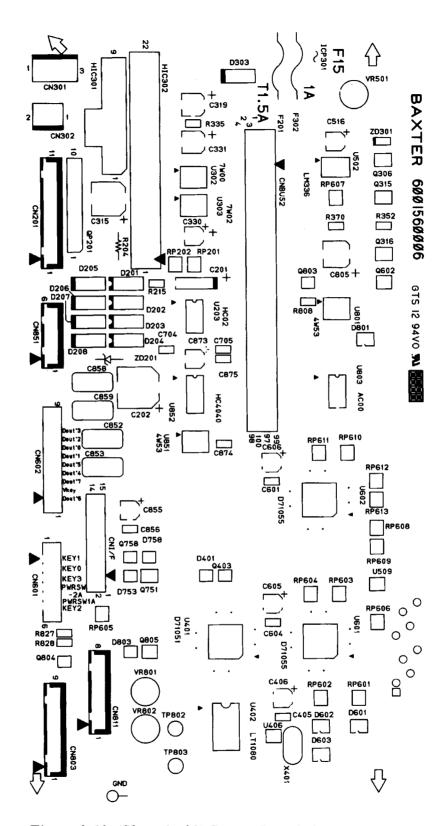


Figure 8-13. (Sheet 1 of 2) Sensor Board, Component Side

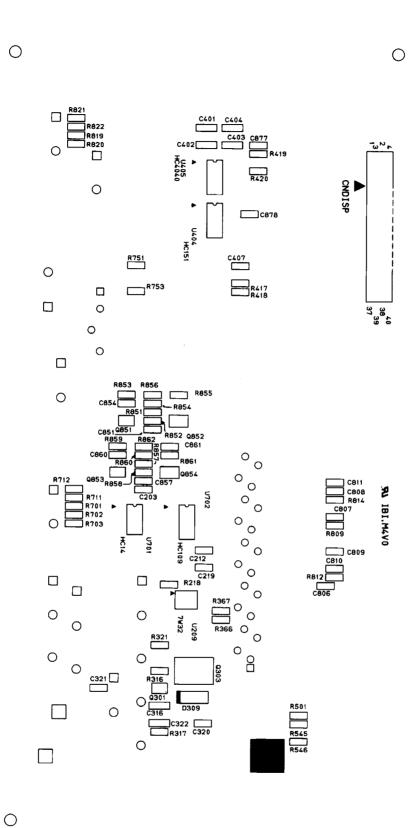


Figure 8-13. (Sheet 2 of 2) Sensor Board, Solder Side

### **Terminal PCB (Figure 8-14)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	CPWBN104.B	F043130001	PCB, ASSEMBLY-Terminal	1
-1	QCNCM233.A	5009410014	CONNECTR, 7 Pin (CN701)	1
-2	QCNCM233.C	5009410016	CONNECTR, 9 Pin (CN401)	1
-3	QCNCW142.A	5009410021	CONNECTR, (CNIF2)	1
-4	RRLYD321.A	5009450001	RELAY, (RY401)	1

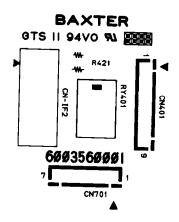


Figure 8-14. Terminal Board

### **Backup Buzzer PCB (Figure 8-15)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	CPWBN104.D	F043130003	PCB, ASSEMBLY- Backup Aud Alrm	1
-1	QCNCM100.C	5009410006	CONNECTR, 3 Pin (CN752)	1
-2	QCNCM100.E	5009410008	CONNECTR, 2 Pin (CN751)	1
-3	RALMB100.C	5009490001	BUZZER, Backup (BZ752)	1

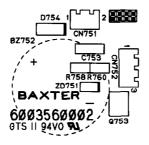


Figure 8-15. Backup Buzzer Board

### **Audible Alarm PCB (Figure 8-16)**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	<b>Description</b> Qty
	CPWBN105.A	F043130004	PCB, ASSEMBLY-Audible Alarm 1
-1	QCNCM105.A	5009410013	CONNECTR, 4 Pin (CN753) 1
-2	RALMB100.A	5009490002	BUZZER, Main (BZ751) 1

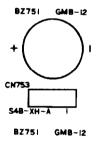


Figure 8-16. Audible Alarm Board

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### Parts list for Accessories and Options

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	UKOG1013.B	F049230002	. GAUGE, Occl Sensor Cal	1
	UKOG1020.A	3009090008	. EXTRACTOR, UPP	1
	UKOG1021.A	3009090007	. EXTRACTOR, Wire Harness Connector	1
	722003396	72-20-03-396	. SHIM, Air Sensor, Tubing Guide	1
	722003397	72-20-03-397	. Adhesive, Loctite* Prism 454	1
	3009035001	3009035001	. TIES, Wire	1
	072601228	07-26-01-228	. LABEL, Batt. disposal	1

\*Loctite, Inc.

## **Parts list for Packaging Materials**

Item	Svc. Part #	Mfg. Part #	Description	Qty
	0719C1602	07-19-C1-602	MANUAL, Operator's	1
	SSAKA124.A	3004035002	POUCH, Polyethylene	1
	TTAG1003.A	07-26-06-30	. TAG, Batt. Recharge	. , 1
	0705B1529	07-05-B1-529	. CARTON, Individual, Japan	1
	0705D1625	07-05-D1-615	. CARTON, Individual, Singapore	1
	SPAKA128.A	F041720001	. CUSHION, Top	1
	SPAKA129.A	F042720002	. CUSHION, Bottom	1
	SSAKH354.A	3004035003	POLICH Polyethylene	1

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# **Warranty and Service Information**

#### 9.1 Warranty Information

Baxter Healthcare Corporation ("Baxter") warrants that the equipment shall be free from defects in material and workmanship when delivered to the original purchaser. Baxter's sole obligation shall be limited to repair or replacement, at Baxter's option and expense, of the defective part or unit, excluding batteries, for a period of one year following the date of initial delivery. The warranty for batteries is limited to a period of six months following the date of initial delivery.

The warranty extends only to the original purchaser and is not assignable or transferable, and shall not apply to auxiliary equipment or disposable accessories.

THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY AND ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT AND THOSE EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN ITS LABELING. UNLESS USED ACCORDING TO THE DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANYING THE PRODUCT, ALL WARRANTIES ARE SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED. In no event shall Baxter be responsible for incidental, consequential or exemplary damages. Modification, alteration, recalibration or abuse, and service by other than a Baxter authorized representative may void this warranty.

#### 9.2 Service Information

While under Baxter Healthcare Corporation Warranty, Service Agreement (optional), or lease agreement, the instrument must not be opened by unauthorized personnel.

Call 1-(800) -THE-PUMP for service and repair information for all instruments.

Shipping costs for all units returned to Baxter shall be paid by the customer. The unit must be packed in its original container or in another Baxter approved container that will provide adequate protection during shipment. Before shipping any unit for repair, call 1-(800)-THE-PUMP and notify a customer service representative to ensure prompt return of your device. When calling Product Service, please be prepared to provide code number and serial number of the unit. A brief written description of the problem should be attached to the instrument when it is returned for service.

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Baxter Healthcare Corporation will not be responsible for unauthorized returns or for units damaged in shipment due to improper packing.

#### 9.3 General Information

Baxter Healthcare Corporation reserves the right to change the design without notice.

## **Section 10**

# **Diagrams**

This section contains all of the schematic and wiring diagrams for the Flo-Gard® 6201 Volumetric Infusion Pump. These diagrams are intended only to assist the reader in understanding the theory of operation. The diagrams are listed below.

- Figure 10-1. System Block Diagram
- Figure 10-2. Rear Housing Wiring Diagram
- Figure 10-3. Front Housing Wiring Diagram
- Figure 10-4. CPU Board Block Diagram
- Figure 10-5. Address Decoder for 60K ROM Area (P/O CPU Board)
- Figure 10-6. Master CPU Block (P/O CPU Board)
- Figure 10-7. Slave CPU Block (P/O CPU Board)
- Figure 10-8. UPP, RTC and SRAM Block (P/O CPU Board)
- Figure 10-9. Alarm Control Circuit (P/O CPU Board)
- Figure 10-10. Slave RAM and PTM (P/O CPU Board)
- Figure 10-11. Additional CPU Circuitry
- Figure 10-12. Sensor Board Block Diagram
- Figure 10-13. Power Supply Control Block (P/O Sensor Board)
- Figure 10-14. Occlusion Sensing Block (P/O Sensor Board)
- Figure 10-15. Motor Control Block (P/O Sensor Board)
- Figure 10-16. PPI Block #1 (LCD, Keys) (P/O Sensor Board)
- Figure 10-17. PPI Block #2 (P/O Sensor Board)
- Figure 10-18. Serial Communication Block (P/O Sensor Board)
- Figure 10-19. Additional Sensor Board Circuitry
- Figure 10-20. Display Board
- Figure 10-21. LCD Drivers (P/O Display Board)
- Figure 10-22. Liquid Crystal Displays (P/O Display Board)
- Figure 10-23. LED Lamps (P/O Display Board)

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Figure 10-24. Audible Alarm Board

Figure 10-25. Backup Buzzer Board

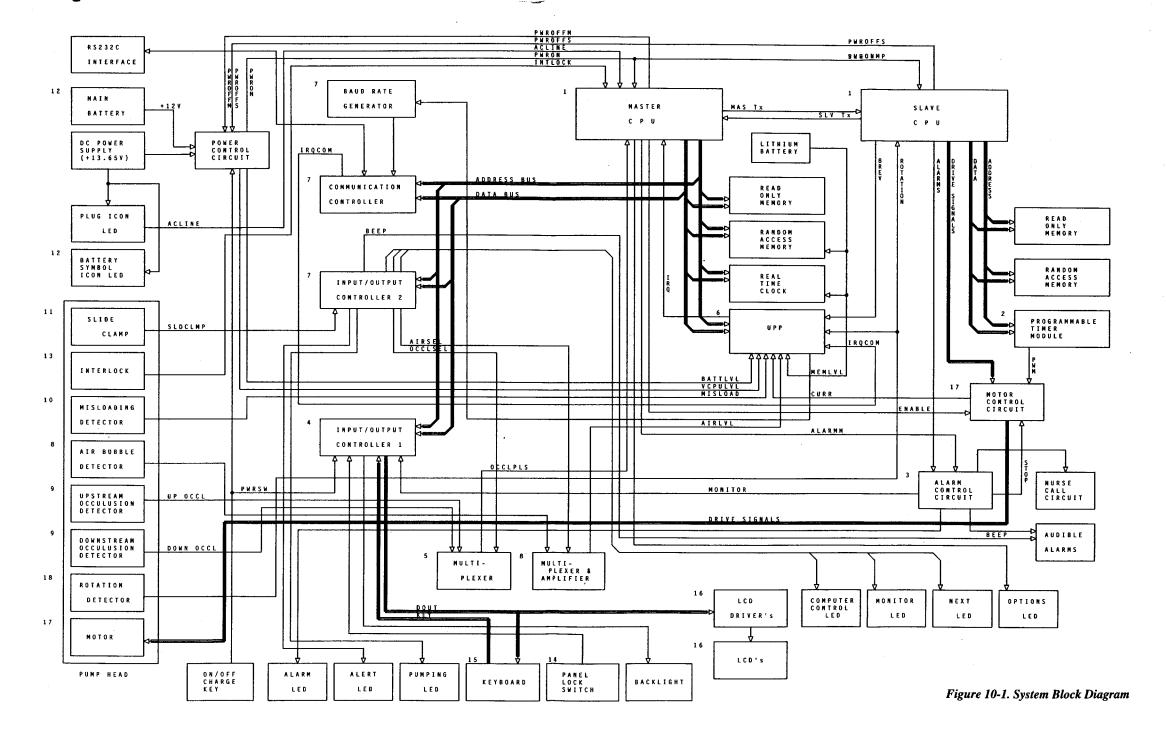
Figure 10-26. Terminal Board

Figure 10-27. Accessories

Figure 10-28. Pumphead Sensors

Figure 10-29. Front Panel Key Assignments

Figure 10-30. Power Supply



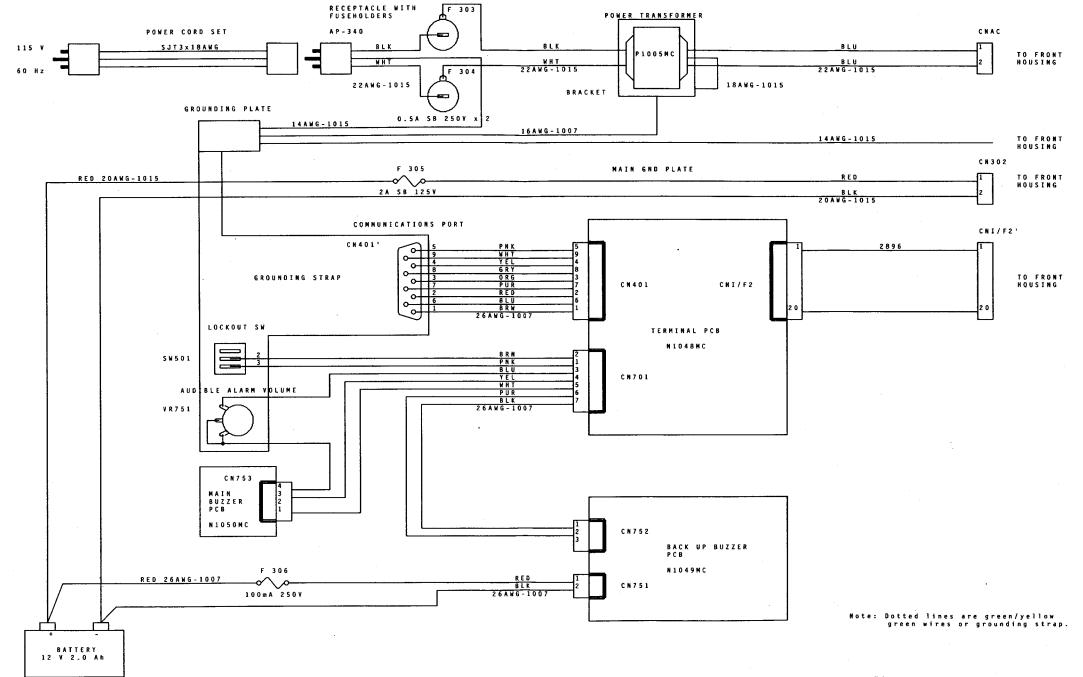
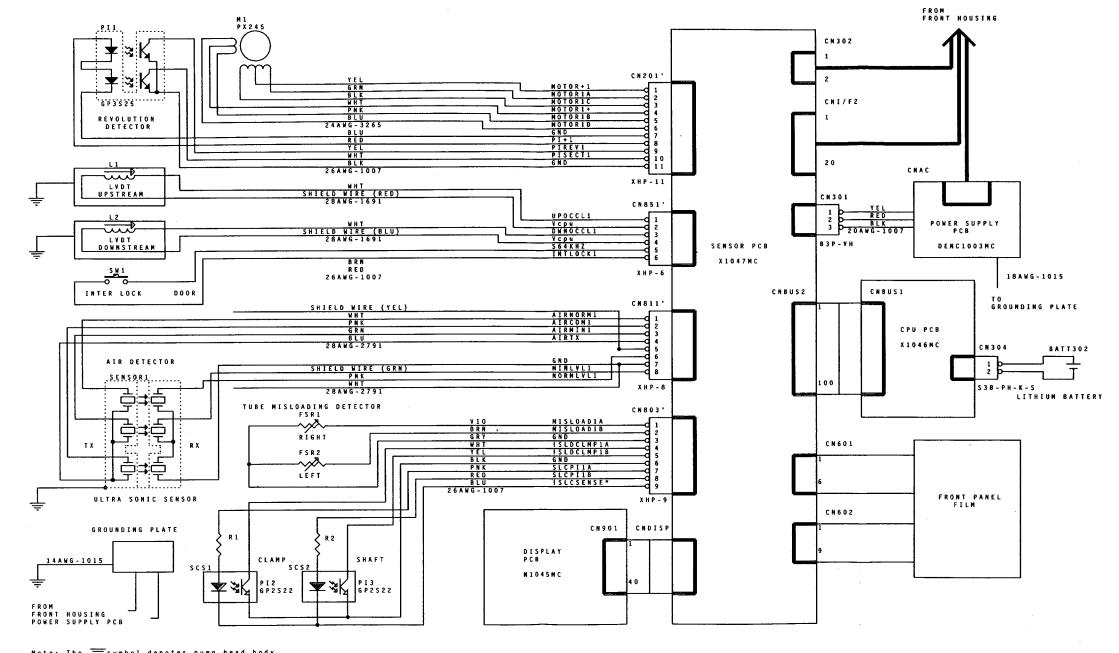


Figure 10-2. Rear Housing Wiring Diagram



Note: The symbol denotes pump head body.
Dotted lines indicate green or green/yellow
bonding wires and 18AWG-1007 if not specified.

Figure 10-3. Front Housing Wiring Diagram

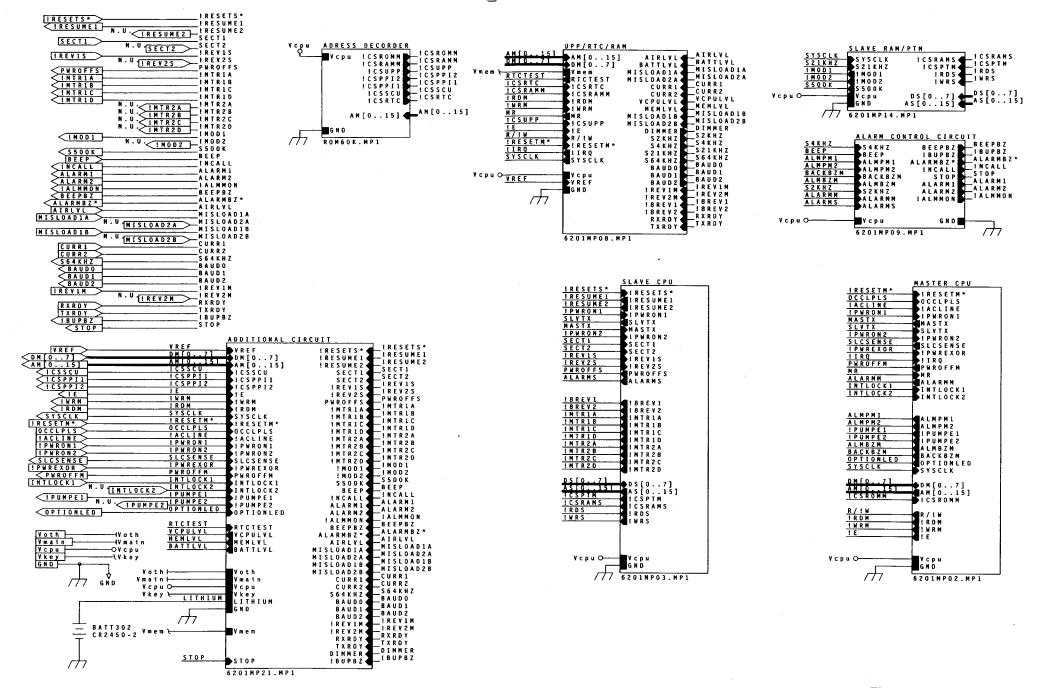


Figure 10-4. CPU Board Block Diagram

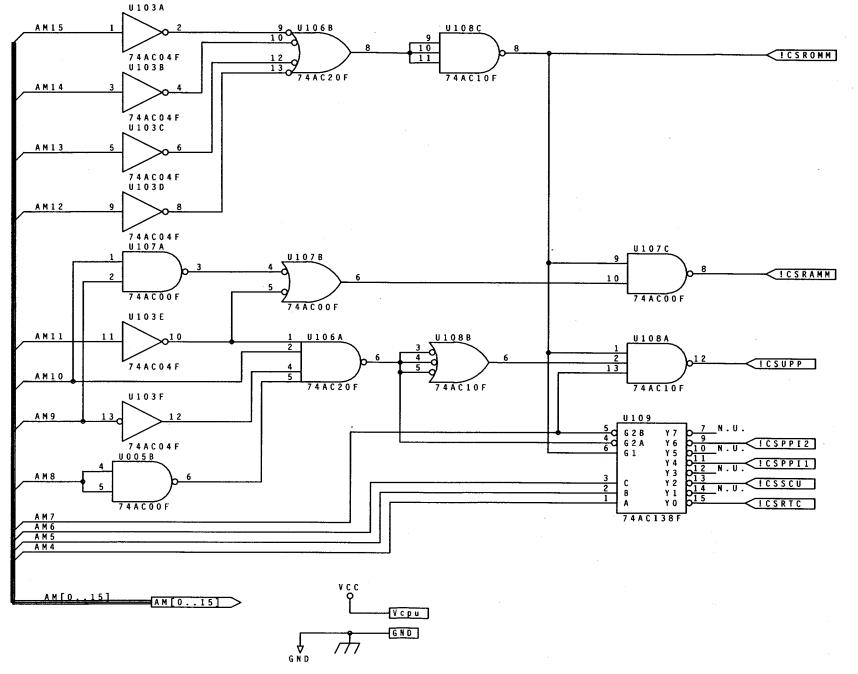


Figure 10-5. Address Decoder for 60K ROM Area

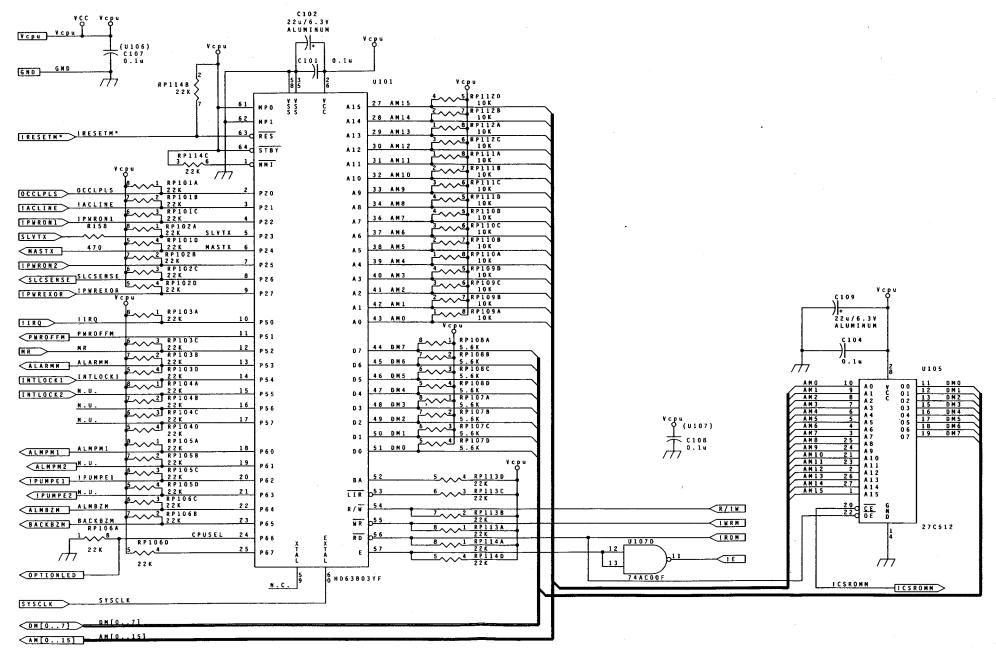


Figure 10-6. Master CPU Block (P/O CPU Board)

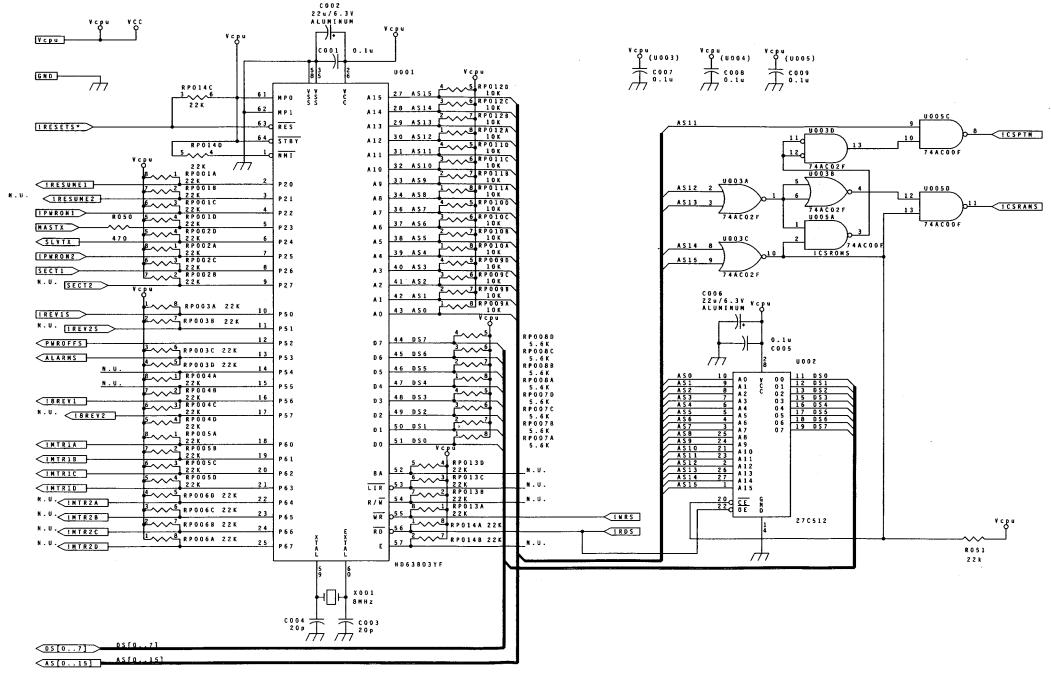
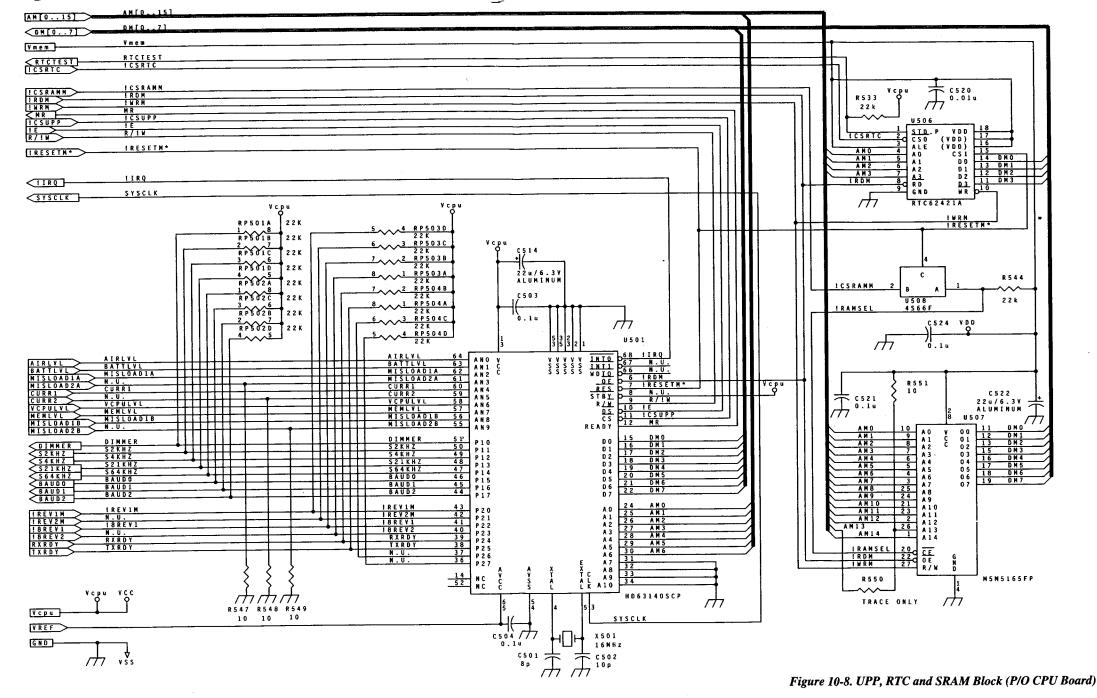


Figure 10-7. Slave CPU Block (P/O CPU Board)



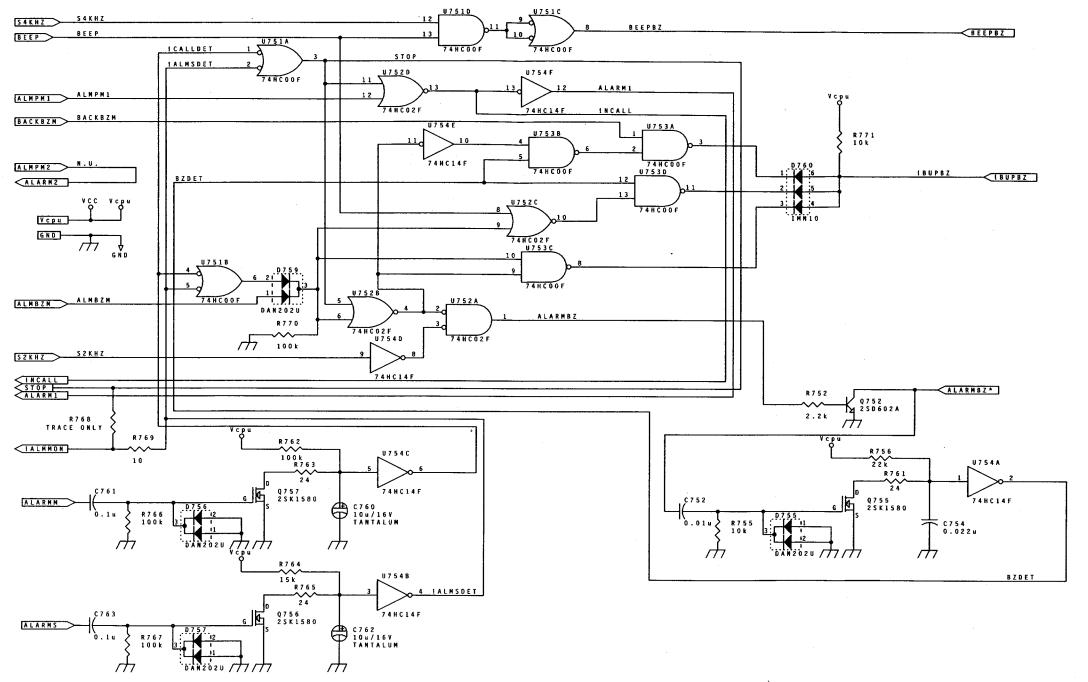


Figure 10-9. Alarm Control Circuit (P/O CPU Board)

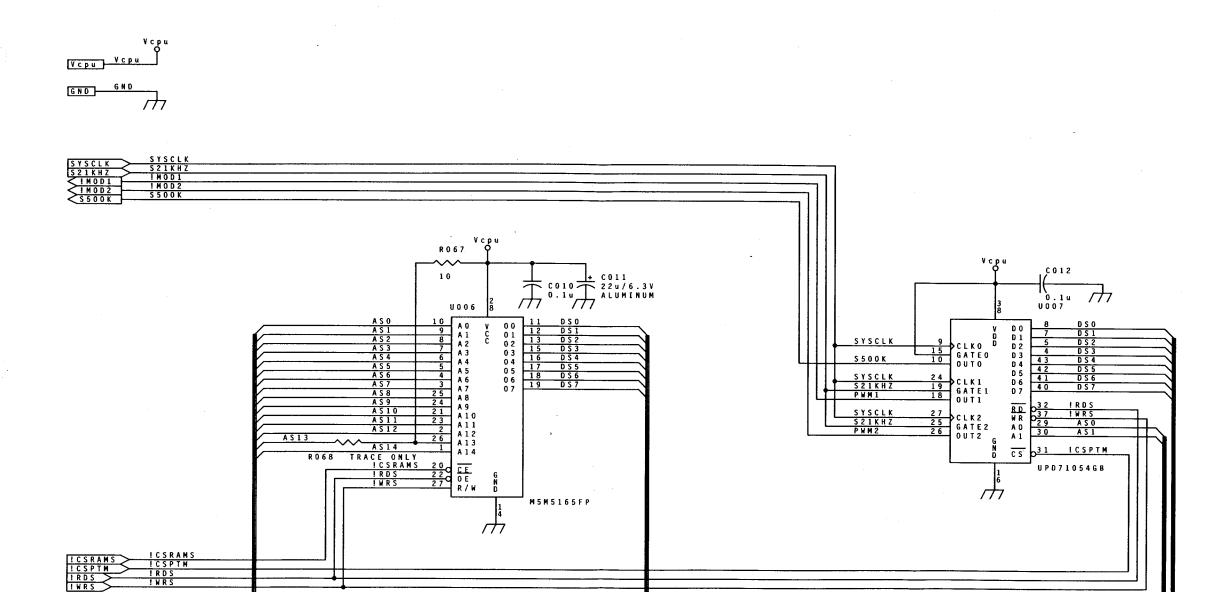


Figure 10-10. Slave RAM and PTM (P/O CPU Board)

! RDS ! WRS

AS[0..15]

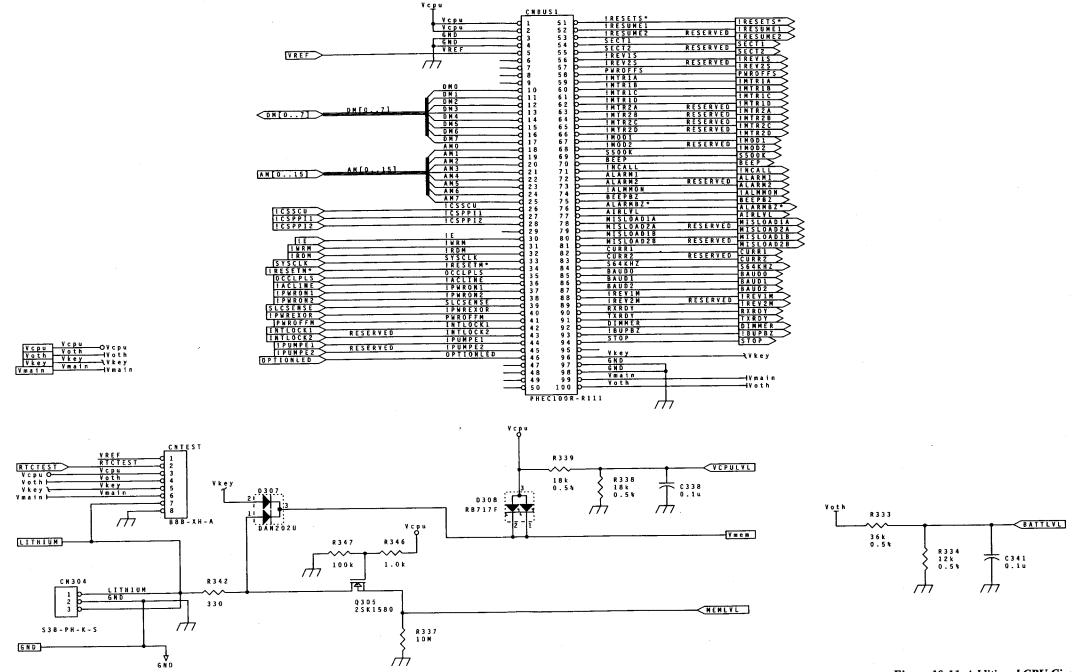


Figure 10-11. Additional CPU Circuitry

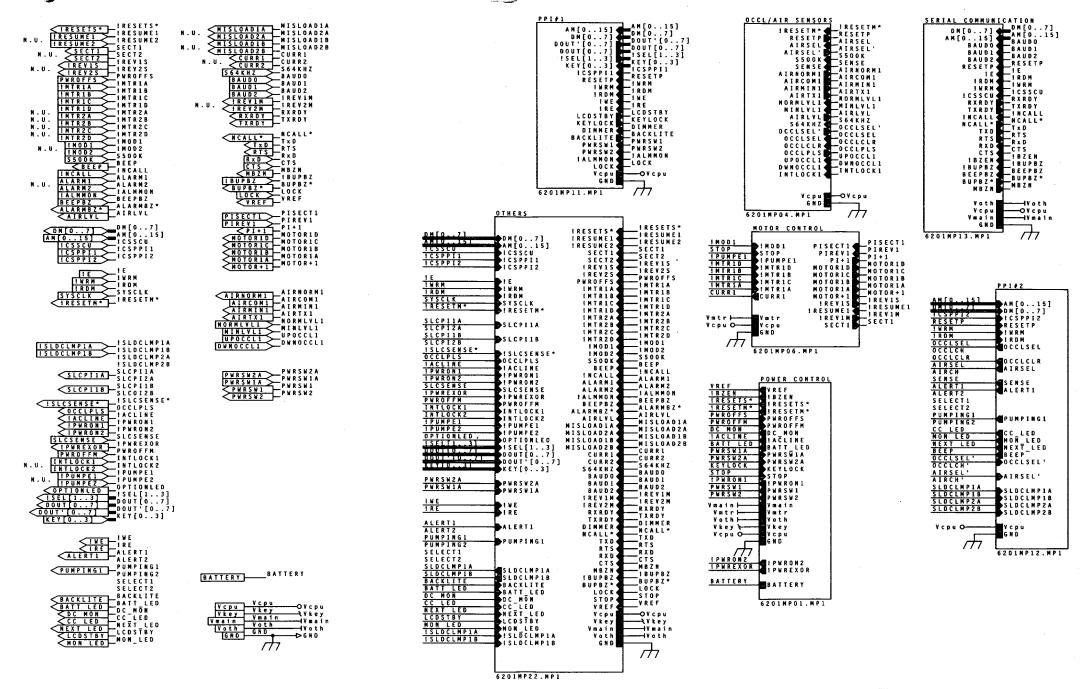


Figure 10-12. Sensor Board Block Diagram

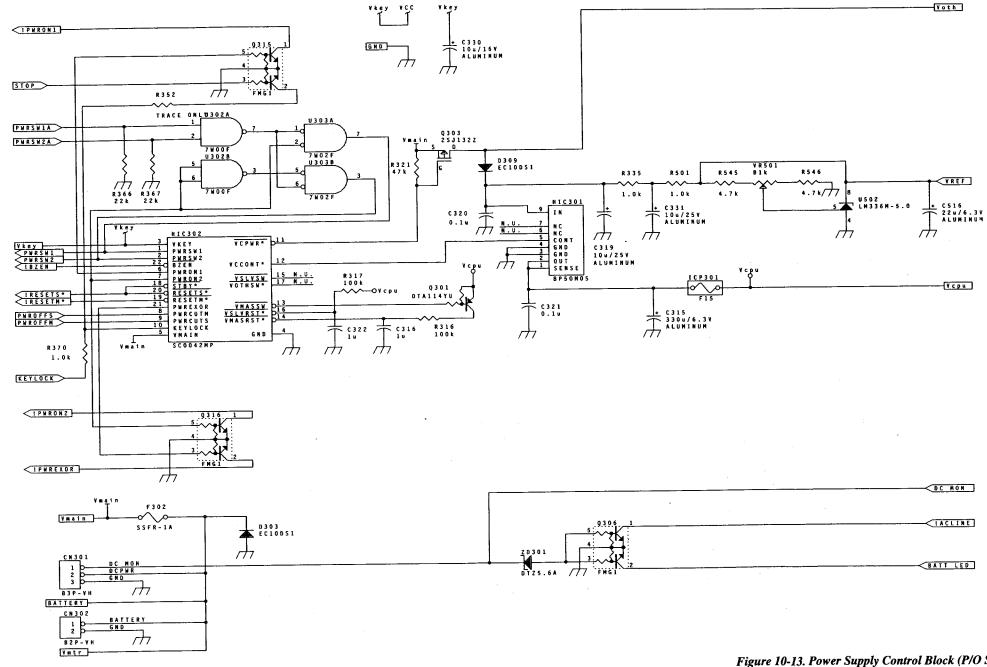


Figure 10-13. Power Supply Control Block (P/O Sensor Board)

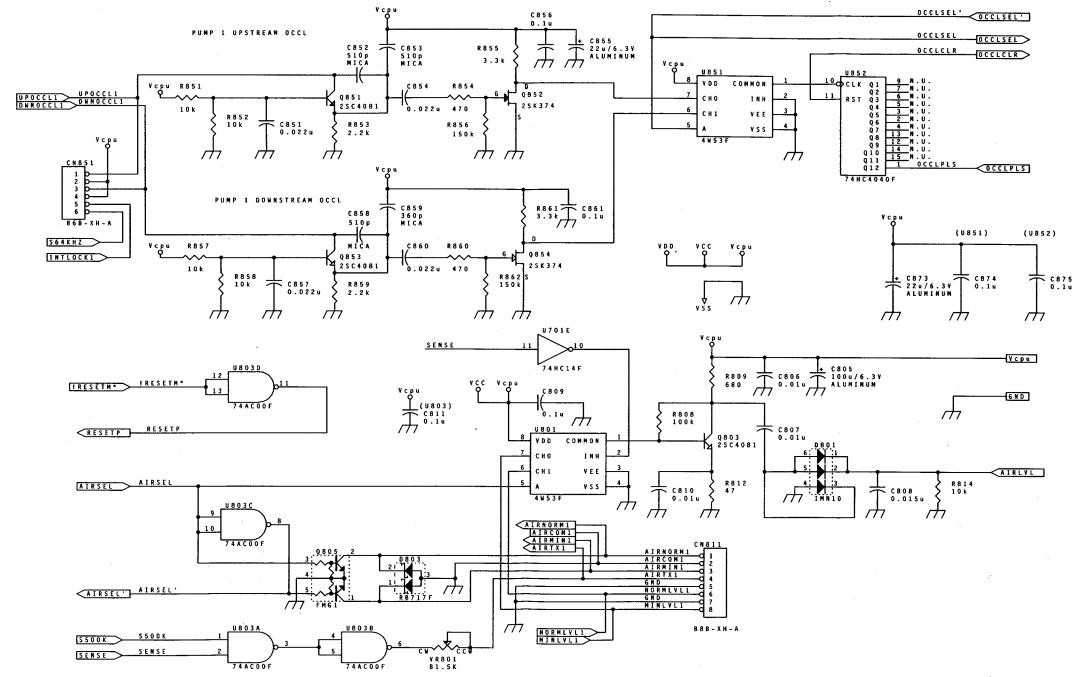


Figure 10-14. Occlusion Sensing Block (P/O Sensor Board)

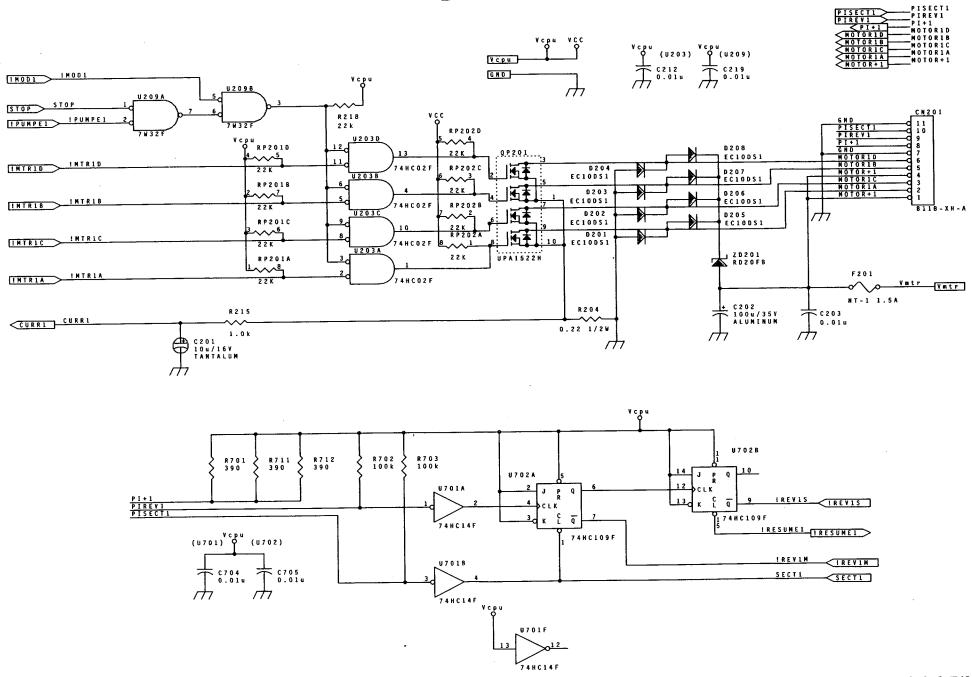


Figure 10-15. Motor Control Block (P/O Sensor Board)

PISECT1 PIREV1 PI+1

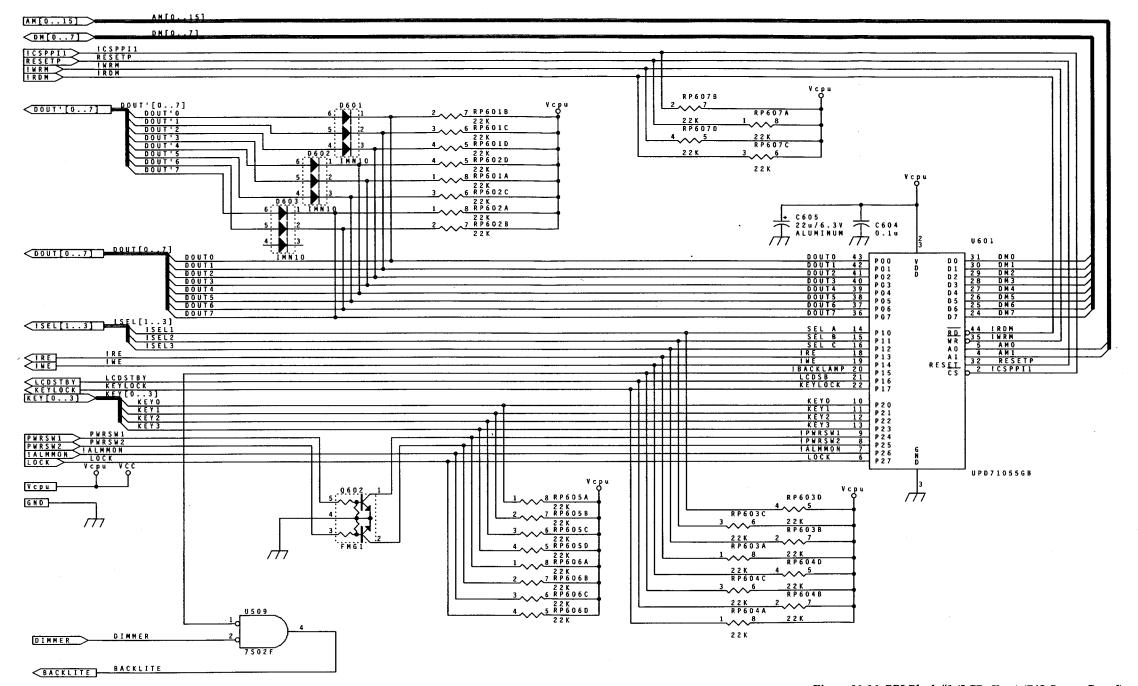


Figure 10-16. PPI Block #1 (LCD, Keys) (P/O Sensor Board)

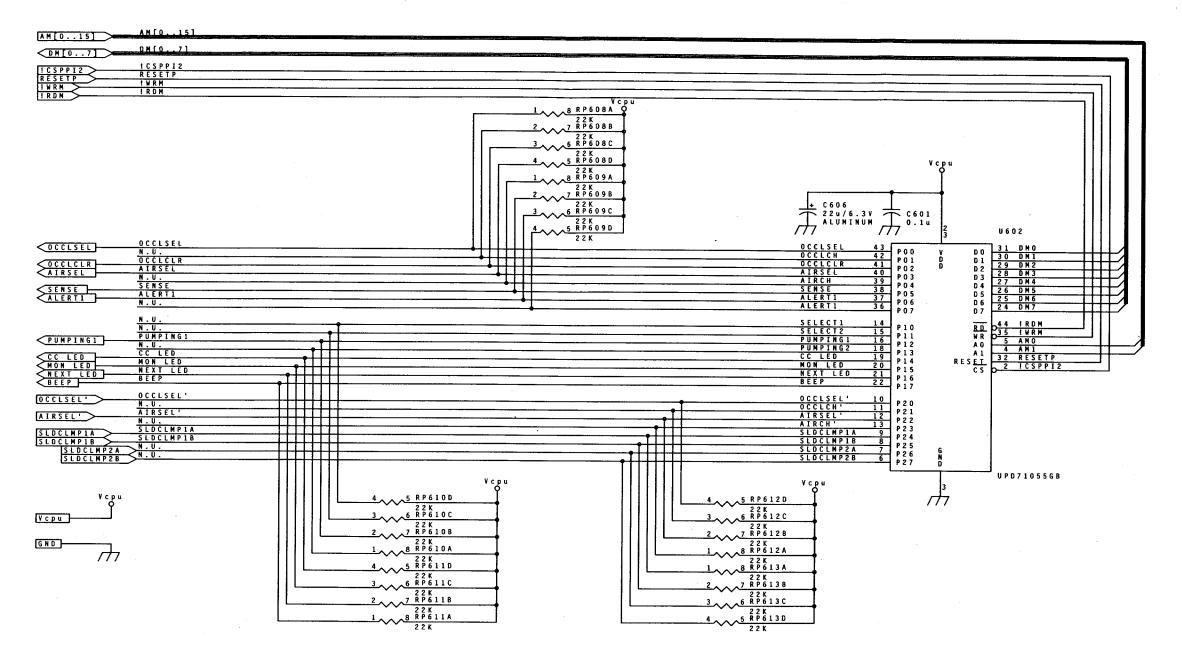


Figure 10-17. PPI Block #2 (P/O Sensor Board)

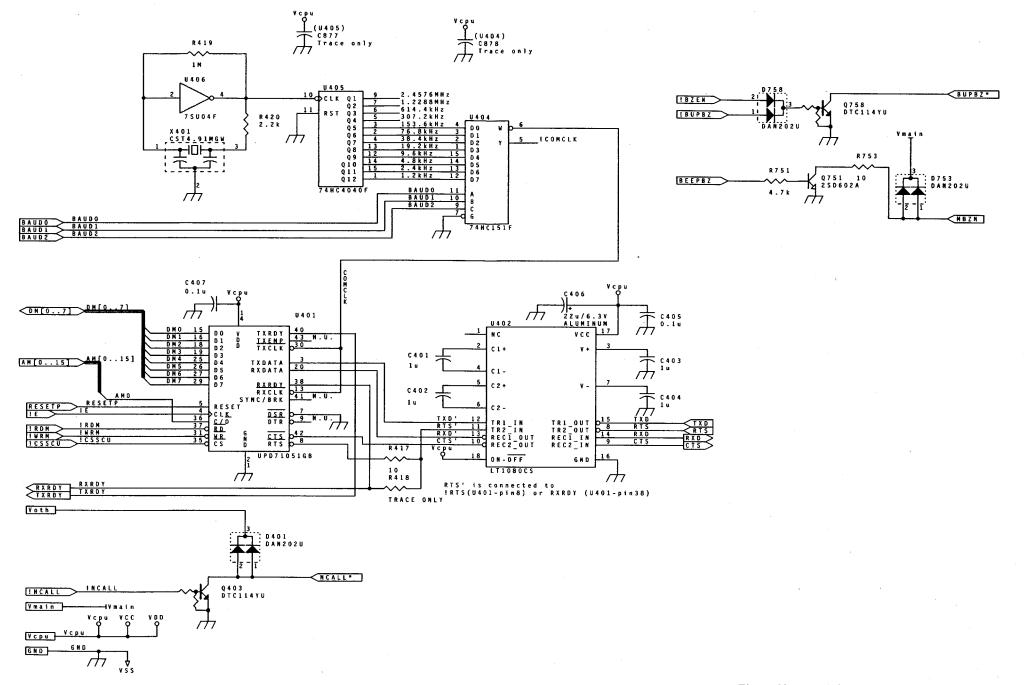


Figure 10-18. Serial Communication Block (P/O Sensor Board)

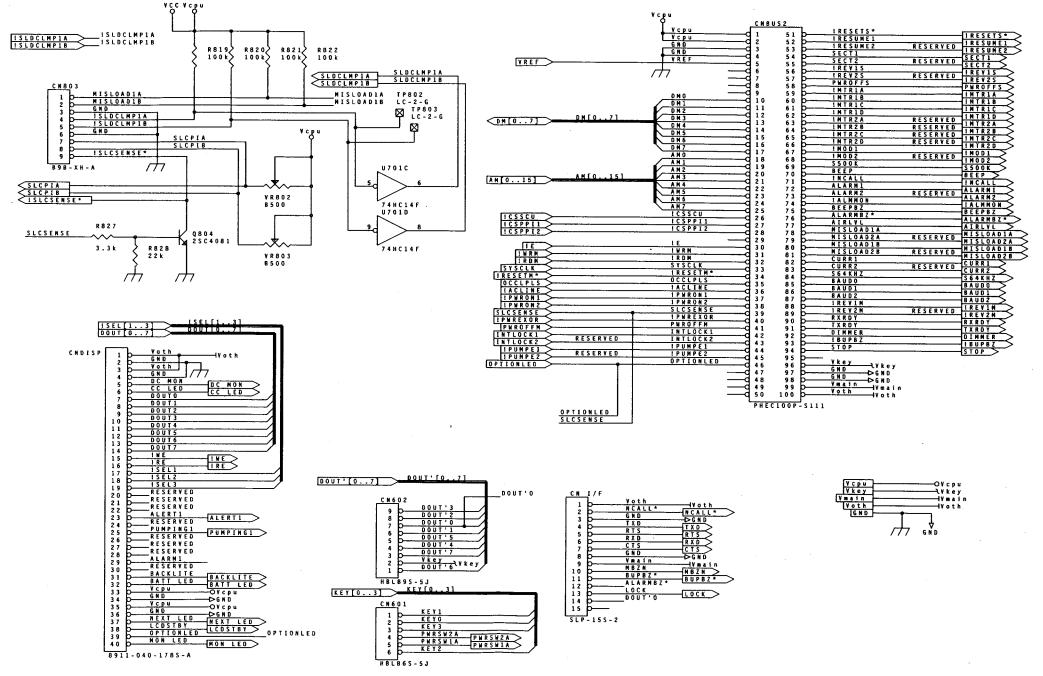


Figure 10-19. Additional Sensor Board Circuitry

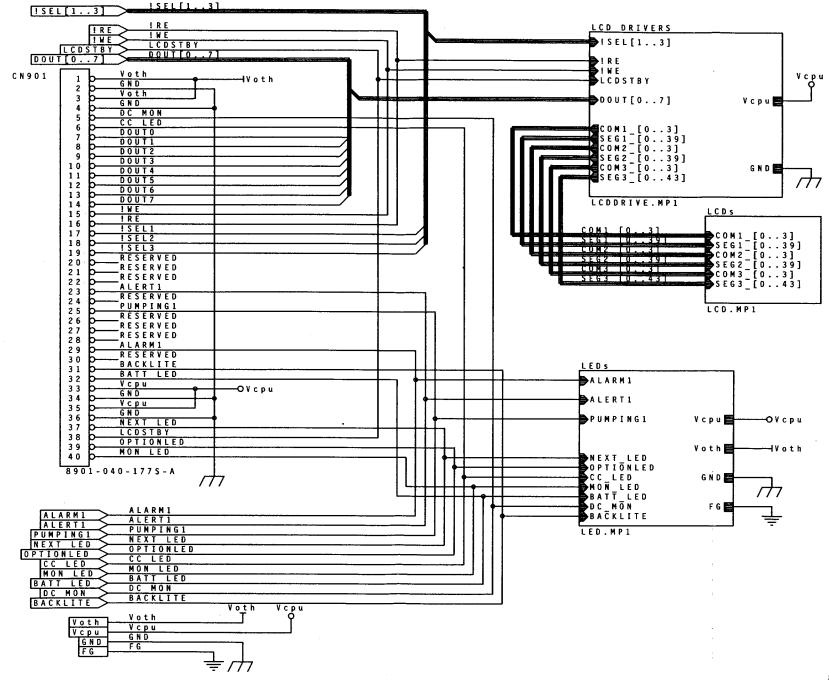


Figure 10-20. Display Board

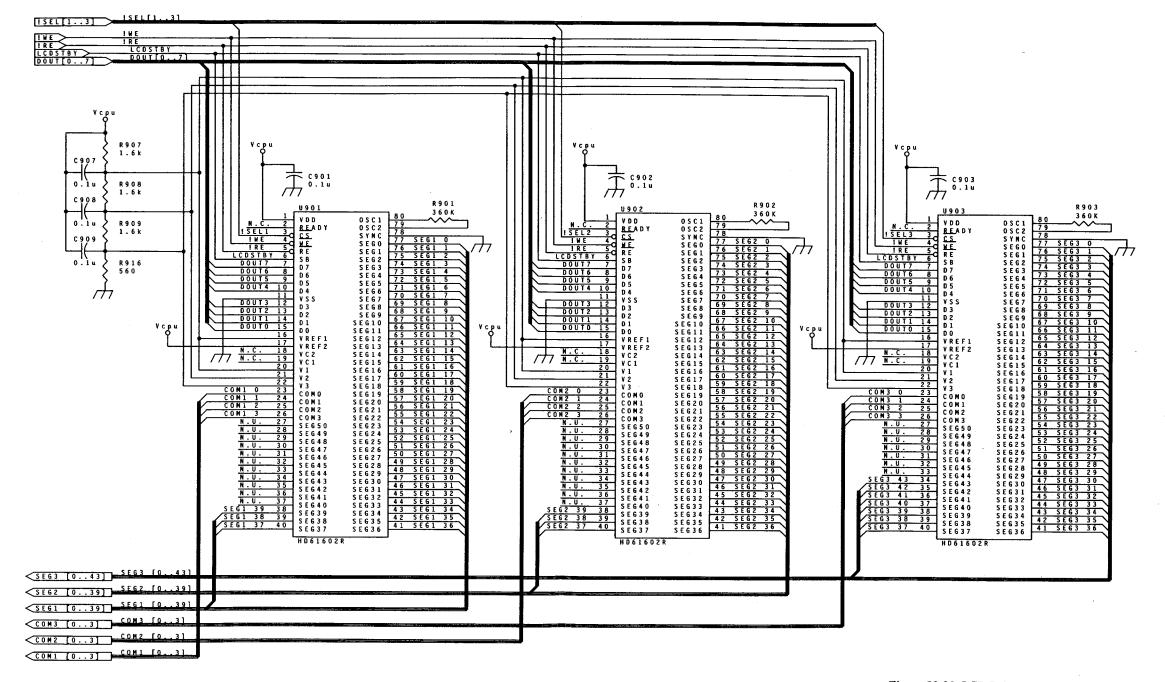


Figure 10-21. LCD Drivers (P/O Display Board)

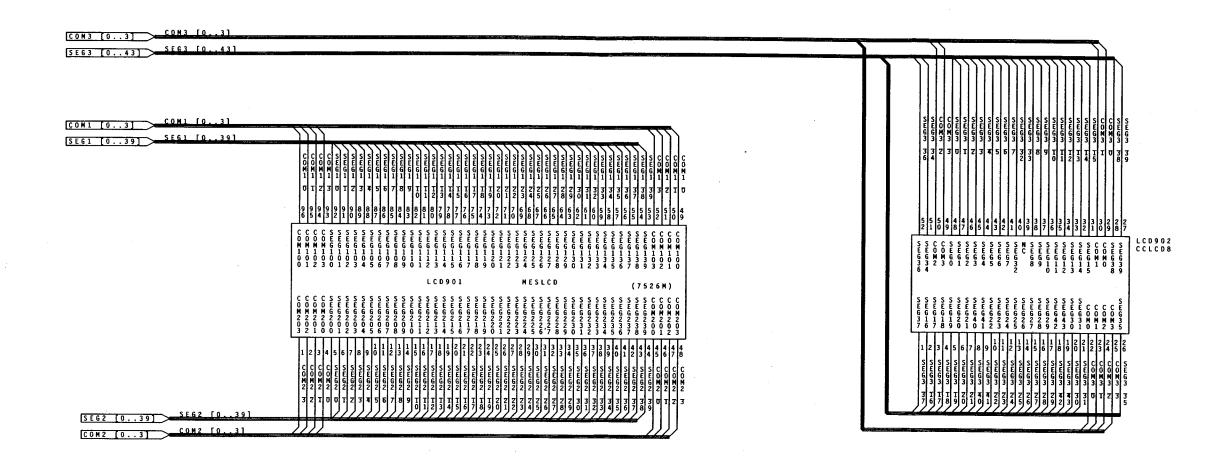
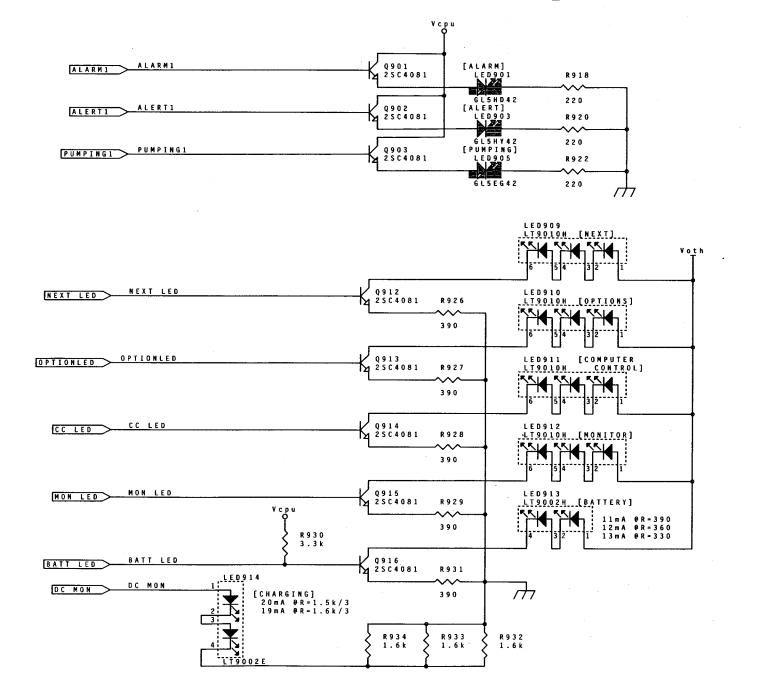


Figure 10-22. Liquid Crystal Displays (P/O Display Board)



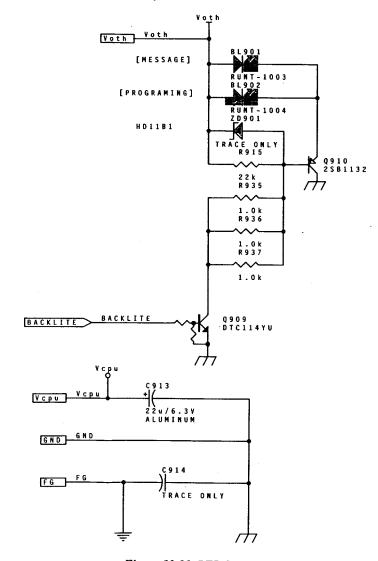


Figure 10-23. LED Lamps (P/O Display Board)

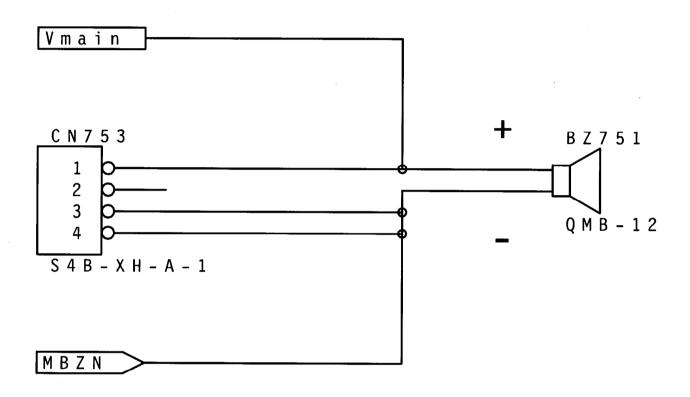


Figure 10-24. Audible Alarm Board

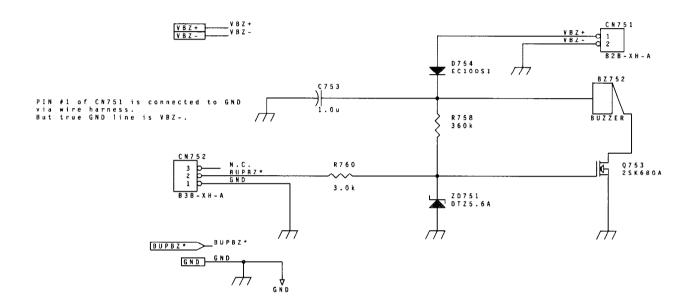
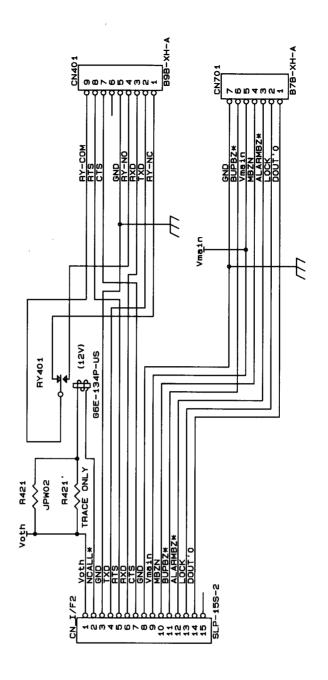


Figure 10-25. Backup Buzzer Board



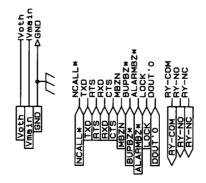
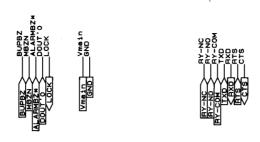


Figure 10-26. Terminal Board



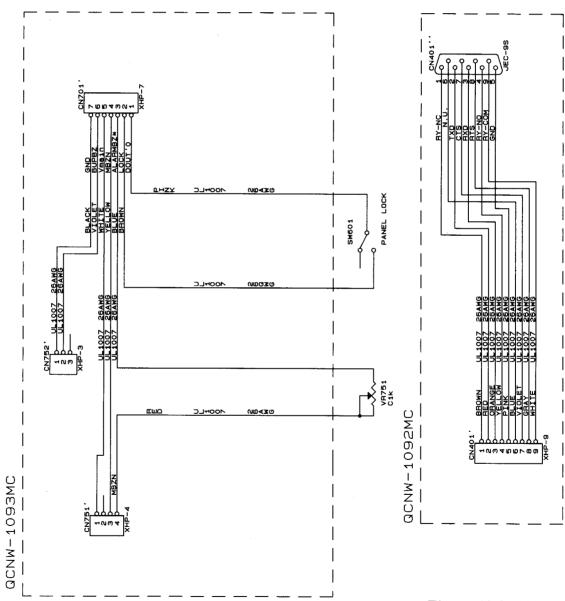
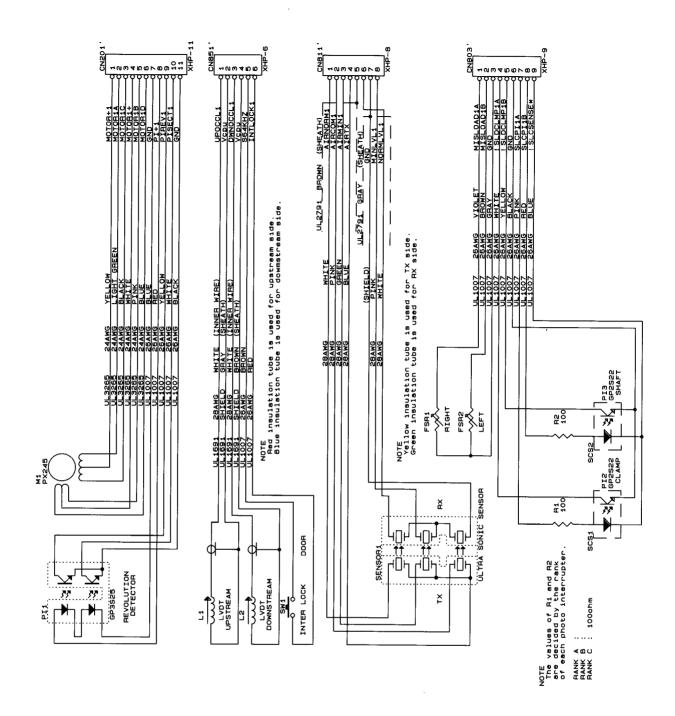
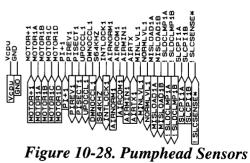
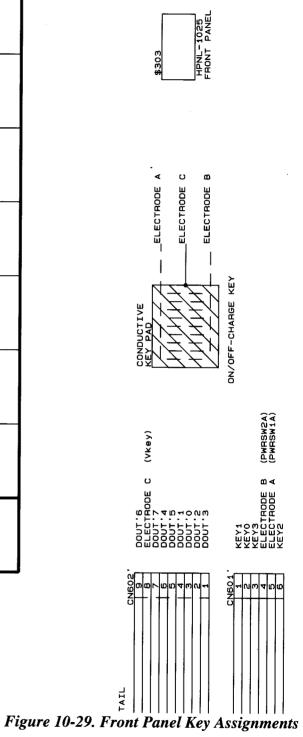


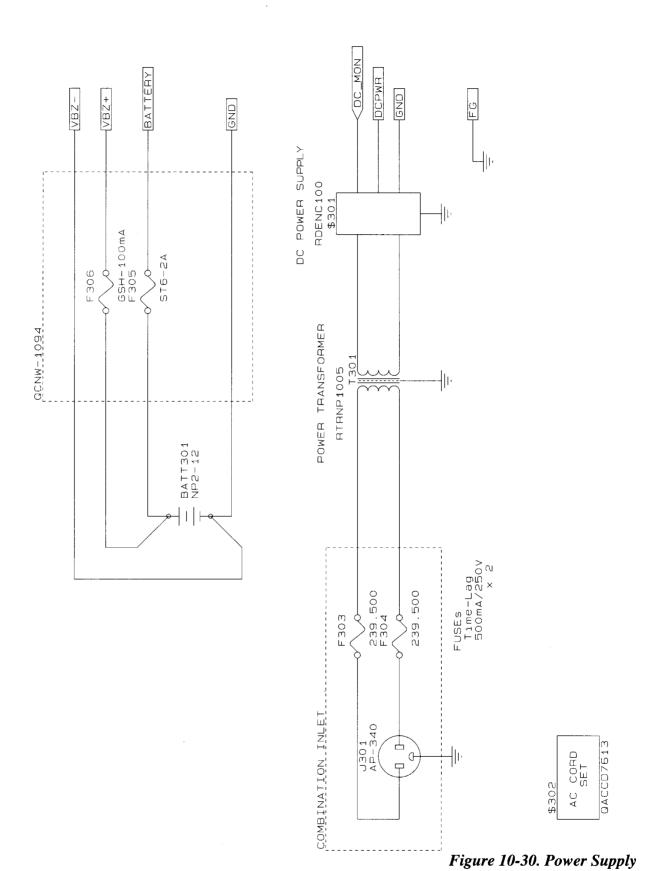
Figure 10-27. Accessories





БООТО		PRI RATE	TOT VOL STATUS	7
DOUT1	STOP	PRI VTBI	CLEAR TOT VOL	ω
DOUTE		PRI START	SILENCE	מו
роптэ		OPTIONS	BACK	4
DOUT4		SEC RATE	CLEAR	m
D0UT5		SEC	TIME	ุณ
DOUTE		SEC START	Ø	1
DOUT7			8	0
	KEY3	KEY2	KEY1	KEYO





# Data Sheet, Flo-Gard®6201 Volumetric Infusion Pump (2M8063)

This data sheet should be used to record the results obtained when performing the Operational Checkout of the device. The configuration option settings can also be recorded.

Device Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_\_ Configuration Option Settings

Options	Factory Set Values	Modified Configuration to:
OCCLUSION	1: LEVEL 1	1() 2() 3()
AUDIB SWI	1: 0FF	ON() OFF()
AUTO RES	3	
DOOR OPEN	1: OFF	ON() OFF()
AIR SIZE	1: NORM	NORM() MIN()
ALARM INT	1	
ALERT INT	7	
MAX RATE	1999	
MAX VTBI	9999	
FLOW CHECK	1: OFF	ON() OFF()
BAUD RATE	5: 9600	
COMP CONT	1: DISABLED	DISABLED () OFF W ALRM () ON W ALRM ()
HAD	0: no message	
CLOSE CLMP	2: ON	OFF() ON()
INS CLAMP Note: The alert or alarm option is available only on pumps run- ning software versions 1.09 or later.	1: OFF	OFF () ON () for software versions earlier than 1.09 ALERT () for software versions 1.09 or later ALARM () for software versions 1.09 or later
PDP Note: Ramp PDP is available only on pumps running software versions 1.09 or later.	1: DISABLED	DISABLED () FIVE HOUR () SEMI PERM () PERM () RAMP PDP ()

Options	Factory Set Values	Modified Configuration to:
TIME SET	Central Standard Time	
DATE SET	Current date for Central	
	Standard Time	

### Air Sensor Calibration Values - Section 5.3.2

Descriptor	Window Displayed	Acceptable Value	Tubing Loaded Pump Door Closed	Results	
NORM and MIN	PRI RATE and PRI VTBI	330-565 (new)	Yes	Pass	Fail
NORM and MIN	PRI RATE and PRI VTBI	400-650 (old)	Yes	Pass	Fail
NORM and MIN	PRI RATE and PRI VTBI	11 or less	Yes	Pass	Fail

## **Operational Checkout - Section 7**

Paragraph	Test	Results		
7.3.2.2	Self-Test Self-Test	Pass	Fail	
7.3.2.3	Primary Infusion Test	Pass	Fail	
7.3.3	<b>DOOR OPEN</b> message and audible alarm occur when door is opened during infusion	Pass	Fail	
7.3.4	Pump alarms for air bubble NORM > 110 $\mu$ L ( ) or MIN > 85 $\mu$ L ( )	Pass	Fail	
7.3.5	Drive defect/Occlusion check	Pass	Fail	
7.3.6	Downstream occlusion detected	Pass	Fail	
7.3.6	Downstream Occlusion Sensor Calibration Value (2967 - 3039 with thickness gauge in place)	Pass	Fail	
7.3.7	Upstream occlusion detected	Pass	Fail	
7.3.7	Upstream Occlusion Sensor Calibration Value (3242 - 3314 with thickness gauge in place)	Pass	Fail	
7.3.7	Upstream Occlusion Sensor Calibration Value (3080 or less without thickness gauge installed)	Pass	Fail	
7.3.8	BATTERY ICON appears when pump is unplugged during operation and the pump continues to operate while unplugged	Pass	Fail	
7.3.8	BATTERY ICON disappears and PLUG ICON illuminates when pump is plugged back in	Pass	Fail	
7.3.9	Loc message appears when PANEL LOCK switch is pressed	Pass	Fail	
7.3.9	Front panel keys are not accepted while panel lock is in effect	Pass	Fail	
7.3.9	Loc message disappears when PANEL LOCK switch is pressed again	Pass	Fail	
7.3.9	Front panel keys are accepted after PANEL LOCK switch is disabled	Pass	Fail	
7.3.10	Safety clamp prevents free flow	Pass	Fail	
7.3.11	Alarm volume operates	Pass	Fail	
7.3.12	Slide clamp enabled	Yes	No	
7.3.12	If the slide clamp option is disabled, spring retainer occupies slide clamp slot	Pass	Fail	
7.3.12	If slide clamp option is enabled, slide clamp operates correctly	Pass	Fail	
7.3.13	Leakage current is 50 microamps or less	Pass	Fail	
7.3.13	Ground impedance is <b>0.15 ohm or less</b>	Pass	Fail	

## **Multiple Key Combinations**

The following multiple key combinations can be used to initiate sequences on the pump. See the appropriate sections for details regarding the proper use of these combinations. An example of the standard convention used in this table is given below.

Key combination: LOCK + STOP + ON/OFF CHARGE

Action: Press and hold the LOCK key, while simultaneously pressing the STOP and ON/OFF

**CHARGE** key, then release all of the keys.

#### **Multiple Key Combinations**

Sequence	Key Combination	Section
Alarm Log	SILENCE + TOT VOL STATUS	5.1
(Failure identification codes)	Press CLR TOT VOL again within 3 seconds.The	
	display will scroll backwards through the alarm codes	
	and automatically exit at the end.	
Flow Check	"." + TOT VOL STATUS When the keys are released,	Table 1-1
	the display will disapear 10 seconds later.	
Modify Configuration	LOCK + STOP + ON/OFF CHARGE	Table 1-1
View Configuration	TIME + TOT VOL STATUS	1.5.1
Software Version	SILENCE + ON/OFF CHARGE	N/A
Calibration Test Mode 1	CLR/TOT VOL + 1 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.1
Calibration Test Mode 2	CLR/TOT VOL + 2 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.2
Mfg Test Mode 3	CLR/TOT VOL + 3 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.3
Aging Test Mode 4	CLR/TOT VOL + 4 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.4
Display Check Test Mode 5	CLR/TOT VOL + 5 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.5
Time Information Test Mode 6	CLR/TOT VOL + 6 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.6
Pumping Sensor Monitoring Mode 7	CLR/TOT VOL + 7 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.7
Air Sensor Test Mode 8	CLR/TOT VOL + 8 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.8
Elapsed Time Test Mode 9	CLR/TOT VOL + 9 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.9
Downstream Occlusion Test Mode 0	CLR/TOT VOL + 0 + ON/OFF CHARGE	5.3.10

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